#### REPORT DIGEST

#### JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

#### COMPLIANCE AUDIT

For the Year Ended: June 30, 2003

#### **Summary of Findings:**

Total this audit 0
Total prior audit 0
Repeated from last audit 0

Release Date:

March 11, 2004



State of Illinois
Office of the Auditor General

#### WILLIAM G. HOLLAND AUDITOR GENERAL

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#### INTRODUCTION

This digest covers our compliance audit of the Judges' Retirement System (System) for the year ended June 30, 2003. A financial audit covering the year ending June 30, 2003 is being issued separately.

It should be noted that, pursuant to the Illinois Pension Code, investments of the System are managed by the Illinois State Board of Investment.

There were no material findings of noncompliance disclosed during our audit tests. We commend the System for maintaining effective internal controls.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On April 7, 2003, Governor Rod Blagojevich signed House Bill 2660 into law as Public Act 93-0002. This new law authorized the State of Illinois to issue \$10 billion of General Obligation Bonds for the purpose of making contributions to designated retirement systems, which included the Judges Retirement System.

On July 1, 2003, the System received an allocation of \$141,955,483 from the pension bond proceeds. The System deposited the allocation into its master trust account with the Illinois State Board of Investments, on July 2, 2003.

WILLIAM G. HOLLAND, Auditor General

WGH:RPU:pp

#### SPECIAL ASSISTANT AUDITORS

McGladrey & Pullen LLP were our special assistant auditors for this audit.

(Financial Information and Activity Measures are summarized on the reverse page.)

# JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS INFORMATION FROM FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE AUDITS TWO YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	TWO YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,	Company of the Company of the Company	Here out
OPERATING	STATEMENT ANALYSIS	FY 2003	FY 2002
REVENUES:	Contributions – Participants	\$ 12,904,997	\$ 12,487,303
	Contributions – appropriations & other	31,440,103	27,532,000
	Total Contributions	\$ 44,345,100	\$ 40,019,303
	Net investment income	7,045,748	8,432,347
	Net (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(7,429,253)	(33,145,381)
	Interest earned on cash balances	157,388	219,154
	Total Revenue	\$ <u>44,118,983</u>	\$ <u>15,525,423</u>
EXPENSES:	Benefits - Retirement annuities	\$ 44,507,057	\$ 41,145,096
	Benefits - Survivors' annuities	12,207,505	<u>11,677,218</u>
İ	Total Benefits	\$ 56,714,562	\$ 52,822,314
	Refunds	582,469	353,163
	Administration	427,686	424,233
	Total Expenses	\$ <u>57,724,717</u>	\$ <u>53,599,710</u>
Jacobs pages of the second	Deficiency of revenues over expenses	\$ <u>(13,605,734)</u>	\$ <u>(38,074,287)</u>
ANALYSIS C	Deficiency of revenues over expenses  OF PLAN INVESTMENTS  inning of year, at fair value	FY 2003	FY 2002
Balance at beg	inning of year, at fair value		\$ 372,637,630
Net cash (with	drawn) from investments	(14,500,000)	(15,500,000)
	tments (1)	\$ <u>317,924,596</u>	\$ <u>357,137,630</u>
	ome – interest, dividends and other	7,732,632	9,226,184
	penses	(686,884)	(793,837)
	tment income (2)	\$ <u>7,045,748</u>	\$ <u>8,432,347</u>
	in (loss) on sale of investments	(25,283,941)	(8,981,058)
	(loss) on investments	<u>17,854,688</u>	(24,164,323)
	ciation in fair value of investments (3)	\$ <u>(7,429,253)</u>	\$ <u>(33,145,381)</u> .
	investment income (loss) (4), (2) + (3)	\$ <u>(383,505)</u>	\$ <u>(24,713,034)</u>
Balance a	t end of year, at fair value (1) + (4)	\$317,541,091	\$ <u>332,424,596</u>
SELECTED A	ACCOUNT BALANCES	JUNE 30, 2003	JUNE 30, 2002
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$ 6,593,476
		5,362,571	4,718,760
	t fair value		332 <u>,</u> 424,596
	quipment, net of accumulated depreciation	2,306	3,131
			(80,669)
	d in Trust for Benefits	\$330,053,560	\$ 342,659,294
	ued Liability	\$ <u>(1,076,231,965)</u>	\$ <u>(1,020,846,773)</u>
	ility	\$ <u>(746,178,405)</u>	\$ <u>(677,187,479)</u>
	TARY INFORMATION	FY 2003	FY 2002
Number of Sys	stem employees	7	8
	eneficiaries currently receiving benefits (unaudited)	864	838
Total netites	(unaudited)	962	944
	embers (unaudited)		909
TOTAL LETTLE OF	investments (unaudited)	.3%	(6.9)%
	SECRETARY		<del></del>
	Period: Michael L. Mory until December 31, 2002; Robbert V. Knor.	ert V. Knox effective	e January 1, 2003
Currently: Rol	UCIL Y. MIOX		

## State of Illinois Judges' Retirement System of Illinois

Compliance Audit Year Ended June 30, 2003 Performed as Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, State of Illinois

## Compliance Audit

Year Ended June 30, 2003

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## Compliance Audit

## Year Ended June 30, 2003

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#### **Compliance Audit**

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### **System Officials**

**Executive Secretary** 

Michael L. Mory

(until December 31, 2002)

Robert V. Knox

(effective January 1, 2003)

Associate Executive Secretary

Robert V. Knox

(until December 31, 2002)

Division Manager

Rudy J. Kink

Accounting Division Supervisor

David M. Richter

Legal Counsel

Attorney General's Office

System offices are located at:

2101 South Veterans Parkway P.O. Box 19255 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9255

State of Illinois Building 160 North LaSalle Street Suite N725 Chicago, Illinois 60601

**Compliance Audit** 

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### Summary

The compliance audit testing performed in this audit was conducted in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and in accordance with the Illinois State Auditing Act.

#### **Auditor's Reports**

The auditor's reports on compliance and on internal control do not contain scope limitations, disclaimers or other significant nonstandard language.

#### **Summary of Audit Findings**

There were no audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2003.

#### **Exit Conference**

System management reviewed the entire report and waived a formal exit conference.

## McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Special Report on State Compliance Testing as Measured by State Audit Guide Criteria

Honorable William G. Holland Auditor General State of Illinois

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have performed special State compliance testing in accordance with the "Audit Guide for Performing Compliance Audits of Illinois State Agencies" (Audit Guide) issued by the Office of the Auditor General of the operations of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (System) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003.

We conducted our special State compliance testing in accordance with the Illinois State Auditing Act (Act); in accordance with the applicable auditing standards which are set forth in the Audit Guide as adopted by the Auditor General pursuant to the Act; and, insofar as such standards are applicable to this special testing, in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Our examination included such tests of the accounting records and such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. Our program of tests and other auditing procedures has been separately furnished to you. The procedures for special State compliance testing as required by the Audit Guide were designed to determine with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance:

- A. Whether the audited System has obligated, expended, received and used public funds of the State in accordance with the purpose for which such funds have been appropriated or otherwise authorized by law.
- B. Whether the audited System has obligated, expended, received and used public funds of the State in accordance with any limitations, restrictions, conditions or mandatory directions imposed by law upon such obligation, expenditure, receipt or use.
- C. Whether the audited System has generally complied with applicable laws and regulations, including the State uniform accounting system, in its financial and fiscal operations.
- D. Whether the audited System is maintaining effective accounting control over revenues, obligations, expenditures, assets and liabilities.

- E. Whether collections of State revenues and receipts by the audited System are in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and whether the accounting and recordkeeping of such revenues and receipts is fair, accurate and in accordance with law.
- F. Whether money or negotiable securities or similar assets handled by the audited System on behalf of the State or held in trust by the audited System have been properly and legally administered and whether the accounting and recordkeeping relating thereto is proper, accurate, and in accordance with law.
- G. Whether tests of System fiscal operations reveal no evidence of fraud or dishonesty.
- H. Whether the records, books and accounts of the audited System adequately record its financial and fiscal operations and provide a basis for review of accountability by external auditors.
- I. Whether key financial, statistical, and program data produced by the audited System provide useful information for review of accountability regarding service efforts and accomplishments.

The concept of obtaining reasonable, but not absolute, assurance recognizes that the cost of the audit should not exceed the benefits derived and that judgments need to be made regarding the nature and extent of audit procedures. Special State compliance testing of this type is based upon test samples and would not necessarily disclose all situations of noncompliance which might exist.

There were no findings of noncompliance disclosed by our special State compliance audit tests which are required to be reported in accordance with the Audit Guide.

There were no immaterial findings developed in this special State compliance testing which have been excluded from this report.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor General, the General Assembly, the Legislative Audit Commission, the Governor and System management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McGladrey of Pullen, LCP

Schaumburg, Illinois November 26, 2003

## McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Special Report on Internal Controls for State Purposes as Measured by State Audit Guide Criteria

Honorable William G. Holland Auditor General State of Illinois

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have performed special State compliance testing of the operations of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (System) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and we have issued our special report thereon dated November 26, 2003. We have also made a study of the internal controls of the System that we considered relevant to the criteria established by the Office of the Auditor General in Chapter 7 of the "Audit Guide for Performing Compliance Audits of Illinois State Agencies" (Audit Guide). Our study included tests of compliance with such internal controls during the period from July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003. These tests were performed as a portion of our testing of that System for State compliance purposes. This special report concerns only our State compliance testing.

We conducted our special State compliance testing in accordance with the Audit Guide; applicable auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; and applicable <u>Government Auditing</u>
<u>Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

In planning and performing our special State compliance testing, we considered the internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of reporting on our special State compliance testing and to satisfy the requirements of the Audit Guide, but not to provide an opinion on the internal controls. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The management of the System is responsible for establishing, maintaining, and monitoring internal controls. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal controls. Because of inherent limitations in any internal controls, errors or fraud may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of internal controls to future periods is subject to the risk that internal controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of control activities may deteriorate.

For the purpose of this special report, we have classified the significant internal control activities in the following categories:

- System Organization and Management
- Administrative Support Services
- Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting
- Purchasing, Contracting and Leasing
- Expenditure Control
- Personnel and Payroll
- Property, Equipment and Inventories
- Revenues and Receivables
- Claims Processing
- Electronic Data Processing

For all of the internal control categories listed above, we obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and whether they have been placed in operation, and we assessed control risk.

Our consideration of the internal controls would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable. Reportable matters for State compliance audit purposes involve items coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal controls. We understand that internal controls in conformity with the criteria established by your Audit Guide are considered by the Office of the Auditor General to be adequate for State compliance audit purposes in accordance with the Illinois State Auditing Act and related regulations, and that policies or procedures not in conformity with those criteria indicate some inadequacy for such purposes which should be reported.

We noted no matters involving the internal controls that we consider to be significant pursuant to the criteria established by your Audit Guide.

