

Annual Financial Report

June 30, 2014

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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Paula Allen-Meares	

Annual Financial Report June 30, 2014

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UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS

Urbana-Champaign ● Chicago ● Springfield

Office of Vice President/Chief Financial Officer, Comptroller 349 Henry Administration Building 506 South Wright Street Urbana, IL 61801

December 19, 2014

Holders of University of Illinois

Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds
and The Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois:

I am pleased to transmit the Annual Financial Report of the University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This report supplements the financial statements of the University of Illinois presented in the Annual Financial Report.

The 2014 financial statements and accompanying notes appearing on pages 4 through 27 have been audited by KPMG LLP, Independent Certified Public Accountants, as special assistants to the Auditor General of the State of Illinois, whose report on the financial statements appears on pages 2 and 3.

KPMG LLP will also prepare a report for the year ended June 30, 2014, containing special data requested by the Auditor General and another report covering their audit of the compliance of the University with applicable state and federal laws and regulations for the year ended June 30, 2014. These reports, which include some data related to the Health Services Facilities System, are not contained herein and are primarily for the use of the Auditor General and state and federal agencies.

Very truly yours,

Walter K. Knorr

Vice President/Chief Financial Officer,

Waln Killen

Comptroller



KPMG LLP Aon Center Suite 5500 200 East Randolph Drive Chicago, IL 60601-6436

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable William G. Holland Auditor General of the State of Illinois and The Board of Trustees University of Illinois:

Report on the Financial Statements

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General of the State of Illinois, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of the University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System (the System), a segment of the University of Illinois, which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014, and the related statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The System's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements of the System are intended to present the financial position, the changes in its financial position, and cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities of the University of Illinois that are attributable to the transactions of the System relating to complying with the requirements of the indentures for the System's Revenue Bonds. The financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the University of Illinois as of June 30, 2014, or the changes in its financial position or its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Additionally, as discussed in note 1(o) to the financial statements, in 2014, the System adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the System's 2013 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated December 20, 2013. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived, with the exception of the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 as discussed in the *Emphasis of Matters* paragraph immediately preceding this section.

Required Supplementary Information

Management of the System has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2014, on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Chicago, Illinois December 19, 2014

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for June 30, 2013)

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	2014	2013
Current assets:			
Claim on cash and on pooled investments	\$	161,634,663	136,948,514
Restricted claim on cash and on pooled investments, required for current		- , ,	
liabilities		1,148,890	89,607
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		5,932	6,276
Accrued investment income		512,900	425,177
Patient accounts receivable, net		115,244,807	132,862,952
Other receivables		9,363,605	10,172,437
Inventories		5,799,381	5,820,828
Prepaid expenses, deposits, and other assets	_	701,512	3,717,547
Total current assets	_	294,411,690	290,043,338
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted claim on cash and on pooled investments – less amount required for			
current liabilities disclosed above		8,591,077	8,871,653
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		4,001,804	, ,
Restricted investments		41,014,693	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		186,123,445	168,237,468
Total noncurrent assets	_	239,731,019	177,109,121
Deferred outflows of resources		6,686,539	7,251,531
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	540,829,248	474,403,990
Liabilities and Net Position			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	30,333,751	34,535,034
Accrued payroll		20,229,656	15,809,119
Accrued interest payable		1,154,822	106,312
Estimated third-party settlements		28,936,396	44,014,313
Unearned revenues		165,230	
Current maturities of long-term debt		5,231,217	6,642,026
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	_	2,783,092	2,729,102
Total current liabilities	-	88,834,164	103,835,906
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		124,843,532	56,630,508
Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion		20,247,857	21,292,661
Derivative instrument – swap liability	_	4,574,241	4,966,800
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	149,665,630	82,889,969
Total liabilities	_	238,499,794	186,725,875
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:		101,158,868	111,699,448
Expendable for capital projects		10,691,930	8,868,560
Expendable for debt service		3,511	3,094
Unrestricted	-	190,475,145	167,107,013
Total net position	_	302,329,454	287,678,115
Total liabilities and net position	\$	540,829,248	474,403,990

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

	_	2014	2013
Operating revenues: Net patient service revenues Other revenues	\$	547,813,660 57,104,575	559,155,265 50,141,988
Total operating revenues	_	604,918,235	609,297,253
Operating expenses: Salaries and wages Fringe benefits Supplies and general expenses Administrative services Depreciation and amortization	-	295,665,666 205,633,239 248,528,846 22,210,495 17,894,879	286,502,635 212,445,329 246,713,036 22,794,906 18,954,499
Total operating expenses	-	789,933,125	787,410,405
Operating loss	-	(185,014,890)	(178,113,152)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): On-behalf payments for fringe benefits State appropriations Transfer of State appropriations to the Illinois DHFS Hospital Services Fund Net increase in fair value of investments Interest on capital asset related debt Investment income (net of related expenses) Loss on disposal of capital assets Other nonoperating revenues, net	_	197,707,845 45,000,000 (45,000,000) 2,916,616 (2,026,174) 1,126,421 (458,961) 400,482	205,409,583 45,000,000 (45,000,000) 1,015,030 (1,785,906) 1,664,111 (129,892) 725,440
Net nonoperating revenues	-	199,666,229	206,898,366
Increase in net position	-	14,651,339	28,785,214
Net position, beginning of year		287,678,115	259,221,755
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	-		(328,854)
Net position, beginning of year, as adjusted (note 1(o))	-	287,678,115	258,892,901
Net position, end of year	\$	302,329,454	287,678,115

