

STATE OF ILLINOIS OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

William G. Holland, Auditor General

SUMMARY REPORT DIGEST

ILLINOIS STATE TOLL HIGHWAY AUTHORITY

Financial Audit and Compliance Examination For the Year Ended December 31, 2014 Release Date: June 30, 2015

FINDINGS THIS AUDIT: 7				AGING SCHEDULE OF REPEATED FINDINGS			
	New	Repeat	<u>Total</u>	Repeated Since	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3
Category 1:	0	0	0	2013		14-5	
Category 2:	2	5	7	2011		14-1, 14-2,	
Category 3:	_0	0	0	2011		14-3, 14-4	
TOTAL	2	5	7				
FINDINGS LAST AUDIT: 6							

SYNOPSIS

- (14-1) The Tollway does not have adequate financial systems to prepare its annual financial statements and significant manual effort is required to prepare the annual financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- (14-3) The Tollway has not established adequate internal controls over accurately identifying and recording period end payable transactions for financial reporting purposes.
- (14-4) The Tollway did not adequately document the rationale to support scores awarded to vendor proposals.

Category 1: Findings that are material weaknesses in internal control and/or a qualification on compliance with State laws and regulations (material noncompliance).
Category 2: Findings that are significant deficiencies in internal control and noncompliance with State laws and regulations.
Category 3: Findings that have no internal control issues but are in noncompliance with State laws and regulations.

{Financial data is summarized on the reverse page.}

ILLINOIS STATE TOLL HIGHWAY AUTHORITY FINANCIAL AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE EXAMINATION For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS (GAAP Basis)	2014	2013				
Operating Revenues						
Toll Revenue	\$ 968,971,925	\$ 943,152,070				
Toll Evasion Recovery	53,769,282	54,220,590				
Concessions	2,096,881	2,305,563				
Miscellaneous	17,982,788	17,238,843				
Total Operating Revenues	1,042,820,876	1,016,917,066				
Operating Expenses						
Depreciation and Amortization	308,835,872	308,869,419				
Services and Toll Collection	115,778,783	116,319,349				
Insurance and Employee Benefits	91,082,480	86,277,850				
Engineering and Maintenance of Roadway and Structures	53,850,571	47,314,811				
Traffic Control, Safety Patrol, and Radio Communications	25,503,136	22,554,755				
Procurement, IT, Finance and Administration	28,322,665	24,325,930				
Total Operating Expenses	623,373,507	605,662,114				
Operating Income	419,447,369	411,254,952				
Total Nonoperating (Expenses)	(187,078,474)	(206,482,845)				
Change in Net Position	232,368,895	204,772,107				
Net Position, beginning of year	2,246,335,592	2,041,563,485				
Net Position, end of year	\$ 2,478,704,487	\$ 2,246,335,592				
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNT BALANCES (GAAP Basis)	2014	2013				
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Unrestricted)	\$ 898,262,170	\$ 812,039,408				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted for Debt Service	\$ 465,390,500	\$ 456,057,686				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - I-PASS Accounts	\$ 167,097,111	\$ 164,702,419				
Accounts Receivable - Current (net)	\$ 9,808,640	\$ 8,795,293				
Accounts Receivable Less Current Portion	\$ 138,551,087	\$ 108,265,566				
Capital Assets	\$ 6,235,314,815	\$ 5,429,506,171				
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 5,417,187,765	\$ 4,519,586,373				
Total Net Position	\$ 2,478,704,487	\$ 2,246,335,592				
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR						
During Audit Period : Kristi Lafleur	6					
Currently: Greg Bedalov						

FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS

NEED TO IMPROVE FINANCIAL	REPORTING
SYSTEMS	

The Tollway does not have adequate financial systems to prepare its annual financial statements and significant manual effort to prepare the annual financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

During our audit, we noted the Tollway uses several standalone applications to track its financial transactions in accordance with provisions of the trust indentures. The financial data from each financial application is summarized and manually entered into two applications which are used as a general ledger. Several manual reconciliation procedures are required to ensure the information in the general ledger nancial applications.

onciled, a data file is pplications and is imported ed to create a trial balance. al applications is recorded st indentures, several top the trial balance to GAAPsult, the preparation of the mely time consuming and ement to ensure the ity with GAAP.

e applications used in the ss, including one of the have mechanisms to: ons, track specific user views of transactions process for approving me consuming.

financial reporting result in financial reporting 1 processes errors and untimely preparation of the annual financial statements. (Finding 1, pages 11-12) This finding was first reported in 2011.

We recommended the Tollway review the adequacy of its existing financial systems and consider automating its financial reporting process.