There were no immaterial findings developed relating to the internal controls which have been excluded from this report.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor General, the General Assembly, the Legislative Audit Commission, the Governor, and System management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McGladry of Pullen, LCP

Schaumburg, Illinois November 26, 2003

## McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable William G. Holland Auditor General State of Illinois

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited the statements of plan net assets and statements of changes in plan net assets (financial statements) of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (System), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the System's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the System's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor General, the General Assembly, the Legislative Audit Commission, the Governor and System management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McGladrey of Pullen, LCP

Schaumburg, Illinois November 26, 2003 Retirement System of Illinois

pliance Audit

Ended June 30, 2003

## icial Related Information

#### mary

related information presented in this section of the audit includes the following:

#### inancial Related Schedules:

- Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Lapsed Balances
- Comparative Schedules of Net Appropriations, Expenditures and Lapsed Balances
- Comparative Schedules of Revenue and Expenses
- Comparative Schedules of Administrative Expenses
- Schedule of Changes in Office Equipment
- Reconciliation of Revenue to Cash Receipts and to Deposits
- Remitted to the State Comptroller
- Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions Explanation of Significant Variations in Revenues
- Explanation of Significant Variations in Expenses
  Analysis of Significant Statement of Plan Net Assets Accounts
- Analysis of Investment Performance (Unaudited)

#### Inalysis of Operations:

- System's Functions and Planning Program
- Progress in Funding the System
- System Employees
- Comparison of Administrative Expenses to Total Expenses
- Emergency Purchases
- Illinois First Projects
- Service Efforts and Accomplishments (Unaudited)
  Subsequent Event

diditor's report on the supplementary information presented in this section states that it has been cited to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in the auditor's except for that portion marked "unaudited" on which they express no opinion, it is fairly stated in all altrespects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

## McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information for State Compliance Audit Purposes

Honorable William G. Holland Auditor General State of Illinois

We have audited and issued under separate cover the financial statements of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (System), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, and our report thereon dated November 26, 2003, is as follows:

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited the accompanying statements of plan net assets of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (the System) as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, and the related statements of changes in plan net assets for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the System's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the plan net assets of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, and the changes in plan net assets for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress and employer contributions are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2003, on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the System for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. The supplementary financial information is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary financial information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the System for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, listed in the Table of Contents as Financial Related Information, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the System. Such information, except for that portion marked "unaudited" on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The supplementary information (Financial Related Information) for the years 1998 through 2001 has been derived from financial statements audited by other auditors whose report thereon expressed an unqualified opinion.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor General, the General Assembly, the Legislative Audit Commission, the Governor, and System management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McGladrey of Pullen, LCP

Schaumburg, Illinois November 26, 2003

udges' Retirement System of Illinois

## ompliance Audit

## chedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Lapsed Balances ourteen Months Ended August 31, 2003

Appropriated Funds	Appropriations (Net After Transfers)	Expenditures Through June 30, 2003	Lapse Period Expenditures July 1, 2003 Through August 31, 2003	Total Expenditures		Balances Lapsed
						<u> </u>
General Revenue Fund						
State's contribution to the System, regular						
(Public Act 92-0538)	\$ 29,148,000	\$ 29,148,000	\$ -	\$ 29,148,000	\$	
State Pension Fund						
Annual allocation to the System, pursuant to						
Section 8.12 of the State Finance Act						
(Public Act 92-0538)	2,225,000	2,225,000		2,225,000		
Total all appropriated funds	\$ 31,373,000	31,373,000	<del></del>	31,373,000	\$	
Total all appropriated funds	<u> </u>	31,3/3,000	-	31,373,000	<u> </u>	
lonappropriated Funds						
Benefits and other nonadministrative expenditures						
Pensions and annuities	\$ -	56,813,134	-	56,813,134	\$	_
Nonrecurring refunds and distributions	•	479,706	-	479,706	*	_
Refunds, prior calendar year contributions	-	6,248	-	6,248		_
Refunds, not classified elsewhere	_	1,115,916	_	1,115,916		_
organisation of the control of the c	-	58,415,004		58,415,004		
dministrative expenditures			<u> </u>	55,110,001	_	
Personal services		390,287	17,143	407,430		
Employee retirement pickup	-	15,087	632	15,719		_
Retirement contributions	-	40,355	1,773	42,128		
Social Security contributions	_	26,887	1,202	28,089		_
Group insurance	_	47,143	1,971	49,114		
Contractual services	-	69,450	24,452	93,902		-
Travel		10,235	549	10,784		-
Commodities		1,074	0-10	1,074		•
Printing	_	3,185	_	3,185		•
Electronic data processing	_	15,218	3,322	18,540		•
Telecommunications		4,101	3,322	4,133		-
	-	623,022	51,076	674,098		<del></del>
Total nonappropriated funds	<u> </u>	59,038,026	51,076	59,089,102	-\$	
	<del></del>	00,000,020	31,070	00,000,102	Ψ	<del></del>
rand total, all Funds		\$ 90,411,026	\$ 51.076	\$ 90.462.102		

The above data was taken from System records which have been reconciled to those of the State Comptroller.

## Compliance Audit

Comparative Schedules of Net Appropriations, Expenditures and Lapsed Balances
Years Ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001

:				Fiscal Year		
		2003 P.A. 92-0538		2002 P.A. 92-0008		2001 P.A. 91-0706
	•	.A. 02-0000		1 .A. 02-0000		.A. 91-0700
General Revenue Fund						
Appropriations (net after transfers)	\$	29,148,000	\$	25,232,000	\$	22,048,000
Expenditures, State contributions		29,148,000		25,232,000		22,048,000
Lapsed balances	\$		\$		\$	
State Pension Fund						
Appropriations (net after transfers)	\$	2,225,000	\$	2,300,000	\$	2,170,000
Expenditures, annual allocations		2,225,000		2,300,000	·	2,170,000
Lapsed balances	\$		\$		\$	_
Grand total, all Funds						
Appropriations (net after transfers)	\$	31,373,000	\$	27,532,000	\$	24,218,000
Total expenditures		31,373,000	•	27,532,000	*	24,218,000
Lapsed balances	\$	_	\$		\$	

#### Compliance Audit

#### Comparative Schedules of Revenue and Expenses Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

)	2003		2002
Revenue			
Contributions			
Participants	\$ 12,904	.997 \$	12,487,303
Employer	31,440	-	27,532,000
Total contributions	44,345		40,019,303
Investments			
Net investment income	7,045	748	8,432,347
Interest earned on cash balances	157,		219,154
Net (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(7,429,		(33,145,381)
Total net investment (loss)	(226,		(24,493,880)
Total revenue	44,118,	983	15,525,423
Expenses			
Benefits			
Retirement annuities	44,507,	057	41,145,096
Survivors' annuities	12,207,		11,677,218
Total benefits	56,714,		52,822,314
Refunds of contributions	582,	469	353,163
Administrative expenses	427,		424,233
Total expenses	57,724,		53,599,710
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	<u>\$ (13,605,</u>	734) \$	(38,074,287)

## Compliance Audit

#### Comparative Schedules of Administrative Expenses Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

		2003	2002
Personal services	\$	244,458 \$	234,352
Employee retirement contributions paid by employer	·	9,431	9,385
Employer retirement contributions		25,277	23,557
Social Security contributions		16,854	15,906
Group insurance		29,469	30,254
Contractual services		76,070	79,366
Travel		8,965	10,310
Commodities		645	427
Printing		3,097	3,032
Electronic data processing		10,350	7,941
Telecommunications		2,480	2,438
Depreciation		1,347	2,704
Change in accrued compensated absences		(1,007)	4,561
Other		250	
Total	_\$	427,686 \$	424,233

Compliance Audit

### Schedule of Changes in Office Equipment Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Beginning Balance			Additions	Deletions	 Ending Balance		
Equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	43,635 (40,504)	\$	774 (1,347)	\$	(462) 210	\$ 43,947 (41,641)	
Equipment, net	\$	3,131	\$	(573)	\$	(252)	\$ 2,306	

This schedule has been reconciled to property reports submitted to the Office of the Comptroller.

#### **Compliance Audit**

#### Reconciliation of Revenue to Cash Receipts and to Deposits Remitted to the State Comptroller Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

		2003	2002
Total revenue for the year	\$	44,118,983	\$ 15,525,423
Add (deduct)			
Net investment income (loss) reinvested in the			
Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI)			
Commingled Fund		(7,045,748)	(8,432,347)
Net depreciation in fair value of investments		, , , , ,	, , , ,
reinvested in the ISB! Commingled Fund		7,429,253	33,145,381
Administrative expenses allocated to and			
reimbursable from the General Assembly			
Retirement System, State of Illinois		246,080	237,029
Receivables (net of refundable annuities)			
Beginning of year		4,707,189	603,072
End of year		(5,349,173)	(4,707,189)
Cash transfers from the ISBI		14,500,000	15,500,000
Participant's current year deferred service credit		,,	,,
payments, unearned at year end			
Beginning of year		(6,000)	(3,000)
End of year		9,000	6,000
Cancellation of annuities		94,697	79,767
Cancellation of refunds		2,048	20,895
Current year miscellaneous income netted		2,0.0	20,000
against administrative expenses		150	325
Current year contributions due from participants netted			020
against refunds payable to those participants		(16,303)	_
Current year tax deferred installment payment refunds		(10,000)	1,014
Total cash receipts per books	_	58,690,176	 51,976,370
Add (deduct)			
Deposits in transit:			
Beginning of year		540	_
End of year		•	(540)
Interest on cash balances		(165,209)	(234,022)
Cancellation of annuities		(94,697)	(79,767)
Cancellation of refunds		(2,048)	(20,895)
State Pension Fund allocation receipted in error and		(=,= .=)	(20,000)
subsequently refunded to the State Pension Fund (Fund #0054)		1,111,824	 -
Deposits remitted to the State Comptroller			
for order into the State Treasury	\$	59,540,586	\$ 51,641,146
•			 

#### Compliance Audit

#### Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

#### **Schedules of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c
06/30/1998 06/30/1999 06/30/2000 06/30/2001 06/30/2002 06/30/2003	\$ 356,692,936 389,761,923 422,933,720 381,733,581 343,659,294 330,053,560	\$ 747,275,530 805,587,241 871,153,418 937,091,513 1,020,846,773 1,076,231,965	\$ 390,582,594 415,825,318 448,219,698 555,357,932 677,187,479 746,178,405	47.7% 48.4 48.5 40.7 33.7 30.7	\$ 94,626,000 99,200,000 104,000,000 109,900,000 118,700,000 123,900,000	412.8% 419.2 431.0 505.3 570.5 602.2

#### **Schedules of Employer Contributions**

Year Ended June 30	C	Annual Required contribution per GASB Statement No. 25	Percentage Contributed	Annual Required Payroll ontribution per State Statute	Percentage Contributed
1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003	\$	28,867,624 38,631,275 40,205,224 42,546,928 47,277,311 53,470,841	54.3% 48.4 53.2 56.9 58.2 58.7	\$ 15,664,000 18,293,000 21,388,000 24,218,000 27,532,000 31,373,000	100.0% 102.2 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

Valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method:

(a) For GASB Statement No. 25 reporting purposes

(b) Per State Statute

Remaining amortization period:

(a) For GASB Statement No. 25 reporting purposes

(b) Per State Statute

Asset valuation method

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Assumed inflation rate Group size growth rate Postretirement increase

June 30, 2003 **Projected Unit Credit** 

Level percent of payroll

15-year phase-in to a level percent of payroll until a 90%

funding level is achieved

40 years, open 42 years, closed Fair value

8.0 percent per year, compounded annually 5.5 percent per year, compounded annually

4.0 percent 0.0 percent

3.0 percent per year, compounded annually

Compliance Audit

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### **Explanation of Significant Variations in Revenues**

#### Comments on Significant Variations Between Certain Revenue Accounts

	 2003	 2002	Increase/ (Decrease)	
Contributions from participants Contributions from employer Net investment income and interest	\$ 12,904,997 31,440,103	\$ 12,487,303 27,532,000	\$ 417,694 3,908,103	(1) (2)
earned on cash balances Net (depreciation) in fair of investments	7,203,136 (7,429,253)	8,651,501 (33,145,381)	(1,448,365) 25,716,128	(3) (3)

- (1) This increase is primarily due to an increase in the amount of optional service purchases during the year ended June 30, 2003.
- (2) The increase is mainly due to an increase in the actuarially determined employer contributions that are required to be paid to the System by the State each fiscal year. The required contributions are computed in accordance with the State's funding legislation (P.A. 88-0593) which became effective July 1, 1995.
- (3) Investments are managed by the Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI) pursuant to Chapter 40, Article 5/22A of the Illinois Compiled Statutes and were maintained in the ISBI Commingled Fund during the year ended June 30, 2003.