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

		2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities: Patient services Payments to suppliers Payments for administrative services Payments to employees Payments for benefits Other receipts	\$	550,353,890 (247,281,171) (22,210,495) (279,264,129) (8,916,208) 40,614,986	521,717,917 (240,095,529) (22,794,906) (277,800,317) (7,297,661) 34,299,333
Net cash provided by operating activities		33,296,873	8,028,837
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Other receipts	•	75,774	667,973
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	,	75,774	667,973
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from issuance of bonds Purchases of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt and leases Interest paid on capital debt and leases Payments on issuance of bonds		71,376,216 (27,112,614) (6,554,221) (3,891,724) (664,608)	(17,804,887) (6,261,369) (1,607,976)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		33,153,049	(25,674,232)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments Pooled cash allocated from University related to unrealized gains Purchases of investments Sales of investments		1,341,096 2,916,616 (69,850,940) 28,533,848	1,599,518 1,015,030
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(37,059,380)	2,614,548
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	•	29,466,316	(14,362,874)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		145,916,050	160,278,924
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	175,382,366	145,916,050

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

	2014	2013
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating		
activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (185,014,890)	(178,113,152)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided		
by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	17,894,879	18,954,499
Provision for uncollectible accounts	41,664,505	37,782,003
On-behalf payments for fringe benefits	197,707,845	205,409,583
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Patient receivables	(24,046,358)	(85,049,023)
Other receivables	808,832	(445,779)
Inventories	21,447	(113,658)
Prepaid expenses, deposits, and other assets	(55,140)	213,669
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	219,254	(177,062)
Estimated third-party settlements	(15,077,917)	9,829,672
Accrued compensated absences	(990,814)	(261,915)
Unearned revenues	165,230	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 33,296,873	8,028,837
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:		
On-behalf payments for fringe benefits	\$ 197,707,845	205,409,583
State appropriation	45,000,000	45,000,000
Transfers to Illinois DHFS Hospital Services Fund	(45,000,000)	(45,000,000)
Capital assets transferred from the University and other sources	901,511	57,467
Net interest capitalized	3,069,717	
Capital assets acquired through capital leases	2,084,800	3,440,695
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(458,961)	(129,892)
Other obligations incurred prior to capital assets placed in service		3,412,415
Capital assets placed in service subsequent to obligation incurrence	3,071,175	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organizational Background and Basis of Presentation

The University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System (System) comprises the University of Illinois Hospital (Hospital) and associated clinical facilities providing patient care at, but not limited to, the University of Illinois at Chicago Medical Center. The System is a tertiary care facility located primarily in Chicago, Illinois, offering a full range of clinical services. The System does not include the operations of the University of Illinois' Medical Service Plans or Colleges of Medicine. Management of the System is the responsibility of the University of Illinois (University).

The System was established by a Bond Resolution (Resolution) of the Board of Trustees (Board) of the University adopted on January 22, 1997. These financial statements have been prepared to satisfy the requirements of the 1997B, 2008 and 2013 bond indentures. The financial balances and activities of the System, included in these financial statements, are included in the University's financial statements. The financial statements of the System are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The System is not a separate legal entity and has not presented management's discussion and analysis.

The financial statements include certain prior year comparative information that has been derived from the System's 2013 financial statements. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the System's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65, as discussed in note 1(o), a restatement was made to the 2013 financial statement amounts. Specifically, the July 1, 2012 net position was restated to reflect the impact of writing off the unamortized bond issuance costs that were previously capitalized. Additionally, the 2013 Statement of Net Position was changed to reflect losses on refundings for the System's bonds as a deferred outflow of resources, as required by GASB Statement No. 65.

Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Financial Statement Presentation and Basis of Accounting

The System prepared its financial statements as a Business Type Activity, as defined by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities*, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Business Type Activities are those financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

Under the accrual basis, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Advances are classified as unearned revenues.

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(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Statement of Cash Flows details the change in the cash and cash equivalents balance for the fiscal year. Cash and all liquid investments with original maturities of ninety days or less are defined as cash and cash equivalents.

(c) Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices for most of the System's investments. Fair value for investments in limited partnerships and certain mutual funds is determined using net asset values as provided by external investment managers.

(d) Inventories

Inventories of pharmaceutical and other supplies are stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out method, or market.

(e) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at fair value at the date of a gift. Depreciation of the capital assets is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives (see below) of the respective assets. The System's policy requires the capitalization of land and collection purchases regardless of cost, equipment over \$5,000, software, easements, buildings and improvements over \$100,000 and infrastructure over \$1,000,000. The System does not capitalize collections of works of art or historical treasures held for public exhibition, education or research in furtherance of public service rather than capital gain, unless they were previously capitalized as of June 30, 1999. Proceeds from the sale, exchange or other disposal of any item belonging to a collection of works of art or historical treasures must be applied to the acquisition of additional items for the same collection.

Estimated useful lives for capital assets are as follows:

	Useful life (in years)		Useful life (in years)
Buildings:		Improvements other than buildings:	
Shell	50	Site improvements	20
Service systems	25	Infrastructure	25
Fixed equipment	15	Moveable equipment:	
Remodeling	25	Equipment	3 - 20
Intangibles:			
Software	5 - 10		

(f) Deferred Outflows of Resources

Under hedge accounting, the University has determined that the interest rate swap agreements on bonds payable, as hedging derivative instruments, are an effective hedge. Accordingly, changes in the fair values of the interest rate swaps, since being associated with the related outstanding bonds, are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the accompanying Statement of Net Position. Additionally, interest rate swaps reassigned to new debt, after a refunding of debt that the swap was previously hedging, normally have an other than zero fair value upon the reassociation. For swaps with a fair value of other than zero upon reassociation with a hedgeable item, the fair value is amortized as an adjustment to interest expense in a systematic manner.