Tollway management agreed with the recommendation and stated they were pursuing an ERP system. (For the previous Tollway response see Digest Footnote #1.)

	applications agrees to the various fin
Financial statement preparation i extremely time consuming	Once this information has been reco generated from the general ledger ap into another application which is us Since the information in the financia based upon the provisions of the tru side entries are required to convert the based financial statements. As a rest annual financial statements is extrem requires significant effort by manag statements are prepared in conformi
	Additionally, we noted several of th Tollway's financial reporting proces general ledger applications, do not h restrict access for posting transactio activity, or evidence supervisory rev activity. Therefore, the Tollway's p journal entries is also manual and time
	The manual nature of the Tollway's systems and related processes may u

Financial systems need to be

improved

Need to improve controls over the reporting of accounts payable

Expenses were not recorded in the proper fiscal year

Tollway agrees with the auditors

INADEQUATE YEAR END PAYABLES PROCESS

The Tollway has not established adequate internal controls over accurately identifying and recording period end payable transactions for financial reporting purposes.

During our audit we noted the Tollway's year end accounts payable procedures include specifically reviewing cash disbursements made subsequent to year end to determine which accounting period the related expense transaction pertained through the end of January. Additionally, each Tollway department works with its vendors to obtain estimated or actual fiscal year end billings prior to the end of January.

We reviewed 156 cash disbursements subsequent to year end (totaling \$112,062,689). During our review of these transactions we noted the following items were not recorded to the proper accounting period:

- One contractual services expenditure totaling \$34,974 was erroneously accrued twice to fiscal year 2014.
- One administrative expenditure related to trustee fees totaling \$29,333 which pertained to fiscal year 2015 was recorded as expense in fiscal year 2014.
- One roadway maintenance expenditure totaling \$16,996 which pertained to fiscal year 2014 was recorded in fiscal year 2015.
- One computer software expenditure totaling \$9,800 which pertained to fiscal year 2015 was recorded as expense in fiscal year 2014.

Failure to accurately identify and record period end accounts payable transactions may result in the misstatement of the Tollway's financial statements. (Finding 3, pages 15-16) **This finding was first reported in 2011.**

We recommended the Tollway review its current process to assess the completeness of its expense accruals at year end and consider changes necessary to ensure all period end accounts payable are accurately identified and recorded.

Tollway management agreed with the recommendation and stated they were pursuing an ERP system. (*For the previous Tollway response see Digest Footnote #2.*)

PROCUREMENT: LACK OF EVALUATION COMMENTS The Tollway did not adequately document the rationale to support scores awarded to vendor proposals. Need to improve documentation During procurement testing we selected a sample of 40 procurements executed by the Tollway during the year ended December 31, 2014. The 40 procurements tested were estimated, with renewals, to be approximately \$527 million. Four of the opportunities (with awards estimated at \$49 million) were procured using a Request for Proposal (RFP)for goods and services and the other 36 opportunities (with awards estimated at \$478 million) were either procured as State-use contracts, engineering professional service contracts, or awarded to the lowest bidder. We noted inadequate evaluation comments for contracts executed in March and July 2014. Specifically, we noted for one contract that one of five evaluators did not complete 5 of 16 criteria. We also noted for the second contract that one of Some of the criteria for scoring were not completed six evaluators did not complete 2 of 24 criteria. The Tollway's Evaluation Guidelines for RFP requires an evaluator's total score be supported by and consistent with appropriate comments in each category. Failure to provide thorough and appropriate comments relative to how scores were assigned to evaluation criteria is in violation with the Tollway's procurement procedures and prevents an independent reviewer from assessing whether the appropriate vendor was awarded the contract. (Finding 4, page 17) This finding was first reported in 2011. We recommended the Tollway take the necessary steps to ensure that procurement evaluation criteria are followed and appropriately documented by all evaluators when awarding State contracts. Such steps should include ensuring that evaluators submit thorough and appropriate comments to support scores awarded for evaluation criteria and following up with evaluation team members who fail to document such comments. Tollway management agreed with the recommendation and stated that evaluation guidelines were enhanced and implemented to include additional oversight and monitoring. Tollway agrees with the auditors (For the previous Tollway response see Digest Footnote #3.) **OTHER FINDINGS** The remaining findings are reportedly being given attention by the Tollway. Auditors will review the Tollway's progress towards the implementation of all recommendations in the

next engagement.

AUDITORS' OPINION

Our auditors stated the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority's financial statements as of December 31, 2014 and for the year then ended were presented fairly in all material respects.

ACCOUNTANT'S OPINION

The accountants conducted a compliance examination of the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2014, as required by the Illinois State Auditing Act. The auditors stated the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the requirements described in the report.

AND Auditor General

WGH:TLK

SPECIAL ASSISTANT AUDITORS

Our Special Assistant Auditors for this engagement were KPMG LLP.

DIGEST FOOTNOTE

#1 - INADEQUATE FINANCIAL REPORTING SYSTEMS

2013: The Tollway concurs with the auditors' recommendation and is pursuing an ERP system.

#2 - INADEQUATE YEAR END PAYABLES PROCESS

2013: The Tollway concurs with the auditor's recommendation and is pursuing an ERP system to include improved and automated controls concerning accounts payable.

<u>#3 - PROCUREMENT: LACK OF EVALUATION</u> <u>COMMENTS</u>

2013: The Tollway concurs with the auditors' recommendation. Evaluation guidelines were enhanced and implemented on November 16, 2012 as a result of a prior year audit finding.