These variations are due to the net change in overall market performance, especially in the equity market. Overall, the ISBI's rate of return increased to 0.3 percent during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, from a negative 6.9 percent during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

**Compliance Audit** 

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### **Explanation of Significant Variations in Expenses**

#### Comments on Significant Variations Between Certain Expense Accounts

	2003	 2002	 Increase/ (Decrease)	
Retirement annuities Survivors' annuities Refunds of contributions	\$ 44,507,057 12,207,505 582,469	\$ 41,145,096 11,677,218 353,163	\$ 3,361,961 530,287 229,306	(1) (2) (3)

- (1) The increase is due to a net increase in the number of annuitants during the year ended June 30, 2003, as well as new annuitants receiving higher monthly benefits than the annuitants removed during the year. There is also a 3 percent automatic annuity increase each year to offset the effects of inflation.
- (2) The increase is due to a net increase in the number of survivor annuity recipients during the year ended June 30, 2003, as well as new survivor annuity recipients receiving higher monthly benefits than the survivor annuitants removed during the year. There is also a 3 percent automatic annuity increase each year to offset the effects of inflation.
- (3) The increase is primarily due to an increase in the number and amount of termination and survivor's annuity contribution refunds paid during the year ended June 30, 2003.

Compliance Audit

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### Analysis of Significant Statement of Plan Net Assets Accounts

	2003	2002
Cash Balances		
Cash in State Treasury	\$ 7,324,152	\$ 6,593,476

The increase in cash balances from the prior year is mainly due to timing differences in the receipts, expenditures, and transfer of funds from the Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI).

	 2003	 2002
Receivables		
Employer contributions Participants' contributions Refundable annuities Interest on cash balances Due from General Assembly Retirement System,	\$ 4,858,000 415,822 13,398 6,757	\$ 4,205,334 421,721 9,523 14,578
State of Illinois	68,594	67,604
Total receivables	\$ 5,362,571	\$ 4,718,760

The increase in employer contributions receivable was due to the timing of monthly state contributions received during the year. Two months of state contributions were not received until after June 30, 2003. No receivables were deemed uncollectible at June 30, 2003.

#### Investments

#### General information:

Pursuant to Article 22A of the Illinois Pension Code, investments of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois are managed by the ISBI and are held in the ISBI Commingled Fund. Units of the ISBI Commingled Fund are issued to the member systems on the last day of the month based on the unit net asset value calculated as of that date. Net investment income of the ISBI Commingled Fund is allocated to each of the member systems on the last day of the month on the basis of percentage of accumulated units owned by the respective systems.

Investment portfolio management and performance are the direct responsibility of the ISBI which establishes investment policy and strategy.

**Compliance Audit** 

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### Analysis of Significant Statement of Plan Net Assets Accounts (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

Comparison of the changes in the System's investments held in the ISBI Commingled Fund for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, is summarized as follows:

	2003		2002
Balance at beginning of year, at fair value Net cash (withdrawn) from investments	\$ 332,424,596 (14,500,000) 317,924,596	\$	372,637,630 (15,500,000) 357,137,630
Investment income			
Commingled Fund Income	7,732,632		9,226,184
Expenses	(686,884)		(793,837)
Net investment income	7,045,748	_	8,432,347
Net (depreciation) in fair value of investments			
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments	17,854,688		(24,164,323)
Net realized (loss) on sale of investments	(25,283,941)		(8,981,058)
	 (7,429,253)		(33,145,381)
Total net investment (loss)	 (383,505)		(24,713,034)
Balance at end of year, at fair value	\$ 317,541,091	\$	332,424,596

**Compliance Audit** 

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### Analysis of investment Performance (Unaudited)

An analysis of investment performance for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, is summarized as follows:

	2003	2002
Total return *	0.3%	(6.9)%
Average net income yield **	2.3	2.4
7 (Forago not moonlo ficia	2.0	۷.4

 <sup>\*</sup> Total return is the combined effect of income earned and market appreciation (depreciation).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Average net income yield is the income earned for the year divided by the average market value of assets employed.

**Compliance Audit** 

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### System's Functions and Planning Program

The Judges' Retirement System of Illinois was created effective July 1, 1941, to establish a method of permitting retirement, without hardship or prejudice, of judges who are aged or otherwise incapacitated, by enabling them to accumulate reserves for themselves and their dependents for old age, disability, death and termination of employment.

The System is governed by Chapter 40, Act 5, Article 18, of the "Illinois Compiled Statutes" and it is administered by a Board of Trustees consisting of five persons, as follows: the State Treasurer, the Chief of the Supreme Court, ex officio and three participating judges appointed by the Supreme Court.

Justice Thomas E. Hoffman is Chairman of the Board of Trustees and Mr. Robert V. Knox is the Executive Secretary of the System. The Executive Secretary is appointed by the Board and is charged with the administration of the detailed affairs of the System.

The System is also responsible for the general administration of the State Employees Group Insurance Program as it applies to eligible annuitants. This includes enrollment, processing life insurance claims and other administrative details related to that program.

Currently, the System utilizes a formal planning program which includes, among other things, operational project planning as well as administrative expense budgeting.

During fiscal year 2003, the System evaluated and expended the services available to members through the System's Internet site. In addition, the State Retirement System's EDP Division commenced work on a needs assessment review to identify future computer hardware and information system needs.

During fiscal year 2004, the System will continue to evaluate and expand the services available to members through the System's Internet site, as well as continue to offer pre-retirement, post-retirement and one-on-one counseling sessions at various locations throughout the State. The State Retirement System's EDP Division will continue to study and evaluate future computer hardware and information system needs.

The information above constitutes System representations and no attempt has been made to evaluate the technical details of the planning or the System's progress toward implementation. Overall, it appears that the System's management and planning procedures are sufficient with regard to the System's needs and statutory requirements.

Compliance Audit

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### Progress in Funding the System

The actuarial accrued liability of the System as of June 30, 2003, amounted to approximately \$1,076 million. The actuarial value of assets (at fair value) as of June 30, 2003 amounted to approximately \$330 million, leaving an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of approximately \$746 million. The annual required payroll contribution as computed by the System's actuary for fiscal year 2004 is \$36.5 million. The annual required contribution as computed by the System's actuary for fiscal year 2005 is \$32 million.

In August 1994, Senate Bill 533 was signed into law as Public Act 88-0593. This funding legislation, which became effective July 1, 1995, provides for a systematic 50 year funding plan with an ultimate goal to fund the cost of maintaining and administering the System at an actuarial funded ratio of 90%. In addition, the funding plan provides for a 15 year phase-in period to allow the State to adapt to the increased financial commitment. Once the 15 year phase-in is complete, the State's contribution will then remain at a level percentage of payroll for the next 35 years until the 90% funded level is achieved.

The funding legislation also provides for the establishment of a continuing appropriation of the required employer contributions to the System. This, in effect, removed the appropriation of these funds from the annual budgetary process.

Public Act 93-0002 became law on April 7, 2003, and authorized the State to issue \$10 billion in general obligation bonds for the purpose of making contributions to the retirement systems. On June 12, 2003, the State issued \$10 billion in General Obligation Bonds, Pension Funding Series of June 2003.

Commencing with fiscal year 2005, the maximum State contribution under Public Act 93-0002 equals the State contribution that would have been required if the general obligation bond contribution had not been made, reduced – but not below zero – by the State's debt service on each system's respective portion of the full \$10 billion of General Obligation Bonds, Pension Funding Series of June 2003.

#### System Employees

The average number of employees during the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 are functionally classified as follows:

	2003	2002
Executive and administrative Accounting, bookkeeping and clerical	3 4	4
	7	8

Compliance Audit

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### Comparison of Administrative Expenses to Total Expenses

	 2003	 2002
Total expenses		
Benefits	\$ 56,714,562	\$ 52,822,314
Refunds	582,469	353,163
Administrative	427,686	424,233
Total expenses	\$ 57,724,717	\$ 53,599,710
Administrative expenses as a percentage of total expenses	 0.7%	0.8%

Administrative expenses are not subject to appropriation control but are controlled by budgets adopted by the Board of Trustees. Administrative expenses common to the Judges Retirement System and the General Assembly Retirement System, State of Illinois are paid 60% by the Judges Retirement System and 40% by the General Assembly Retirement System, State of Illinois. Invoices/vouchers covering common expenses incurred are paid by the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois and 40% thereof is allocated to and reimbursed by the General Assembly Retirement System of Illinois.

#### **Emergency Purchases**

No emergency purchases were reported by the System to the Office of the Auditor General during fiscal year 2003.

#### **Illinois First Projects**

The System did not receive any funds for Illinois First Projects during fiscal year 2003.

#### **Compliance Audit**

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### Service Efforts and Accomplishments (Unaudited)

	2003	2002
Membership data Active members Inactive members Total members	920 42 962	909 35 944
Benefit payments processed Recurring Retirement annuities (1) Survivors' annuities (2) Total	539 325 864	517 321 838
Termination refunds processed	2	~
Retirement counseling* Preretirement seminars held One-on-one counseling programs held Postretirement seminars held	2 11 -	4 13 -

<sup>\*</sup> Held in conjunction with the General Assembly Retirement System, State of Illinois.

<sup>(1) 98%</sup> of the fiscal year 2003 retirement annuities were processed in less than 30 days.

<sup>(2) 91%</sup> of the fiscal year 2003 survivors' annuities were processed in less than 30 days.

**Compliance Audit** 

Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### Subsequent Event

On April 7, 2003, Governor Rod Blagojevich signed House Bill 2660 into law as Public Act 93-0002. This new law authorized the State of Illinois to issue \$10 billion of General Obligation Bonds for the purpose of making contributions to designated retirement systems. The Judges' Retirement System (JRS) is one of the "designated retirement systems" for the purpose of this new law. In addition, the "Pension Contribution Fund" was created as a special fund in the State Treasury.