With the adoption of GASB Statement No. 65 (Note 1(o)), losses on refundings for the System's bonds are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The losses on refundings are amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method. Deferred outflows of resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Deferred Outflows of Resources						
•	Beginning			Change in	Ending	
	balance	Additions	Deductions	fair value	balance	
HSFS Series 2008, interest						
rate swap agreement	\$ 3,929,431	78,300		(392,559)	3,615,172	
Unamortized deferred loss						
on refunding	3,322,100		(250,733)		3,071,367	
Total deferred outflows of	•					
resources	\$ <u>7,251,531</u>	78,300	(250,733)	(392,559)	6,686,539	

(g) Compensated Absences

Accrued compensated absences for System personnel are charged as an operating expense, using the vested method, based on earned but unused vacation and sick leave days including the System's share of Social Security and Medicare taxes. The estimated outstanding liability at June 30, 2014 was \$23,030,949.

(h) Premiums

Premiums for the System's bonds are reported within long-term debt and amortized over the life of the debt issue using the straight-line method.

(i) Net Position

The System's resources are classified into net position categories and reported in the Statement of Net Position. These categories are defined as (a) Net investment in capital assets – capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related outstanding debt balances attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, (b) Restricted – net position subject to externally imposed restrictions that can be fulfilled by actions of the System pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time, and (c) Unrestricted – net position not subject to externally imposed stipulations but may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board. The System first applies resources included in restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which resources in both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

(j) Classification of Revenues

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position classifies the System's fiscal year activity as operating and nonoperating. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions such as payments received for providing goods and services.

Certain revenue sources that the System relies on for operations including on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and investment income are defined by GASB Statement No. 35 as nonoperating. In addition, transactions related to capital and financing activities are components of net nonoperating revenue.

In fiscal year 2014, \$45,000,000 of State appropriations were transferred to the Illinois Hospital Services Fund, which is a special fund established in the State of Illinois Treasury pursuant to the State Finance Act, 30 ILCS 105/6z-30. This fund is owned and operated by the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services (DHFS). It is not part of or a related organization of the University.

Other operating revenues of the System include reimbursement from the University for System services/facilities utilized in connection with University programs, revenues from laboratory services provided to external organizations, cafeteria/gift shop sales and other sources.

(k) Patient Services Revenue

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts due from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined. The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates per discharge, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, and per diem payments. Approximately 95% of the Hospital's net patient service revenues were derived from Medicare, Medicaid, Blue Cross and managed care programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Accruals for settlements with third-party payors are made based on estimates of amounts to be received or paid under the terms of the respective contracts and related settlement principles and regulations of the federal Medicare program, the Illinois Medicaid program, and the Blue Cross Plan of Illinois. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position included increases in net patient service revenue of approximately \$8,110,000 related to retroactive settlements and changes in prior year third-party settlement estimates.

The System provides care without charge or at amounts at less than its established rates to patients who meet the criteria of its charity care policy. Because the System does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. Consideration for eligibility of charity care is based on the application of the System's charity care policy and includes patient qualification criteria, financial resource criteria and service criteria. The System does not include the unreimbursed cost of providing care to Medicaid and Medicare patients as charity care.

The net cost of charity care provided in fiscal year 2014 was approximately \$20,101,000, a reduction of 5% from the prior year. The net cost of charity care is determined by the total charity care cost less any patient related revenue due to the sliding scale payments or other patient specific resources.

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Most of the patient specific resources came from the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services 1011 program reimbursement.

The System has agreements with various Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) to provide medical services to subscribing participants. Under these agreements, the System receives monthly capitation payments based on the number of each HMO's participants, regardless of services actually performed by the System. In addition, the HMOs make fee-for-service payments to the System for certain covered services based upon discounted fee schedules.

The System grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payors at June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Medicare	13%
Medicaid	41
HMO/PPO	36
Commercial	9
Self-pay and other	1
	100%

The System provides allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable based upon management's best estimate of uncollectible accounts, considering type, age, collection history, and any other factors as considered appropriate.

(l) Classification of Expenses

The majority of the System's expenses are exchange transactions which GASB defines as operating expenses for financial statement presentation. Nonoperating expenses include transfers of State appropriations and capital financing costs.

(m) On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 24, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, the System reported payments made by the State of Illinois on behalf of the System for contributions to State group insurance and retirement programs, including postemployment benefits, for System employees and its retirees of \$197,707,845 for the year ended June 30, 2014. On-behalf payments are classified as nonoperating revenues and the corresponding expenses are reported in fringe benefits of the System as operating expenses.

(n) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(o) New Accounting Pronouncements

The System adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which was effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. GASB Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. In implementing this pronouncement, the System recorded an effect of a change in accounting principle to beginning of the year net position for fiscal year 2013 by \$(328,854). A retroactive adjustment of \$(328,854) represents the July 1, 2012 unamortized prepaid debt issuance costs that were being amortized over the term of the debt and are to be expensed as incurred in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65.

Net position, July 1, 2012, as previously reported	\$ 259,221,755
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(328,854)
Net position, July 1, 2012, as adjusted	\$ 258,892,901

The System adopted provisions of GASB Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections – 2012 an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62, which was effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. This statement amends GASB Statement No. 10 by removing the provision that limits fund-based reporting of an entity's risk financing activities to the general fund and the internal service fund type. GASB Statement No. 66 also amends GASB Statement No. 62 by modifying the specific guidance on accounting for (1) operating lease payments that vary from straight-line basis, (2) the difference between the initial investment (purchase price) and the principal amount of a purchased loan or group of loans, and (3) servicing fees related to mortgage loans that are sold when the stated service fee rate differs significantly from a current (normal) servicing fee rate. Implementation GASB Statement No. 66 did not impact the System's financial statements.

(2) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The System has cash and certain investments that are pooled with other University funds for the purpose of securing a greater return on investment and providing an equitable distribution of investment return. Income is distributed based upon average quarterly balances invested in the investment pool.

Illinois Statutes govern the investment policies of the University. Allowable investments under these policies include the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, other federal agencies and instrumentalities
- Interest-bearing savings accounts and time deposits of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act
- Corporate bonds, stocks and equities
- Asset-backed securities
- Commercial paper
- Repurchase agreements
- Mutual funds

Nearly all of the University's investments are managed by external professional investment managers, who have full discretion to manage their portfolios subject to investment policy and manager guidelines

established by the University, and in the case of mutual funds and other commingled vehicles, in accordance with the applicable prospectus.