On June 12, 2003, the State of Illinois issued \$10 billion of General Obligation Bonds, Pension Funding Series of June 2003, and deposited the net bond proceeds of \$7,317,292,916 into the Pension Contribution Fund. Bond proceeds of \$2,682,707,084 will be utilized (1) to reimburse the General Revenue Fund for the last quarter of the State's fiscal year 2003 required contributions and the total fiscal year 2004 required contributions to the designated retirement systems (\$2,160,000,000); (2) to fund interest payments due December 1, 2003 and June 1, 2004 on the General Obligation Bonds, Pension Funding Series of June 2003 (\$481,038,334); and (3) bond issuance and other costs (\$41,668,750).

The net bond proceeds of \$7,317,292,916 were allocated among the five state-funded retirement systems to reduce their actuarial reserve deficiencies as provided in P.A. 93-0002. Pursuant to the amendments to the General Obligation Bond Act (30 ILCS 330/7.2) contained in the act, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget has determined the percentage distribution of the proceeds. The allocation of the proceeds was based on the percentage distribution of the State's total actuarial reserve deficiency as of June 30, 2002.

JRS received an allocation of bond proceeds equal to \$141,955,483 on July 1, 2003. The monies were deposited into its Master Trust account with the Illinois State Board of Investment, on July 2, 2003.

## REPORT DIGEST

# JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

#### FINANCIAL AUDIT

For the Year Ended: June 30, 2003

Release Date:

February 10, 2004



State of Illinois
Office of the Auditor General
WILLIAM G. HOLLAND
AUDITOR GENERAL

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#### **SYNOPSIS**

- ♦ The unfunded liability of the System was \$746 million at June 30, 2003. The System's funded ratio at that date was 30.7%.
- ◆ Approximately \$142 million of bond proceeds were deposited into the System's investment account on July 2, 2003 as a result of P.A. 93-0002. This new law authorized the State of Illinois to issue \$10 billion in General Obligation bonds for the purpose of making contributions to designated retirement systems.

#### INTRODUCTION

This digest covers our financial audit of the System for the year ended June 30, 2003. A compliance audit covering the year ending June 30, 2003 is being issued separately.

The System shares administrative staff and common administrative expenses with the General Assembly Retirement System (GARS). The GARS reimburses the System for 40 percent of the administrative costs incurred.

It should be noted that, pursuant to the Illinois Pension Code, the Illinois State Board of Investment manages the investments of the System.

#### UNDERFUNDING OF THE SYSTEM

The actuarial accrued liability was valued at \$1,076 million at June 30, 2003. The actuarial value of assets (at fair value) totaled approximately \$330 million at June 30, 2003. The difference between the liability and the assets of \$746 million reflects the unfunded liability of the System at June 30, 2003. The Judges' Retirement System had a funded ratio of 30.7% at June 30, 2003.

#### SUBSEQUEUNT EVENT

On April 7, 2003, Governor Rod Blagojevich signed House Bill 2660 into law as Public Act 93-0002. This new law authorized the State of Illinois to issue \$10 billion of General Obligation Bonds for the purpose of making contributions to designated retirement systems. The Judges Retirement System is one of the designated retirement systems.

The Judges Retirement System received an allocation of bond proceeds equal to \$141,955,483 on July 1, 2003. The monies were deposited into its Master Trust account with the Illinois State Board of Investments, on July 2, 2003.

Unfunded liability at June 30, 2003 totals \$746 million

\$142 million of bond proceeds were deposited into the System's investment account on July 2, 2003

#### **AUDITORS' OPINION**

Our auditors state that the June 30, 2003 financial statements of the System are fairly presented.

WILLIAM G. HOLLAND, Auditor General

WGH:RPU:pp

#### SPECIAL ASSISTANT AUDITORS

McGladrey & Pullen LLP were our special assistant auditors for this audit.

# STATE OF ILLINOIS JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

FINANCIAL REPORT
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 AND 2002
PERFORMED AS SPECIAL ASSISTANT AUDITORS
FOR THE AUDITOR GENERAL, STATE OF ILLINOIS

STATE OF ILLINOIS
JUDGES' RETIREMENT
SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

FINANCIAL REPORT
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 AND 2002
PERFORMED AS SPECIAL ASSISTANT AUDITORS
FOR THE AUDITOR GENERAL, STATE OF ILLINOIS

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#### JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2003 AND 2002

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT REPORT

#### SUMMARY

The audit of the accompanying financial statements of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois was performed by McGladrey & Pullen, LLP.

Based on their audit, the auditors expressed an unqualified opinion on the System's financial statements.

# McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable William G. Holland Auditor General, State of Illinois Springfield, Illinois

Board of Trustees Judges' Retirement System of Illinois Springfield, Illinois

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited the accompanying statements of plan net assets of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (the System), as of June 30, 2003 and 2002 and the related statements of changes in plan net assets for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the System's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the plan net assets of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, and the changes in plan net assets for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 and 4 and the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions on page 15 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2003 on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the System for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. The supplementary financial information on pages 16 and 17 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary financial information on pages 16 and 17 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

McGladrey of Pullen, LLP

Schaumburg, Illinois November 26, 2003

#### Management's Discussion & Analysis

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Judges' Retirement System's finances for all those with an interest in the System's finances.

This section presents management's discussion and analysis of the financial position and performance of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (System) for the year ended June 30, 2003. It is presented as a narrative overview and analysis. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal included in the Introductory Section, of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The System is a defined benefit, single-employer public employee retirement system. It provides services to 920 active judges and approximately 860 benefit recipients. Throughout this discussion and analysis units of measure (i.e. billions, millions, thousands) are approximate, being rounded up or down to the nearest tenth of the respective unit value.

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the System's financial reporting which is comprised of the following components:

(I) Basic Financial Statements. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, basic financial statements are presented for the System. This

#### **PLAN NET ASSETS**

The Statements of Plan Net Assets are presented for the System as of June 30, 2003 and 2002. These financial statements reflect the resources available to pay benefits to members, including retirees and beneficiaries, at the end of the years reported. A summary of the System's Plan Net Assets is presented below.

#### Condensed Statements of Plan Net Assets

(in thousands)

			increase/()	Decrease)
	2003	2002	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Cash and cash equivalent	s \$ 7,324.2	\$ 6,593.5	\$ 730.7	11.1%
Receivables	5,362.6	4,718.8	643.8	13.6
Investments, at fair value	317,541.1	332,424.6	(14,883.5)	(4.5)
Capital assets, net	2.3	3.1	(.8)	(25.8)
Total assets	330,230.2	343,740.0	(13,509.8)	(3.9)
Liabilities	176.6	80.7	95.9	118.8
Total plan net assets	\$330,053.6	\$343,659.3	\$(13,605.7)	(4.0)%

information presents the net assets held in trust for pension benefits for the System as of June 30, 2003. This financial information also summarizes the changes in net assets held in trust for pension benefits for the year then ended.

- (2) Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to achieve a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.
- (3) Required Supplementary Information. The required supplementary information consists of two schedules and related notes concerning actuarial information, funded status and required contributions for the System.
- (4) Other Supplementary Schedules. Other schedules include more detailed information pertaining to the System, including schedules of revenues by source, cash receipts and disbursements, and payments to consultants.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The System's net assets decreased by \$13.6 million, or 4% during fiscal year 2003. The decrease was primarily due to a downturn in equity markets and increasing benefit payments.
- The System was actuarially funded at 30.7% as of June 30, 2003 a decrease from 33.7% as of June 30, 2002.
- The overall rate of return for the Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI) Commingled Fund was a positive .3% for fiscal year 2003 compared to a negative 6.9% for fiscal year 2002.

# ADDITIONS TO PLAN NET ASSETS

Additions to Plan Net Assets include employer and participant contributions and net income from investment activities. Participant contributions were \$12.9 million and \$12.5 million for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Participant contribution rates are set by statute as a percentage of gross salary. Employer contributions increased to \$31.4 million in 2003 from \$27.5 million in 2002.

This increase was based on contributions required by the State's funding plan.

# DEDUCTIONS FROM PLAN NET ASSETS

Deductions from Plan Net Assets are primarily benefit payments. During 2003 and 2002, the System paid out \$57.3 million and \$53.2 million, respectively, in benefits and refunds, an increase of approximately 7.8% from 2002. Those higher payments were mainly due to an increase in the number of retirees and higher employee salaries on which the payments are based. The administrative costs of the System represented less than 1% of total deductions in both 2003 and 2002.

#### **FUNDED RATIO**

The funded ratio of the plan measures the ratio of net assets against actuarially determined liabilities and is one indicator of the fiscal strength of a pension fund's ability to meet obligations to its members. An annual actuarial valuation is required by statute. The most recent available valuation showed the funded status of the System on June 30, 2003 decreased to 30.7% from 33.7% on June 30, 2002.

The amount by which actuarially determined liabilities exceeded net assets was \$746.2 million on June 30, 2003 compared to \$677.2 million on June 30, 2002. Several reasons for the decrease were weak financial markets in 2003 and 2002, and an increase in actuarial liabilities.

#### INVESTMENTS

Investments of the System are combined in a commingled investment pool with the State Employees' Retirement System and the General Assembly Retirement System. Each system owns an equity position in the pool

and receives proportionate investment income from the pool in accordance with respective ownership percentage. Investment gains or losses are reported in the Statement of Changes in Plan NetAssets of each retirement system.

Net investment income less expenses of the ISBI Commingled Fund totaled approximately \$12.7 million during fiscal year 2003, versus net investment losses of \$577.9 million during fiscal year 2002, resulting in returns of a positive .3% and a negative 6.9%, respectively. The actual rate of return earned by the System will vary from the return earned on the total ISBI Commingled Fund as the result of overall market conditions at the time of additional investments in or withdrawals from the ISBI Commingled Fund. For the three and five year period ended June 30, 2003, the ISBI Commingled Fund earned a compounded rate of return of a negative 4.6% and a positive 1.8%, respectively.

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois, Accounting Division, 2101 S. Veterans Parkway, P. O. Box 19255, Springfield, Illinois 62794

#### **CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS**

The Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets are presented for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. These financial statements reflect the changes in the resources available to pay benefits to members, including retirees and beneficiaries.

## Condensed Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets (in thousands)

		·	Increase/(E	ncrease/(Decrease)		
			Dollar	Percent		
	2003	2002	Change	Change		
Additions	•					
Participant contributions	\$12,905.0	\$ 12,487.3	\$ 417.7	3.3%		
Employer contributions	31,440.1	27,532.0	3,908.1	14.2		
Net investment (loss)	(226.1)	(24,493.9)	24,267.8	99.1		
Total additions	44,119.0	15,525.4	28,593.6	184.2		
Deductions						
Benefits	56,714.5	52,822.3	3,892.2	7.4		
Refunds	582.5	353.2	229.3	64.9		
Administrative expenses	427.7	424.2	3.5	.8		
Total deductions	57,724.7	53,599.7	4,125.0	7.7		
Net (decrease)						
in plan net assets	\$(13,605.7	) \$ <u>(38,074.3</u>	\$24,468.6 ===================================	64.3%		

## JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

Statements of Plan Net Assets June 30, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
Assets		
Cash	\$ 7,324,152	\$ 6,593,476
Receivables:		
Employer contributions	4,858,000	4,205,334
Participants' contributions	415,822	421,721
Refundable annuities	13,398	9,523
Interest on cash balances	6,757	14,578
Due from General Assembly Retirement System	68,594	67,604
Total receivables	5,362,571	4,718,760
Investments - held in the Illinois State Board of		
Investment Commingled Fund at fair value	317,541,091	332,424,596
Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	2,306	3,131
Total Assets	\$330,230,120	\$343,739,963
Liabilities		
Refunds payable	76,120	-
Participants' deferred service credit accounts	9,000	6,000
Administrative expenses payable	91,440	74,669
Total Liabilities	176,560	80,669
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	\$330,053,560	\$343,659,294
(A schedule of funding progress is presented on page 15.)	- <del></del>	
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		

## **JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS**

Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Participants	\$ 12,904,997	\$ 12,487,303
Employer	31,440,103	27,532,000
Total contributions	44,345,100	40,019,303
Investments:		
Net investment income	7,045,748	8,432,347
Interest earned on cash balances	157,388	219,154
Net (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(7,429,253)	(33,145,381)
Total net investment (loss)	(226,117)	(24,493,880)
Total Additions	44,118,983	15,525,423
Deductions:		
Benefits:		
Retirement annuities	44,507,057	41,145,096
Survivors' annuities	12,207,505	11,677,218
Total benefits	56,714,562	52,822,314
Refunds of contributions	582,469	353,163
Administrative expenses	427,686	424,233
Total Deductions	57,724,717	53,599,710
Net (Decrease)	(13,605,734)	(38,074,287)
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits:		
Beginning of year	343,659,294	381,733,581
End of year	\$330,053,560	\$343,659,294
End of your		
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		

# JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2003 and 2002

#### I. Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial reporting entity include (1) the primary government (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (System) is administered by a Board of Trustees consisting of five persons, which include the State Treasurer, the Chief of the Supreme Court, ex officio, and three participating judges appointed by the Supreme Court.

Based on the criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, there are no other state agencies, boards or commissions, or other organizations re-

At June 30, 2003 and 2002, the System membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries	2003	2002
currently receiving benefits:		
Retirement annuities	539	517
Survivors' annuities	325_	321_
	864	838
Inactive participants entitled to benefits		
but not yet receiving them	<u>42</u>	35_
Total	906	<u>873</u>
Current participants:		
Vested	660	613
Nonvested	260_	296_
Total	920	909

Operation of the System and the direction of its policies are the responsibility of the Board of Trustees.

quired to be combined with the System, however, the System is considered to be part of the State of Illinois financial reporting entity, and is to be combined and included in the State of Illinois' comprehensive annual financial report.

Pursuant to federal tax law and regulations governing the administration of public employee pension plans, the System has established a separate fund for the sole purpose of paying benefits in accordance with Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code. The receipts and disbursements from the fund for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 were each less than \$155,000. Due to the immaterial nature of the separate fund, these receipts and disbursements have been included in the System's financial statements.

#### 2. Plan Description

The System is the administrator of a singleemployer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the State of Illinois to provide pension benefits for its participants.

#### a. Eligibility and Membership

The Judges' Retirement System covers Judges, Associate Judges and, under certain conditions, the Administrative Director of the Illinois courts. Participation by Judges, either appointed or elected, is mandatory unless the Judge files an election not to participate within 30 days of receipt of notice of this option.

#### b. Contributions

In accordance with Chapter 40, Section 5/18-133 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, participants contribute specified percentages of their salaries for retirement annuities, survivors' annuities and automatic annual increases. Contributions are excluded from gross income for Federal and State income tax purposes.

The statutes governing the Judges' Retirement System provide for optional contributions by participants, with interest at prescribed rates, to retroactively establish service credits for periods of prior creditable service.

The Board of Trustees has adopted the policy that interest payments by a participant, included in optional contributions to retroactively establish service credits, shall be considered an integral part of the participant's investment in annuity expectancies and, as such, shall be included as a part of any refund payable.

The payment of (1) the required State contributions, (2) all benefits granted under the System and (3) all expenses in connection with the administration and operation thereof are the obligations of the State to the extent specified in Chapter 40, Article 5/18 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

#### c. Benefits

After 10 years of credited service, participants have vested rights to full retirement benefits beginning at age 60, or reduced retirement benefits beginning at age 55. Participants also have vested rights to full retirement benefits at age 62 upon completing 6 years of credited service or at age 55 upon completing 26 years of credited service.

The Judges' Retirement System also provides annual automatic annuity increases for retirees and survivors, survivors' annuity benefits, temporary and/or total disability benefits and, under specified conditions, lump-sum death benefits.

The retirement annuity provided under the system is 3-1/2% for each of the first 10 years of service, plus 5% for each year of service in excess of 10, based upon the applicable final salary. The maximum retirement annuity is 85% of the applicable final salary. Annual automatic increases of 3% of the current amount of retirement annuity are provided.

Participants who terminate service and are not eligible for an immediate annuity may receive, upon application, a refund of their total contributions. Participants or annuitants who are not married are entitled to refunds of their contributions for survivors.

#### Financial Statements

Participants who are eligible to receive the maximum rate of annuity may irrevocably elect to discontinue contributions and have their benefits "frozen" based upon the applicable salary in effect immediately prior to the effective date of such election.

Participants who have attained age 60 and are eligible to receive the maximum rate of annuity and have not elected to discontinue contributing to

The total contribution rate is 11% if the participants elect to contribute for their spouse and dependents as shown below:

7.5% Retirement annuity
2.5% Survivors' annuity
1.0% Automatic annual increases

the System may irrevocably elect to have their contributions based only on the salary increases received on or after the effective date of such election rather than on the total salary received.

# 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

#### a. Basis of Accounting

The financial transactions of the System are maintained and these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Participant and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The System has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, that do not contradict GASB Pronouncements.

#### b. Cash and Investments

The System retains all of its available cash in a commingled investment pool managed by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois (Treasurer). All deposits are fully collateralized by the Treasurer. "Available cash" is determined to be that amount which is required for the current

operating expenditures of the System. The excess of available cash is transferred to the Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI) for purposes of long-term investment for the System.

The System transfers money to the ISBI for investment in the ISBI Commingled Fund. This money is then allocated among various investment managers to pursue a specific investment strategy. All investment transactions are initiated by the investment managers (either internal or external). The transaction settlement information is then forwarded to the agent bank's trust department under a master custodial agreement.

Custody of a majority of the actual physical securities is maintained at an agent of the agent bank's trust department using a book-entry system. The ISBI's master custodian is The Northern Trust Company. The agent of the master custodian is the Depository Trust Company.

Investments are managed by the ISBI pursuant to Chapter 40, Article 5/22A of the Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and are maintained in the ISBI Commingled Fund. The ISBI reports securities at fair value. Where appropriate, the fair value includes estimated disposition costs.

Fair value for stocks is determined by using the closing price listed on the national securities exchanges as of June 30. Market value for fixed income securities are determined principally by using quoted market prices provided by independent pricing services. For commingled equity funds, the net asset value is determined and certified by the commingled equity fund manager as of June 30. Fair value for directly owned real estate investments is determined by appraisals.

Units of the ISBI Commingled Fund are issued to the member systems on the last day of the month based on the unit net asset value calculated as of that date. Net investment income of the ISBI Commingled Fund is allocated to each of the member systems on the last day of the month on the basis of percentage of accumulated units owned by the respective systems. Management expenses are deducted monthly from income before distribution.

The investment authority of the ISBI is provided in Chapter 40, Section 5/22A-112 of

the ILCS. The ISBI investment authority includes investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and other agencies, notes secured by mortgages which are insured by the Federal Housing Commission, real estate, common and preferred stocks, convertible debt securities, deposits or certificates of deposit of federally insured institutions and options.

Such investment authority requires that all opportunities be undertaken with care, skill, prudence and diligence given prevailing circumstances that a prudent person acting in like capacity and experience would undertake. The ISBI does not have any one investment which represents 5% or more of the ISBI's net assets.

The ISBI participates in a securities lending program at its custodian bank, whereby securities are loaned to brokers and, in return, the ISBI has rights to a portion of a collateral pool. All of the ISBI's securities are eligible for the securities lending program. Collateral consists solely of cash, letters of credit, commercial paper and government securities having a market value equal to or greater than the securities loaned. There are no provisions for ISBI indemnification on the securities lending transactions. The ISBI had no credit risk as a result of its securities lending program as the collateral held exceeded the market value of the securities lent. As of June 30, 2003 and 2002, the ISBI had outstanding loaned investment securities having market values of \$676,614,658 and \$671,816,775, respectively, against which it had received collateral with values of \$699,833,455 and \$692,016,339, respectively.

Some of the ISBI managers invest in derivative securities. A derivative security is an investment whose payoff depends upon the value of other assets such as bond and stock prices, a market index, or commodity prices. The ISBI's investments in derivatives are not leveraged. Obligations to purchase (long a financial future or a call option) are held in cash or cash equivalents. In the case of obligations to sell (short a financial future or a put option), the reference security is held in the portfolio. Derivative transactions involve, to varying degrees, credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the possibility that a loss may occur because a party to a transaction fails to perform according to terms. Market risk is the possibility that a change in interest or currency rates will cause the value of a financial instrument to decrease or become more costly to settle. The market risk associated with derivatives, the prices of

which are constantly fluctuating, is regulated by imposing strict limits as to the types, amounts and degree of risk that investment managers may undertake. The ISBI Board and senior management approve these limits, and the risk positions of the investment managers are reviewed on a regular basis to monitor compliance with the limits.

During the year, derivative investments included forward foreign currency contracts, collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO's), futures and options. The remaining derivative securities are used to improve the yields or to hedge changes in interest rates.

Forward foreign currency contracts are used to hedge against the currency risk in the ISBI's foreign stock and fixed income portfolios. Forward foreign currency contracts are agreements to buy or sell specific amounts of a foreign currency at a specified delivery or maturity date for an agreed upon price. As the market value of the forward contracts vary, the ISBI Board records an unrealized gain or loss. Forward foreign currency contracts represent an off-balance sheet obligation, as there are no balance sheet assets or liabilities associated with those contracts. The market value of forward foreign currency contracts outstanding at June 30, 2003 and 2002, were as follows:

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002
Forward currency purchases	\$ 67,363,443	\$ 29,414,978
Forward currency sales	67,381,163	28,903,056
Unrealized gain (loss)	(17,720)	511,922

The ISBI also invests in mortgage-backed securities to maximize yields and to hedge against a rise in interest rates. These securities are based on cash flows from principal and interest payments on underlying mortgages. Therefore, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates. As of June 30, 2003 and 2002, the fair value of the ISBI Board's CMO holdings totaled \$112,763,325 and \$79,247,018, respectively.