The Board develops University policy on investments and delegates the execution of those policies to its administrative agents. The University follows the State of Illinois Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act and the State of Illinois Public Funds Investment Act when investing its funds.

The following details the carrying value of the System's cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of June 30, 2014:

U.S. Treasury bonds and bills	\$	1,615,323
U.S. government securities		26,936,150
Commercial paper		12,463,220
Mutual funds – money market	_	4,007,736
Subtotal		45,022,429
Claim on cash and pooled investments	_	171,374,630
Total cash, cash equivalents	Φ	21 < 207 050
and investments	\$	216,397,059

(a) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the University employs multiple investment managers, of which each has specific maturity assignments related to the operating funds. The funds are structured with different layers of liquidity. Funds expected to be used within one year are invested using the Barclays Capital 90-Day and Bank of America Merrill Lynch 12-month Treasury Bill Index as performance benchmarks. Core operating funds are invested in longer maturity investments. Core operating funds investment manager's performance benchmarks are the Barclays Capital one-year to three-year Government Bond Index, the Barclays Capital one-year to three-year Government Credit Bond Index and the Barclays Capital Intermediate Aggregate Bond Index. The University's manager guidelines provide that the average weighted duration of the portfolio, including option positions, not vary from that of their respective performance benchmarks by more than +/-20%. The System's non-pooled investments and maturities as of June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Maturities (in years)				
	Less than 1	1 – 5	6 – 10	Greater than 10	Total
U.S. government treasuries U.S. government securities Commercial paper Mutual funds - money market	\$ 1,615,323 24,390,473 12,463,220 4,007,736	2,545,677			1,615,323 26,936,150 12,463,220 4,007,736
Total cash equivalents and investments	\$ 42,476,752	2,545,677			45,022,429

Claim on cash and on pooled investments represents the System's share of participation in the University's operating internal investment pool. At June 30, 2014, the University's operating internal

investment portfolio had an effective duration of 1.5 years. The operating internal investment pool consists of money market funds and other short-term investments (25%), stocks (9%) and long-term investments such as corporate bonds and government securities (66%).

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The University's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested in fixed income securities and money market instruments. Fixed income securities shall be rated investment grade or better by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Securities not covered by the investment grade standard are allowed if, in the manager's judgment, those instruments are of comparable credit quality. Securities that fall below the stated minimum credit requirements subsequent to initial purchase may be held at the manager's discretion. It is expected that the average credit quality of the operating funds will not fall below Standard & Poor's AA- or equivalent. At June 30, 2014, the University's operating internal investment pool and nonpooled investments primarily consisted of securities with quality ratings of AA or better.

(c) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the University will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Exposure to custodial credit risk relates to investment securities that are held by someone other than the University and are not registered in the University's name. The University investment policy does not limit the value of investments that may be held by an outside party. At June 30, 2014, the System's investments and deposits had no custodial credit risk exposure.

(d) Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the University's investment in a single issuer. The University's investment policy provides that the total operating funds portfolio will be broadly diversified across securities in a manner that is consistent with fiduciary standards of diversification. This diversification is achieved by employing multiple investment managers and by imposing 5% maximum position limits with the exception of U.S. Treasury and agency securities for each manager. As of June 30, 2014, not more than 5% of the University's total investments were invested in securities of any one issuer, excluding securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, mutual funds and external investment pools or other pooled investments.

(e) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The University does not have an overarching policy related to foreign currency risk; however, under the investment manager's guidelines, the portfolio's foreign currency exposure may be unhedged or hedged back into U.S. dollars. Cross hedging is not permitted. The University's operating fund investments generally are not exposed to foreign currency risk.

(f) Securities Lending

To enhance the return on investments, the Board has authorized participation in a securities lending program. Through its custodian bank, the University loans securities to independent third parties. Such loans are secured by collateral consisting of cash, cash equivalents or U.S. government

securities and irrevocable bank letters of credit in an amount not less than 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. Noncash collateral cannot be pledged or sold by the University unless the borrower defaults. Cash collateral is invested by the custodian bank in a short-term investment pool. As of June 30, 2014, the short-term investment pool has a weighted average maturity of 91 days. The University receives interest and dividends during the loan period as well as a fee from the custodian. Marking to market is performed every business day and the borrower is required to deliver additional collateral when necessary so that the total collateral held by the custodian will equal at least the fair value plus accrued interest of the borrowed securities. All security loans can be terminated on demand by either the University or the borrowers. The University's pro rata share of cash received as securities lending collateral was approximately \$25,544,000 at June 30, 2014, and is recorded as an asset and corresponding liability on the University's Statement of Net Position. As of June 30, 2014, approximately \$25,026,000 of the investments reported on the University's Statement of Net Position was on loan, secured by collateral with a fair value of approximately \$25,544,000. At June 30, 2014, the University has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the University owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the University. The System does not directly participate in this securities lending program, and hence, no amounts have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements related to securities lending transactions.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 is summarized as follows:

Capital assets							
	Beginning balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Ending balance		
Nondepreciable capital assets:							
Land	\$ 770,917				770,917		
Construction in process	24,949,886	26,776,704		(9,717,506)	42,009,084		
Total nondepreciable							
capital assets	25,720,803	26,776,704		(9,717,506)	42,780,001		
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings	189,266,707			6,953,356	196,220,063		
Leasehold improvements	2,177,211				2,177,211		
Equipment	158,218,429	9,534,768	(8,925,748)		158,827,449		
Software	30,321,037			2,764,150	33,085,187		
Total depreciable							
capital assets	379,983,384	9,534,768	(8,925,748)	9,717,506	390,309,910		
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	91,659,543	5,309,727			96,969,270		
Leasehold improvements	1,960,086	132,436			2,092,522		
Equipment	120,205,526	10,199,638	(8,466,787)		121,938,377		
Software	23,641,564	2,324,733			25,966,297		
Total accumulated							
depreciation	237,466,719	17,966,534	(8,466,787)		246,966,466		
Total net depreciable							
capital assets	142,516,665	(8,431,766)	(458,961)	9,717,506	143,343,444		
Total capital assets	\$ 168,237,468	18,344,938	(458,961)	_	186,123,445		

(4) Long-Term Obligations

During fiscal year 1997, Health Services Facilities System Bonds Series 1997B were issued for \$25,000,000. Series 1997B Bonds are variable rate bonds, which bear interest at a rate determined weekly and paid monthly.

During fiscal year 2008, the University issued \$41,215,000 Variable Rate Demand Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. Proceeds from the bonds funded the redemption of the Variable Rate Demand Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 on July 28, 2008 and paid costs incidental to the issuance of the bonds. The difference between the reacquisition price and net carrying amount of the old debt, loss on refunding, was \$4,485,000. This loss is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

During fiscal year 2014, the University issued \$70,785,000 Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013. Proceeds from the bonds will be used to finance the costs of certain construction, renovation and equipment purchases for the Health Services Facilities System and to pay costs incidental to the issuance of the Series 2013 Bonds. The bond premium \$591,216 is deferred and amortized over the remaining life of the issue.

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Long-term obligations								
Series	Rate on June 30 outstanding debt	Fiscal year maturity dates	Beginning balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending balance	Current portion		
Bonds payable	e:								
1997B	Variable	2015 - 2027 \$	16,200,000		(900,000)	15,300,000	900,000		
2008	Variable	2015 - 2027	37,990,000		(2,105,000)	35,885,000	2,220,000		
2013	5% to 6.25%	2028 – 2043		70,785,000		70,785,000			
			54,190,000	70,785,000	(3,005,000)	121,970,000	3,120,000		
Unamortized p	premium	-		591,216	(16,776)	574,440	20,335		
	Total bonds payab	le	54,190,000	71,376,216	(3,021,776)	122,544,440	3,140,335		
Other obligation	ons	-	9,082,534	2,084,801	(3,637,026)	7,530,309	2,090,882		
	Total long-term d	ebt	63,272,534	73,461,017	(6,658,802)	130,074,749	5,231,217		
Compensated	absences	_	24,021,763	1,511,090	(2,501,904)	23,030,949	2,783,092		
	Total long-term o	bligations \$	87,294,297	74,972,107	(9,160,706)	153,105,698	8,014,309		
		-							

The bonds do not constitute obligations of the State of Illinois. Bond principal and interest payments are funded from revenues pledged from (a) System net revenues, principally consisting of all charges, income and revenues received from the continued use and operation of the System, excluding depreciation charges and transfers, (b) Medical Service Plan (MSP) revenues net of bad debt expense and (c) College of Medicine tuition revenue. These revenues for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

System net revenues	\$	23,626,185
Adjusted MSP revenues		211,907,695
College of Medicine student tuition	_	52,140,364
Total	\$	287,674,244

The table below shows the amount of revenues pledged for future principal and interest payments on the bonds:

	Pledged revenues						
Bond issue(s)	Purpose	Source of revenue pledged		Future revenues pledged ¹	Term of commitment	Debt service to pledged revenues (current year)	
Health Services Facilities System (HSFS)	Additions to System and Refunding	Net system revenue, MSP revenue net of bad debt expense, College of Medicine net tuition revenue		225,779,527	2043	2.71%	

¹ Total future principal and interest payments on debt

The resolution authorizing the University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds provides for the establishment of separate funds as follows: Revenue Fund, Project Fund, Repair and Replacement Reserve, Equipment Reserve, Bond and Interest Sinking Fund and Development Reserve. All income and revenues received from the continued use and operation of the System, as provided for by the Bond Resolution, are to be deposited in the Revenue Fund and used to pay necessary operation and maintenance expenses of the System. The Bond Resolution also requires transfers to funds as follows:

Project Fund – at the discretion of the University Comptroller, amounts not needed to complete construction and renovation projects specified in the Bond Resolution are required to be transferred either to the Repair and Replacement Reserve or to the Bond and Interest Sinking Fund.

Repair and Replacement Reserve – an amount calculated as specified in the Bond Resolution to provide for the cost of unusual maintenance and repairs.

Equipment Reserve – an amount approved by the Board for the acquisition of movable equipment to be installed in the facilities constituting the System. The reserve may not exceed 20% of the book value of the movable equipment of the System.

Bond and Interest Sinking Fund – amounts transferred into the Bond and Interest Sinking Fund sufficient to pay principal and interest as it becomes due on the outstanding bonds.

Development Reserve – an amount approved by the Board for System development. No transfers were authorized by the Board during the year ended June 30, 2014, and there were no balances in the reserve at June 30, 2014.

The System made all required transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014.

After fulfillment of the provisions described above, the surplus, if any, remaining in the Revenue Fund may be used at the Board's option (a) to redeem bonds of the System which are subject to early redemption, (b) to improve or add facilities to the System, or (c) for any other lawful purpose.

Assets restricted by Bond Resolution were held for the following purposes at June 30, 2014:

Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	54,762,395
Purpose:	•	
Capital projects, bond projects	\$	42,912,133
Repair and replacement reserve		10,691,930
Bond and interest sinking fund		1,158,333
Total assets limited as to use		54,762,396
Less amounts required for current liabilities		(1,154,822)
Total for long-term use	\$	53,607,574

(a) Health Services Facilities System Variable Rate Debt and Interest Rate Swap Agreement

Demand Provisions

The System's bonds mature serially through October 2026. These bonds have variable interest rates that are adjusted periodically (i.e., daily, weekly, or monthly), generally with interest paid at the beginning of each month. The bonds are subject to purchase on the demand of the holder at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest on seven days notice and delivery to the University's several remarketing agents. The University pays the remarketing agent fees on the outstanding bond balance. If the remarketing agent is unable to resell any bonds that are "put" to the agent, the University has a standby bond purchase agreement with a liquidity facility entity. The University has several such agreements, with the fees on the Bond Purchase Commitment (formula based on outstanding bonds plus pro forma interest). The University, in the event a liquidity facility is utilized, has reimbursement agreements with different financial entities. Generally, the payback period, in which the initial payment is due 366 days after the agreement takes effect, is five to seven years, at an interest rate initially set at slightly above prime or the federal funds rate.