The ISBI investment managers utilize financial futures to replicate an underlying security they desire to hold (sell) in the portfolio. In certain

instances, it may be beneficial to own a futures contract rather than the underlying security (arbitrage). Financial future contracts are also used to improve the yield or adjust the duration of the portfolio. Financial futures contracts are agreements to buy or sell a specified amount at a specified delivery or maturity date for an agreed upon price. As the market values of the futures contracts vary from the original contract price, a gain or loss is recognized and paid to or received from the clearinghouse. Financial futures represent an off-balance sheet obligation, as there are no balance sheet assets or liabilities associated with those contracts. The cash or securities to meet these obligations are held in the investment portfolio.

The ISBI Board's investment managers utilize options in an effort to add value to the portfolio (collect premiums) or protect (hedge) a position in the portfolio. Options are agreements that give one party the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell a specific amount of an asset for a specific price (called the strike price) on or before a specified expiration date. As the writer of financial options, the ISBI receives a premium at the outset of the agreement and bears the risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the instrument underlying the option. As the purchaser, the ISBI pays a premium at the outset of the agreement and the counterparty bears the risk of an unfavorable change in the price

of the financial instrument underlying the option.

The following table shows the futures and options positions held by the ISBI as of June 30, 2003:

Fixed income written call options

2003:			
	Number of Contracts	Con	tract principal*
Domestic:			
Equity futures purchased	207	\$	50,368,275
Fixed income futures purchased	20		2,346,875
Fixed income futures sold	883		103,029,906
Fixed income purchased put options	330		850,125
Fixed income written put options	586		276,005
Fixed income purchased call options	238		12,234

<sup>\*</sup> Contract principal amounts shown represent the market value of the underlying assets the contracts control. These are shown to present the volume of the transactions but does not reflect the extent to which positions may offset one another. These amounts do not represent the much smaller amounts potentially subject to risk. Contract principal values also do not represent actual balance sheet values.

1,220

#### Financial Statements

885,688

The System owns approximately 4.0% of the net investment assets of the ISBI Commingled Fund as of June 30, 2003. A schedule of investment expenses is included in the ISBI annual report.

For additional information regarding the ISBI's investments, please refer to the Annual Report of the ISBI as of June 30, 2003. A copy of the report can be obtained from the ISBI at 180 North LaSalle Street, Suite 2015, Chicago, Illinois 60601.

ISBI investments, as categorized by ISBI, are categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the ISBI at year end.

- Category I includes investments that are insured or registered or the securities are held by the master custodian in the ISBI's name.
- Category II includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered with the securities held by the counter-party's agent in the ISBI's name.
- Category III includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered with the securities held by the counter-party but not in the ISBI's name.

#### ISBI's investments categorized as of June 30, 2003

	Fair Value	Category I	Non Categorized
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations	\$ 862,128,328	\$ 862,128,328	\$ -
Foreign Obligations	181,133,769	181,133,769	-
Corporate Obligations	695,789,042	619,009,736	76,779,306
Convertible Bonds	861,871	861,871	_
Common Stock & Equity Funds	3,772,803,315	3,462,973,227	309,830,088
Convertible Preferred Stock	4,263	4,263	_
Preferred Stock	4,402,445	4,402,445	_
Foreign Equity Securities	1,174,665,480	1,144,903,493	29,761,987
Real Estate Funds	614,846,458	_	614,846,458
Alternative Investments	441,537,163	_	441,537,163
Money Market Instruments	283,727,618		283,727,618
Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts	(17,720)	(17,720)	
Total Investments	\$8,031,882,032	\$6,275,399,412	\$1,756,482,620

Investments in pooled funds are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

#### c. Actuarial Experience Review

In accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes, an actuarial experience review is to be performed at least once every five years to determine the adequacy of actuarial assumptions regarding the mortality, retirement, disability, employment, turnover, interest and earnable compensation of the members and beneficiaries of the System. An experience review was last performed as of June 30, 2002.

#### d. Administrative Expenses

Expenses related to the administration of the System are financed through investment earnings and employer retirement contributions. These expenses are budgeted and approved by the System's Board of Trustees.

Administrative expenses common to the Judges' Retirement System and the General Assembly Retirement System are borne 60% by the Judges' Retirement System and 40% by the General Assembly Retirement System. Invoices/vouchers covering common expenses

incurred are paid by the Judges' Retirement System, and 40% thereof is allocated to and reimbursed by the General Assembly Retirement System. Administrative expenses allocated to and reimbursed by the General Assembly Retirement System as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, were \$246,080 and \$237,029, respectively.

#### e. Risk Management

The System, as part of the primary government of the State, provides for risks of loss associated with workers' compensation and general liability through the State's self-insurance program. The System obtains commercial insurance for fidelity, surety, and property. There

have been no commercial insurance claims in the past three fiscal years.

# 4. Funding - Statutory Contributions Required and Contributions Made

For each fiscal year, the System's actuary performs an actuarial valuation and computes actuarially determined contribution requirements for the System, using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method.

For fiscal years 2003 and 2002, the required employer contributions were computed in accordance with Public Act 88-0593. This funding legislation, which became effective July 1, 1995, provides for a systematic 50 year funding plan with an ultimate goal to fund the cost of maintaining and administering the System at an actuarial funded ratio of 90%.

In addition, the funding plan provides for a 15 year phase-in period to allow the state to adapt to the increased financial commitment.

Once the 15 year phase-in period is complete, the state's contribution will then remain at a level percentage of payroll for the next 35 years until the 90% funded level is achieved.

The total amount of statutorily required employer contributions for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 was \$31,373,000 and \$27,532,000, respectively. The total amount of employer contributions received from the state during fiscal years 2003 and 2002 was \$31,373,000 and \$27,532,000, respectively.

# 5. Administrative Expenses

A summary of the administrative expenses for the Judges' Retirement System for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 are listed above.

#### 6. Equipment

Capital assets are capitalized at their cost at the time of acquisition. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. The estimated useful lives are as follows: (1) office furniture - 10 years, (2) equipment - 6 years, and (3) certain electronic data processing equipment - 3 years.

#### Financial Statements

#### Administrative expenses for fiscal years 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
Personal services	\$244,458	\$234,352
Employee retirement contributions paid by employer	9,431	9,385
Employer retirement contributions	25,277	23,557
Social security contributions	16,854	15,906
Group insurance	29,469	30,254
Contractual services	76,070	79,366
Travel	8,965	10,310
Printing	3,097	3,032
Commodities	645	<del>4</del> 27
Telecommunications	2,480	2,438
Electronic data processing	10,350	7,941
Depreciation	1,347	2,704
Change in accrued compensated absences	(1,007)	4,561
Other	250	
Total	\$427,686	\$424,233

#### Summary of the changes in equipment for fiscal years 2003 and 2002

		200	3	
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Equipment	\$ 43,635	\$ 774	\$ (462)	\$ 43,947
Accumulated depreciation	(40,504)	(1,347)	210	(41,641)
Equipment, net	\$ 3,131	\$ (573)	\$ (252)	\$ 2,306
		200	02	
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Equipment	\$ 44,120	\$ 1,529	\$ (2,014)	\$ 43,635
Accumulated depreciation	(39,814)	(2,704)	2,014	(40,504)
Equipment, net	\$ 4,306	\$ (1,175)	\$ -	\$ 3,131

#### 7. Accrued

#### Compensated Absences

Employees of the Judges' Retirement System are entitled to receive compensation for all accrued but unused vacation time and one-half of all unused sick leave earned after December 31, 1983 and prior to January 1, 1998 upon termination of employment. These accrued compensated absences as of June 30, 2003 and 2002 total \$40,364 and \$41,371, respectively and are included in administrative expenses payable.

#### 8. Pension Plan

Plan Description. All of the System's fulltime employees who are not eligible for participation in another state-sponsored retirement plan participate in the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS), which is a pension trust fund in the State of Illinois reporting entity.

The SERS is a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) in which state employees participate, except those covered by the State Universities, Teachers', General Assembly, and Judges' Retirement Systems.

The financial position and results of operations of the SERS for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 are included in the State of Illinois' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The SERS also issues a separate CAFR that may be obtained by writing to the SERS, 2101 South Veterans Parkway, Springfield, Illinois, 62794-9255 or by calling 217-785-7202.

The State of Illinois' CAFR may be obtained by writing to the State Comptroller's Office, Financial Reporting Department, 325 West Adams St., Springfield, Illinois, 62704-1858 or by calling 217-782-2053.

A summary of SERS' benefit provisions, changes in benefit provisions, employee eligibility requirements including eligibility for vesting, and the authority under which benefit provisions are established, are included as an integral part of the SERS' CAFR. Also included is a discussion of employer and employee obligations to contribute, and the authority under which those obligations are established.

Funding Policy. The System pays employer retirement contributions based upon an actuarially determined percentage of its payrolls. For fiscal years 2003 and 2002 the employer contribution rates were 10.321% and 10.04%, respectively.

Effective for pay periods beginning after December 31, 1991, the State opted to pay the employee portion of retirement for most state agencies with employees covered by the State Employees' and Teachers' Retirement Systems.

The "pickup" is subject to sufficient annual appropriations and those employees covered may vary across employee groups and state agencies. Currently, state officers, judges, general assembly members, and state university employees are not eligible for the employee pickup.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. In addition to providing pension benefits, the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971, as amended, requires that certain health, dental and life insurance benefits shall be provided by the state to annuitants who are former state employees. This includes annuitants of the System.

Substantially all state employees including the System's employees may become eligible for post-employment benefits if they eventually become annuitants. Health and dental benefits include basic benefits for annuitants under the state's self-insurance plan and insurance contracts currently in force. Life insurance benefits are limited to five thousand dollars per annuitant age 60 and older.

Costs incurred for health, dental and life insurance for annuitants and their dependents were not separated from benefits provided to active employees and their dependents for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. However, post-employment costs for the state as a whole for all state agencies/departments for dependent health, dental and life insurance for annuitants and their dependents are disclosed in the State of Illinois' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Cost information for retirees by individual state agency is not available. Payments are made on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. The System is not the administrator of any of the other post-employment benefits described above.

# 9. Analysis of Changes in Reserve Balances

The funded statutory reserves of the Judges' Retirement System are composed of the following:

- a. Reserve for Participants' Contributions This reserve consists of participants' accumulated contributions for retirement annuities, survivors' annuities and automatic annual increases.
- b. Reserve for Future Operations This reserve is the balance remaining in the Judges' Retirement System from State of Illinois contributions and revenue from investments after consideration of charges for payouts by the Judges' Retirement System.

# SubsequentEvent

On April 7, 2003, Governor Rod Blagojevich signed House Bill 2660 into law as Public Act 93-0002. This new law authorized

the State of Illinois to issue \$10,000,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds for the purpose of making contributions to designated retirement systems. The Judges' Retirement System (JRS) is one of the "designated retirement systems" for the purpose of this new law. In addition, the "Pension Contribution Fund" was created as a special fund in the State Treasury.