The required future interest payments for these variable rate bonds have been calculated using the current interest rate, based upon short-term tax-exempt rates, or the synthetic fixed rate, as illustrated in the table below:

Variable rate bonds at June 30, 2014

	Interest rate at June 30,	Remarketing	Remarketing		Liquidity	facility	
Bond issues	2014	agent	fee	Bank	Expiration	Insured by	Fee
HSFS, Series 1997B HSFS, Series 2008	0.05% 0.06	JPMorgan Securities Goldman Sachs	0.070% 0.070	Wells Fargo Wells Fargo	May 30, 2019 May 30, 2019	Letter of Credit Letter of Credit	0.32% 0.32

Interest Rate Swap Agreement

In April 2007, the University entered into a variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreement with Lehman Brothers Commercial Bank (LBCB). The purpose of this interest rate swap was to hedge variable rate demand Health Services Facility System revenue refunding bonds issued in July 2007. The objective of this swap was to effectively change the System's variable interest rate on the bonds to a synthetic fixed rate. The notional amount of the interest rate swap was \$40,875,000. No cash was paid or received when the original swap agreements were entered into. In accordance with the swap agreement, the University makes monthly payments to the counterparty equal to 3.534% times the notional amount and receives monthly payments from the counterparty equal to 68% of one-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), which commenced October 1, 2007. This interest rate swap agreement with LBCB transferred to the Series 2008 bonds in July 2008. A total of \$295,000 of the HSFS Series 2008 bond is not covered by this agreement.

In December 2008, the University entered into a novation agreement, which terminated the swap with LBCB and entered into a new interest rate swap agreement with Loop Financial Products I LLC (Loop) with the same terms and conditions that were present in the April 2007 agreement. In December 2008, Loop officially became the new counterparty on the interest rate swap agreement.

The University engaged a third-party consultant to calculate the "mark to market" or "market value" of the swap transaction. On June 30, 2014, the mark to market value of the swap was \$(4,574,241).

Credit Risk – As of June 30, 2014, the University was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. If interest rates change and the fair value of the swap became positive, the University would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. The counterparty may have to post collateral in the University's favor in certain conditions, and the University would never be required to post collateral in the counterparty's favor.

Interest Rate Risk – During fiscal year 2014, low interest rates exposed the University to interest rate risk, which adversely affected the fair value of the swap agreement.

Termination Risk — The swap is scheduled to terminate in October 2026. The University has the option to terminate the swap early. The University or the counterparties may terminate a swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The University may terminate a swap if both credit ratings of the counterparties fall below BBB+ as issued by Standard & Poor's and Baa1 as issued by Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2014, the counterparty (Loop) credit rating by Standard & Poor's was A and by Moody's Investors Service was A2.

If a swap is terminated, the variable-rate bonds would no longer carry a synthetic fixed interest rate. In addition, if at the time of termination, a swap has a negative fair value, the University would be liable to the counterparties for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Basis Risk – The swap exposes the University to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and the variable weekly rate determined by remarketing agents change, changing the synthetic rate on the bonds. If a change occurs that results in the difference in rates widening, the expected cost savings may not be realized.

Other Risks – Since the swap agreement extends to the maturity of the related bond, it does not expose the University to rollover risk. In addition, the University is not exposed to foreign currency risk associated with this swap agreement. The University is not exposed to market access risk as of June 30, 2014. However, if the University decides to issue refunding bonds and credit is more costly at that time, it could be exposed to market access risk.

(b) Debt Service Requirements

Future debt service requirements for the Series 1997B, 2008 and 2013 Bonds at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	_	Principal		Interest
2015	\$	3,120,000		5,469,977
2016		3,240,000		5,391,258
2017		3,365,000		5,309,350
2018		3,485,000		5,223,139
2019		3,620,000		5,134,653
2020 - 2024		20,260,000		24,228,574
2025 - 2029		19,695,000		21,466,239
2030 - 2034		17,245,000		17,318,681
2035 - 2039		23,355,000		11,206,906
2040 - 2043	_	24,585,000		3,060,750
Total debt service		121,970,000	\$	103,809,527
Unamortized premium	_	574,440	_	
Total bonds payable	\$ _	122,544,440	=	

The required debt service for the variable rate Series 1997B and 2008 Bonds has been calculated using the current interest rate of 0.05% and 0.06%, respectively, over the remaining life of the bonds.

Using the actual rate in effect as of June 30, 2014 (0.06% for Series 2008), debt service requirements of the variable rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will also vary.

Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 Variable-Rate Debt Service Requirements

			Variable rate bonds		Interest rate	
		_	Principal	Interest	swaps, net	Total
2015		\$	2,220,000	21,531	1,184,557	3,426,088
2016			2,240,000	20,199	1,107,657	3,367,856
2017			2,365,000	18,855	1,027,590	3,411,445
2018			2,485,000	17,436	943,297	3,445,733
2019			2,520,000	15,945	856,838	3,392,783
2020 - 2024			14,160,000	55,779	2,872,256	17,088,035
2025 - 2027		_	9,895,000	11,964	455,710	10,362,674
	Total	\$_	35,885,000	161,709	8,447,905	44,494,614

(5) Leases and Other Obligations

The System leases various real property and equipment under operating lease agreements, including leases renewed on an annual basis. Total rental expense under these agreements was \$1,436,300 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

As of June 30, 2014, future minimum payments under operating leases are as follows:

2015		\$ 1,129,298
2016		113,265
2017		116,333
2018		118,140
2019		101,070
	Total minimum payments – operating leases	\$ 1,578,106

Other obligations consist of third-party financing arrangements for equipment, which have maturity dates from 2015 through 2019 and interest rates ranging from 1.26% to 6.1%. As of June 30, 2014, future minimum payments under other obligations are as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest
2015	\$	2,090,882	127,946
2016		2,122,250	88,438
2017		1,976,042	51,570
2018		1,144,354	19,885
2019		196,781	3,236
Total minimum payments – other obligations	\$	7,530,309	291,075

(6) Patient Accounts Receivable, Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

Total accounts payable and other current liabilities

Patient accounts receivable and accounts payable and other current liabilities as of June 30, 2014, reported as current assets and liabilities, consisted of the following amounts:

Patient accounts receivable:		
Patients and their insurance carriers	\$	208,528,217
Medicare		59,867,923
Medicaid	_	189,683,503
Total		458,079,643
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	_	(342,834,836)
Total patient accounts receivable, net	\$	115,244,807
Accounts payable and other current liabilities:	_	
Payable to employees	\$	20,229,656
Payable to suppliers and service providers		27,397,615
Payable to health plans and for workers' compensation claims		2,936,136
Estimated third-party settlements	_	28,936,396

(7) Net Patient Service Revenues

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Hospital at established program rates or costs, as defined, for rendering services to program beneficiaries. The Hospital provides contractual allowances on a current basis for the differences between charges for services rendered and the expected payments under these programs. The patient revenues from third-party payor programs, less the contractual allowances and provision for uncollectible accounts for fiscal year 2014, were as follows:

Medicaid	\$	515,706,657
Medicare		491,787,912
HMO/PPO		724,634,865
Commercial		53,628,012
Self-pay and other		105,636,473
Total gross revenue		1,891,393,919
Less:		
Contractual allowances		(1,301,915,754)
Provision for uncollectible accounts		(41,664,505)
Net patient revenue	\$_	547,813,660

A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

Medicare – Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system

23 (Continued)

79,499,803

that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors. Inpatient skilled nursing services are paid at prospectively determined rates that are based on the patients' acuity. Other inpatient nonacute services, and defined medical education costs related to Medicare beneficiaries, are paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology. The Hospital is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospital and audits thereof by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. Substantially all outpatient services are subject to a prospective payment system. Under this system, payments to the Hospital are based on a predetermined package rate based on services provided to patients. The System is reimbursed for cost reimbursable items at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the System and audits by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. At June 30, 2014, all Medicare settlements for 2014, 2013, and 2012 are subject to audit and retroactive adjustment.

Medicaid – Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed at prospectively determined rates-per-discharge. Outpatient services rendered to program beneficiaries are reimbursed at prospectively determined rates. Medicaid payment methodologies and rates for services are subject to change based on the amount of funding available to the State of Illinois Medicaid Program, and any such changes could have a significant effect on the Hospital's revenues.

Blue Cross – Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Blue Cross subscribers are reimbursed under a cost reimbursement methodology. The System is reimbursed at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the System and audits by Blue Cross. At June 30, 2014, the Blue Cross settlements for 2014 and 2013 are subject to audit and retroactive adjustment.

The System also has payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, HMOs and preferred provider organizations (PPOs). The basis for payment under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates-per-discharge, discounts from established charges, prospectively determined daily rates and captivated per-member per-month rates.

(8) Retirement and Postemployment Benefits

(a) Retirement Benefits

Substantially all employees of the System participate in the State Universities Retirement System of Illinois (SURS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined-benefit pension plan. The University contributes to the plan with a special funding situation whereby the State of Illinois makes substantially all actuarially determined required contributions on behalf of the participating employers. The University contributions include payments for System employees covered under the plan.

SURS was established July 21, 1941 to provide retirement annuities and other benefits for staff members and employees of the State universities, certain affiliated organizations, and certain other State educational and scientific agencies and for survivors, dependents and other beneficiaries of such employees. SURS is considered a component unit of the State of Illinois' financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. SURS is governed by Section 5/15, Chapter 40, of the *Illinois Compiled Statutes*. SURS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by accessing the website at www.surs.org, or by calling 1-800-275-7877.

Eligible employees must participate upon initial employment. Employees are ineligible to participate if (a) employed after having attained age 68; (b) employed less than 50% of full time; or

(c) employed less than full time and attending classes with an employer. Of those University employees ineligible to participate, the majority are students at the University.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary and substantially all employer contributions are made by the State of Illinois on behalf of the individual employers at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 35.8% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The employer's contributions to SURS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$678,531,000, \$622,664,000, and \$439,316,000, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. The calculated allocation of these contributions that relate to the System was approximately \$119,446,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014, and is reflected within the accompanying financial statements as fringe benefits expense.

(b) Postemployment Benefits

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (Act), as amended, authorizes the State to provide health, dental, vision and life insurance benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. Substantially all State and university component unit employees become eligible for these other postemployment benefits (OPEB) if they eventually become annuitants of one of the State sponsored pension plans. The Department of Central Management Services administers these benefits for annuitants with the assistance of the State's sponsored pension plans. The portions of the Act related to OPEB establish a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit OPEB plan (plan) with a special funding situation in which the State funds substantially all nonparticipant contributions. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report but is included as a part of the State's financial statements. A copy of the financial statements of the State can be obtained at www.ioc.state.il.us.

The health, dental and vision benefits provided to and contribution amounts required from annuitants are the result of collective bargaining between the State and various unions that represent the State and the university employees in accordance with limitations established in the Act. Therefore, the benefits provided and contribution amounts are subject to periodic change. The Act requires the State to provide life insurance benefits for annuitants equal to their annual salary as of the last day of employment until age 60, at which time the benefit amount becomes \$5,000.