On June 12, 2003, the State of Illinois issued \$10,000,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Pension Funding Series of June 2003, and deposited the net bond proceeds of \$7,317,292,916 into the Pension Contribution Fund. Bond proceeds of \$2,682,707,084 will be utilized (1) to reimburse the General Revenue Fund for the last quarter of the State's fiscal year 2003 required contributions and the total fiscal year 2004 required contributions to the designated retirement systems (\$2,160,000,000); (2) to fund interest payments due December 1, 2003 and June 1, 2004 on the General Obligation Bond, Pension Funding Series of June 2003 (\$481,038,334); and (3) bond issuance and other costs (\$41,668,750).

#### Statements of Changes in Reserve Balances Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

	Participants' Contributions	Future Operations	Total Reserve Balances
Balance at June 30, 2001 Add (deduct):	\$110,566,634	\$271,166,947	\$381,733,581
Excess of revenues over/(under) expenses Reserve transfers: Accumulated contributions of participants who retired or died with eligible	12,134,141	(50,208,428)	(38,074,287)
survivor during the year	_(5,889,19 <u>4)</u>	5,889,194	
Balance at June 30, 2002 Add (deduct):	116,811,581	226,847,713	343,659,294
Excess of revenues over/(under) expenses Reserve transfers: Accumulated contributions of participants who retired or died with eligible	12,463,957	(26,069,691)	(13,605,734)
survivor during the year	(7,401,823)	7,401,823	
Balance at june 30, 2003	\$121,873,715	\$208,179,845	\$330,053,560

The net bond proceeds of \$7,317,292,916 were allocated among the five state-funded retirement systems to reduce their actuarial reserve deficiencies as provided in P.A. 93-0002. Pursuant to the amendments to the General Obligation Bond Act (30ILCS 330/7.2) contained in that act, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget has determined the percentage distribution of the proceeds. The allocation of the proceeds was based on the percentage distribution of the State's total actuarial reserve deficiency as of lune 30, 2002.

JRS received an allocation of bond proceeds equal to \$141,955,483 on July 1, 2003. The monies were deposited into its Master Trust account with the Illinois State Board of Investment, on July 2, 2003.

#### Required Supplementary Information

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Lia -Pr	arial Accrued bility (AAL) ojected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Fund Rat (a/	io	Pa	vered yroll (c)	Percen Covered	L as a tage of l Payroll a]/c)
6/30/98	\$ 356,692,936	\$	747,275,530	\$ 390,582,594	47.	7% :	\$ 94,	,626,000	412	.8%
6/30/99	389,761,923		805,587,241	415,825,318	48.	4	99,	,200,000	419	.2
6/30/00	422,933,720		871,153,418	448,219,698	48.	5	104,	,000,000	431	.0
6/30/01	381,733,581		937,091,513	555,357,932	40.	7	109,	,900,000	505	.3
6/30/02	343,659,294	1	,020,846,773	677,187,479	33.	7	118,	,700,000	570	.5
6/30/03	330,053,560	l	,076,231,965	746,178,405	30.	7	123,	,900,000	602	.2

#### **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

Year Ended June 30	C	Annual Required ontribution oer GASB ement No. 25	Percentage Contributed	_	Annual Required ontribution per State Statute	Percentage Contributed
1998	\$	28,867,624	54.3%	\$	15,664,000	100.0%
1999		38,631,275	48. <del>4</del>		18,293,000	102.2
2000		40,205,224	53.2		21,388,000	100.0
2001		42,546,928	56.9		24,218,000	100.0
2002		47,277,311	58.2		27,532,000	100.0
2003		53,470,841	58.7		31,373,000	0.001

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date: June 30, 2003

Actuarial cost method: Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method:

- a. For GASB Statement No. 25 reporting purposes: Level percent of payroll
- b. Per state statute: 15-year phase-in to a level percent of payroll until a 90% funding level is achieved

Remaining amortization period:

- a. For GASB Statement No. 25 reporting purposes: 40 years, open
- b. Per state statute: 42 years, closed

Asset valuation method: Fair value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return: 8.0 percent per year, compounded annually

Projected salary increases: 5.5 percent per year, compounded annually

Assumed inflation rate: 4.0 percent

Group size growth rate: 0.0 percent

Post-retirement increase: 3.0 percent per year, compounded annually

#### Supplementary Financial Information

#### SUMMARY OF REVENUES BY SOURCE

Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

Cash balance, end of year

	2003	2002
Contributions:		
Participants:		
Participants	\$ 12,424,982	\$ 12,347,458
Interest paid by participants	180,070	121,249
Transferred from reciprocating systems	299,945	18,596
Total participant contributions	12,904,997	12,487,303
Employer:		
General Revenue Fund	29,148,000	25,232,000
State Pension Fund	2,225,000	2,300,000
Paid by participants	67,103	<u> </u>
Total employer contributions	31,440,103	27,532,000
Total contributions revenue	44,345,100	40,019,303
Investments:		
Net investment income	7,045,748	8,432,347
Interest earned on cash balances	157,388	219,154
Net (depreciation) in fair value of investments	<u>(7,429,253)</u>	(33,145,381)
Total net investment (loss)	(226,117)	(24,493,880)
Total revenues	\$ 44,118,983	\$ 15,525,423

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

2003 2002 Cash balance, beginning of year \$ 6,593,476 \$ 8,529,516 Receipts: Participant contributions 12,508,912 12,379,198 Employer contributions: General Revenue Fund 28.509.699 21.026.666 State Pension Fund 2,300,000 2,225,000 46,446 Paid by participants 165,209 234,022 Interest income on cash balances Reimbursements from General Assembly Retirement System 245,090 231,705 20,915 After-tax installment payments 81,383 20,895 Cancellation of refunds 2,048 Cancellation of annuities 94,697 79,767 Tax-deferred installment payments 72,065 103,813 299,945 18,596 Transfers from reciprocating systems Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment 14,500,000 15,500,000 150 325 Miscellaneous 51,976,370 Total cash receipts 58,690,176 Disbursements: Benefit payments: 44,581,830 41,190,645 Retirement annuities 12,231,304 11,710,707 Survivors' annuities 490,045 377,120 Refunds 633,938 Administrative expenses 656,321 57,959,500 53,912,410 Total cash disbursements

\$ 6,593,476

\$ 7,324,152

# Supplementary Financial Information

# SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS TO CONSULTANTS Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
Actuary	\$17,000	\$17,000
Audit fees	20,089	20,760
Legal services	990	2,410
Financial planner	300	729
Medical services	350	420_
Total	<u>\$38,729</u>	\$41,319

# JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Illinois

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

2101 South Veterans Parkway P. O. Box 19255 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9255

Prepared by the Accounting Division

Printed by Authority of the State of Illinois 1250/\$1.45ea/12/03/125-03 Printed on Recycled Paper

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

#### Letter of Transmittal



- State Employees' Retirement System of Illinois
- General Assembly Retirement System
- · Judges' Retirement System of Illinois

2101 South Veterans Parkway, P.O. Box 19255, Springfield, IL 62794-9255 217-785-7444

December 15, 2003

The Board of Trustees and Members Judges' Retirement System of Illinois Springfield, IL 62794

Dear Board of Trustees and Members:

The comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (System) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the System.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the System. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the System's financial activities have been included.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The System's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### The report consists of six sections:

- I. The Introductory Section contains this letter of transmittal, the identification of the administrative organization and the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting;
- 2. The Financial Section contains management's discussion and analysis, the report of the Independent Auditors, the financial statements of the System and certain re-

quired and other supplementary financial information;

- 3. The Investment Section contains a report on investment activity, investment policies, investment results and various investment schedules:
- **4.** The Actuarial Section contains the Actuary's Certification Letter and the results of the annual actuarial valuation;
- The Statistical Section contains significant statistical data; and
- The Plan Summary and Legislative Section contains the System's plan provisions and current legislative changes.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial reporting entity include:

- I. the primary government;
- organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and
- 3. other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Based on the criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, there are no other state agencies, boards or commissions, or other organizations required to be combined with the System, however, the System is considered to be part of the State of Illinois financial reporting entity, and is to be combined and included in the State of Illinois' comprehensive annual financial report.

Although the Judges' Retirement System, State Employees' Retirement System and General Assembly Retirement System share a common administration, they are separate entities for legal and financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the financial statements of the Judges' Retirement System do not include plan net asset

information nor the changes in plan net assets of the State Employees' Retirement System or General Assembly Retirement System.

#### **PLAN HISTORY &** SERVICES PROVIDED

The ludges' Retirement System was established as a single-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) by state statute on July I, 1941. As of June 30, 1942, the end of the System's first fiscal year of operations, there were a total of 260 participants and the plan net assets valued at cost amounted to approximately \$84,000. The fair value of plan net assets at the end of the fiscal year 2003 amounted to \$330.1 million, and there were 920 active participants.

The mission of the System as prescribed by state statute is to "establish an efficient method of permitting retirement, without hardship or prejudice, of judges who are aged or otherwise incapacitated, by enabling them to accumulate reserves for themselves and their dependents for old age, disability, death, and termination of employment."

#### INVESTMENTS

The System's investments are managed by the Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI) pursuant to Chapter 40, Article 5/22A of the Illinois Compiled Statues, using the "prudent person rule".

This rule states that fiduciaries shall discharge their duties solely in the interest of the fund participants and beneficiaries and with the degree of diligence, care and skill which prudent men and women would ordinarily exercise under similar circumstances in a like position.

The ISBI maintains a wide diversification of investments within this fund which is intended to reduce overall risk and increase returns. As further detailed in the Investment Section. this was a most challenging year in virtually all segments of the financial markets.

#### **FUNDING**

Funding is the process of specifically allocating monies for current and future use. Proper funding includes an actuarial review of the fund balances to ensure that funds will be available for current and future benefit payments. The greater the level of funding, the larger the ratio of accumulated assets to the actuarial accrued liability and the greater the level of investment potential.

A new funding plan for the System, enacted in 1994, requires that state contributions be paid to the System so that by the end of fiscal year 2045, the ratio of accumulated assets to the actuarial accrued liability will be 90%. For fiscal years 2011 through 2045, the required state contributions are to be computed as a level percentage of participant payroll.

For those fiscal years up through 2010, the required state contributions are to be increased incrementally as a percentage of the participant payroll so that by fiscal year 2011 the state is contributing at the required level contribution rate to achieve the financing objective by the end of fiscal year 2045.

In addition, the funding legislation also provided for the establishment of a continuing appropriation of the required state contributions to the System. This has, in effect, removed the appropriation of these funds from the annual budgetary process.

The actuarial determined liability of the System using the projected unit credit actuarial method at June 30, 2003, amounted to \$1.076 billion. The actuarial value of assets (at fair value) amounted to \$330 million as of the same date. A detailed discussion of funding is provided in the Actuarial Section of this report.

#### **ACCOUNTING SYSTEM** & INTERNAL CONTROL

This report has been prepared to conform with the principles of governmental accounting and reporting pronounced by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The accrual basis of accounting is used to record the financial transactions and activities of the System. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, without regard to the date of collection, and expenses are recognized when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made.