The State makes substantially all of the contributions for OPEB on behalf of the State universities. Since the State contributes substantially all of the employer contributions, the single-employer provisions of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, have been followed for reporting the plan. The State is not required to and does not fund the plan other than the pay-as-you-go amount necessary to provide the current benefits.

Annuitants may be required to contribute toward health, dental, and vision benefits with the amount based on factors such as date of retirement, years of credited service with the State or a university, whether the annuitant is covered by Medicare, and whether the annuitant has chosen a managed healthcare plan. For fiscal year 2014, the annual cost of health, dental, and vision benefits before the State's contribution was \$8,869 (\$4,543 if Medicare eligible) if the annuitant chose benefits provided by a health maintenance organization (HMO) and \$11,536 (\$4,421 if Medicare eligible) if the annuitant chose other benefits. Additional contributions by annuitants for dependents ranging from \$1,152 to \$3,546 (\$900 to \$2,538 if Medicare eligible) are also required depending on the benefits selected and whether there is one or multiple dependents.

For current employees, contributions are dependent upon annual salary and whether or not the employee chooses to receive benefits through an HMO. Current employee contribution amounts to the plan for fiscal year 2014 are shown as follows:

Annual Employee Health, Dental, and Vision Contribution Requirements

	Benefits provided through		
	НМО	Others	
Employee annual salary:			
\$30,200 and below	\$ 948	1,248	
\$30,201-\$45,600	1,164	1,464	
\$45,601–\$60,700	1,368	1,656	
\$60,701–\$75,900	1,560	1,860	
\$75,901-\$100,000	1,776	2,076	
\$100,001 and above	2,364	2,664	

Additional contributions by employees for dependents ranging from \$1,152 to \$3,546 (\$900 to \$2,538 if Medicare eligible) are also required depending on the benefits selected and whether there is one or multiple dependents.

(9) Related-Party Transactions

The University charged the System for administrative and other services totaling \$22,210,495 in fiscal year 2014, primarily based upon the gross expenditures and debt service transfers of various operations of the System. These charges represent a portion of the estimated administrative and other service costs incurred by the University in support of the System. An additional \$17,463,650 was paid by the University on behalf of the System for salaries and utility costs for the year ended June 30, 2014, in exchange for System services and facilities provided, and are recognized as operating expenses (salaries and general) and other operating revenues.

Most healthcare services rendered by physicians at the University are charged, billed and collected through the MSP. For ambulatory care services, there is a charge for both a professional and technical component. The System bills and collects on behalf of the MSP for the professional component of ambulatory care services. Based on the underlying agreements between the MSP and the University, the System remits funds collected to the MSP. Total MSP remittances from the System for the year ended June 30, 2014 relating to the billing and collection of physician fees and the delivery of ambulatory care were \$25,132,771.

During 2014, various departments within the College of Medicine agreed to reimburse the System for a portion of the expenses related to the resident and fellowship training program. This reimbursement, which totaled \$2,815,048, has been reflected in the financial statements as a reduction of the related expenses.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Commitments

At June 30, 2014, the System had commitments on various construction projects and contracts for repairs and renovation of health services facilities of \$5,735,628.

(b) Contingencies

The University (including the System) is involved in regulatory audits arising in the normal course of business. On June 8, 2007, a notice was received from the Office of Inspector General (OIG) on behalf of the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services (IDHFS) indicating that the University received an overpayment of \$14.8 million covering the period May 1, 2004 through April 30, 2006 on behalf of Medicaid patients, of which \$10 million and \$4.8 million related to the University's College of Pharmacy and the System, respectively. University management is in the process of contesting this overpayment and estimates the System's portion of the probable liability related to this overpayment is approximately \$3.8 million. During fiscal year 2010, the University submitted additional documentation and evidence of its positions. As of September 29, 2011, the OIG on behalf of the IDHFS contacted the University to request its settlement offer to resolve the audit. The University intends to pursue settlement discussion with OIG and IDHFS with a view toward resolution of the matter. It is estimated that the System's established liability including a provision for subsequent audits totaling \$8.5 million remains sufficient to cover the probable outcome of the audits and has been included in estimated third-party settlements payable within the accompanying Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2014.

In 2014 and 2013, the System received notices from the Medicare program requiring that they provide Medicare with documentation for claims to carry out the Recovery Audit Contract (RAC) program. The System is responding to these requests. Review of claims through the RAC program may result in a liability to the Medicare program and could have a material impact on the System's net patient service revenues.

The University (including the System) is a defendant in a number of legal actions primarily related to medical malpractice. These legal actions have been considered in estimating the University's accrued self-insurance liability, which covers hospital and clinical patient liability; hospital and medical professional liability; estimated general and contract liability; and workers' compensation liability. At June 30, 2014, the University's total accrued self-insurance liability was \$223,744,079.

The University's accrued self-insurance includes \$156,073,134 at June 30, 2014, for the most probable and reasonably estimable ultimate cost of uninsured medical malpractice liabilities. Ultimate cost consists of amounts estimated by the University's risk management division and actuaries for asserted claims, unasserted claims arising from reported incidents, expected litigation expenses and amounts determined by actuaries using relevant industry data and Hospital specific data to cover projected losses for claims incurred but not yet reported. The System contributes to the University's self-insurance reserve through annual assessments for claim exposure. The assessments contributed by the System in 2014 were \$12,476,603. Therefore, no liability related to medical malpractice claims is included in the System's financial statements, but the entire self-insurance liability is reflected in the University's financial statements.

(11) Subsequent Events

As stated in Note 7, Medicaid payment methodologies and rates for services are subject to change. In December 2014, a letter was received from the IDHFS retroactively reducing the reimbursement rate for services rendered to program beneficiaries during fiscal year 2014. The rate reduction is not expected to have a material impact on the System.