#### Letter of Transmittal

#### MAJOR EVENTS/ INITIATIVES

On "April" 7 - 2003 Governor Blaggievich signed House Bill 2660 intollaw as Public Act 93-0002 This legislation authorized the State to ilssue Sh0 billion in general obliga tion bonds for the purpose of mak ingrequired contributions to the fiv state=junded retirement systems in cluding the judges Retirement duding the Judges! Redirement System. On July II. 2003; the next bond proceeds were allocated and distributed to each of the five state-junded retirement systems based on each systems relative percentage or the total unfurned diability at June 30. 2002. The Judges! Retirement System received an allocation of bond proceeds totaling SIA II.955, 488 and depostical all of the proceeds thro Grellfrots Save Board of Investment Comminded Fundson July 24 2003 During fiscal year 2003, the System evaluated and expanded the services available to members through the System's linternet site. In additional and the System's linternet site. In additional and the System's linternet site. the System sunterinet site illi addition the State Retirement System's EDP Division commenced work on an eds assessment review to identify tuture computer hardware and information system needs.

During fiscal year 2004, the System will continue to evaluate and expand the services available to member through the System's Internet site, as well as continue to offer, prenetirement, post-actirement, and one-on-one counseling sessions at various locations, throughout the state The State Retirement Systems.

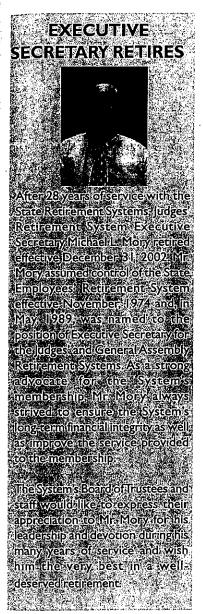
state. The State Retirement System's

EDP:Division will continue to study

and evaluate future computer hard-

ware and information system needs.

#### Letter of Transmittal



The System also uses the State of Illinois, Statewide Accounting Management System (SAMS) as a basis for the preparation of the financial statements.

In developing the System's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. These controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and the reliability of financial records. Constant effort is directed by the System at improving this level to assure the participants of a financially sound retirement system.

#### PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Independent consultants are retained by the Board of Trustees to perform professional services that are essential to the effective and efficient operation of the System. Actuarial services are provided by Goldstein & Associates, Chicago, Illinois. The System's investment function is managed by the Illinois State Board of Investment.

The annual financial audit of the System was conducted by the accounting firm of McGladrey & Pullen, LLP, under the direction of the Auditor General of the State of Illinois. In addition to the annual financial audit, a one year compliance audit was also performed by the auditors.

The purpose of the compliance audit was to determine whether the System obligated, expended, received and used public funds of the state in accordance with the purpose for which such funds have been authorized by law.

# CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing excellence in the preparation of state and local government financial reports.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents meet or exceed program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Judges' Retirement System of Illinois has received a Certificate of Achievement for the past fourteen consecutive years (fiscal years ended June 30, 1989 through June 30, 2002).

We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS AND COMMENTS

In October, 2002, Associate Executive Secretary Robert V. Knox was named by the Board of Trustees to succeed Mr. Mory effective January 1, 2003.

The preparation of this report reflects the combined efforts of the System's staff under the direction of the Board of Trustees. It is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions, as a means of determining compliance with legal provisions, and for determining responsible stewardship for the assets contributed by the members in the State of Illinois.

On behalf of the Board of Trustees, we would like to express our appreciation to the staff and professional consultants who worked so effectively to ensure the successful operation of the System.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert V. Knox Executive Secretary

Daid M. Prichter

David M. Richter, CPA Accounting Division

#### Administration



JUSTICE
Thomas E. Hoffman
Chairman



JUSTICE John J. Bowman Vice-Chairman



CHIEF JUDGE
Timothy C. Evans

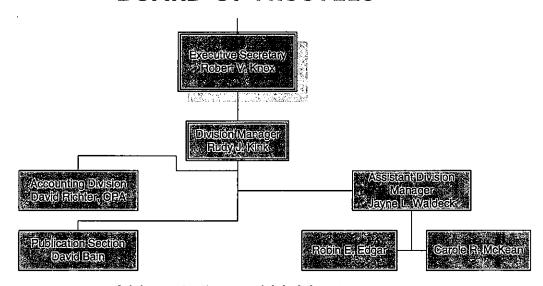


CHIEF JUSTICE
Mary Ann McMorrow



STATE TREASURER Judy Baar Topinka

#### **BOARD OF TRUSTEES**



#### Advisors, Auditors, and Administrators

Consulting Actuary

Goldstein & Associates Chicago, Illinois

External Auditor

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP Chicago, Illinois

Investments

Illinois State Board of Investment Chicago, Illinois

### Certificate of Achievement

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Judges' Retirement System of Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2002

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

**Executive Director** 

# FINANCIAL SECTION

# McGladrey & Pullen

artified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable William G. Holland Auditor General, State of Illinois Springfield, Illinois

Board of Trustees Judges' Retirement System of Illinois Springfield, Illinois

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited the accompanying statements of plan net assets of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (the System), as of June 30, 2003 and 2002 and the related statements of changes in plan net assets for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the System's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

'Ve conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and ne standards applicable to the financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the plan net assets of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, and the changes in plan net assets for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 12 and 13 and the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions on page 24 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we will also issue, under separate cover, our report dated November 26, 2003 on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the System. The troductory section, supplementary financial information on pages 25 and 26, investment section, actuarial section, statistical section and plan summary and legislative section are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary financial information on pages 25 and 26 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory, investment, actuarial, statistical and plan summary and legislative sections listed in the table of contents were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

McHadrey of Puller, LCP

Schaumburg, Illinois November 26, 2003

#### Management's Discussion & Analysis

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the **Judges' Retirement** System's finances for all those with an interest in the System's finances.

This section presents management's discussion and analysis of the financial position and performance of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (System) for the year ended June 30, 2003. It is presented as a narrative overview and analysis. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal included in the Introductory Section, of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The System is a defined benefit, single- employer public employee retirement system. It provides services to 920 active judges and approximately 860 benefit recipients. Throughout this discussion and analysis units of measure (i.e. billions, millions, thousands) are approximate, being rounded up or down to the nearest tenth of the respective unit value.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE** FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the System's financial reporting which is comprised of the following components:

(I) Basic Financial Statements. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, basic financial statements are presented for the System. This information presents the net assets held in trust for pension benefits for the System as of June 30, 2003. This financial information also summarizes the changes in net assets held in trust for pension benefits for the year then ended.

- (2) Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to achieve a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.
- Required Supplementary Information. The required supplementary information consists of two schedules and related notes concerning actuarial information, funded status and required contributions for the System.
- (4) Other Supplementary Schedules. Other schedules include more detailed information pertaining to the System, including schedules of revenues by source, cash receipts and disbursements, and payments to consultants.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The System's net assets decreased by \$13.6 million, or 4% during fiscal year 2003. The decrease was primarily due to a downturn in equity markets and increasing benefit payments.
- The System was actuarially funded at 30.7% as of June 30, 2003 a decrease from 33.7% as of June 30, 2002.
- The overall rate of return for the Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI) Commingled Fund was a positive .3% for fiscal year 2003 compared to a negative 6.9% for fiscal year 2002.

#### Condensed Statements of Plan Net Assets ADDITIONS TO PLAN (in thousands)

#### Additions to Plan Net Assets include employer and participant contributions and net income from investment activities. Participant contributions were \$12.9 million and \$12.5 million for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Participant contribution rates are set by statute as a percentage of gross salary. Employer contributions increased to \$31.4 million in

2003 from \$27.5 million in 2002.

**NET ASSETS** 

#### PLAN NET ASSETS

The Statements of Plan Net Assets are presented for the Syste and 2002. These financial statements reflect the resources available to pay benefits members including retirees and beneficiaries, at the end of they of the System's Plan Net Assets is presented below.

			Increase/(D	ecrease)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	er alaman in the	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Dollar	Percent
5、200 (G) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B)		2002	Change:	Change 😘
7. (1) ( <b>3) 数数</b> (4) (4) (4)		5.145 常 25 E		WOOD SHE
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,324.2	<b>*\$</b> 6,593.5	<b>\$</b> 730.7	11.1%
Receivables	5,362.6	4,718.8	÷ €643.8	l3.6
Investments, at fair value	317,541.1	332,424.6	(14,883.5)	(4.5)
Capital assets, net	2.3	<u> 3.1</u>	. (.8)	ુ <b>ં (25:8)</b> ્
Total assets	330,230.2	343,740.0	(13,509.8)	(3.9)
Liabilities	<u>* 176:6</u> -	80.7	<u>- 2</u> 95.9	118.8
Total plan net assets	\$330,053.6	\$343,659.3	\$(13,605.7 <u>)</u> .	(4.0)%
	Carlanda (Maria da Carla	The state of the second of the	221.1	

#### Management's Discussion & Analysis

This increase was based on contributions required by the State's funding plan.

# DEDUCTIONS FROM PLAN NET ASSETS

Deductions from Plan Net Assets are primarily benefit payments. During 2003 and 2002, the System paid out \$57.3 million and \$53.2 million, respectively, in benefits and refunds, an increase of approximately 7.8% from 2002. Those higher payments were mainly due to an increase in the number of retirees and higher employee salaries on which the payments are based. The administrative costs of the System represented less than 1% of total deductions in both 2003 and 2002.

#### **FUNDED RATIO**

The funded ratio of the plan measures the ratio of net assets against actuarially determined liabilities and is one indicator of the fiscal strength of a pension fund's ability to meet obligations to its members. An annual actuarial valuation is required by statute. The most recent available valuation showed the funded status of the System on June 30, 2003 decreased to 30.7% from 33.7% on June 30, 2002.

The amount by which actuarially determined liabilities exceeded net assets was \$746.2 million on June 30, 2003 compared to \$677.2 million on June 30, 2002. Several reasons for the decrease were weak financial markets in 2003 and 2002, and an increase in actuarial liabilities.

#### **INVESTMENTS**

Investments of the System are combined in a commingled investment pool with the State Employees' Retirement System and the General Assembly Retirement System. Each system owns an equity position in the pool

and receives proportionate investment income from the pool in accordance with respective ownership percentage. Investment gains or losses are reported in the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets of each retirement system.

Net investment income less expenses of the ISBI Commingled Fund totaled approximately \$12.7 million during fiscal year 2003, versus net investment losses of \$577.9 million during fiscal year 2002, resulting in returns of a positive .3% and a negative 6.9%, respectively. The actual rate of return earned by the System will vary from the return earned on the total ISBI Commingled Fund as the result of overall market conditions at the time of additional investments in or withdrawals from the ISBI Commingled Fund. For the three and five year period ended June 30, 2003, the ISBI Commingled Fund earned a compounded rate of return of a negative 4.6% and a positive 1.8%, respectively.

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois, Accounting Division, 2101 S. Veterans Parkway, P. O. Box 19255, Springfield, Illinois 62794

CHANGES	IN PLAN	ű NÉT /	SSETS	
The Statements of Changes in P	lm Nrat Assaul	relbresented	for the vears	ended lune
30, 2003 and 2002. These find	indial statemen	s reflect the	hanges in th	
available to pay benefits to mem	ज़्स्य (Meligili)3.00	attrees and be	reficiaries	
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			ncrease/(D	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA
	2003	NY 138-318-328-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-	Dollar Change	Rercent Changer
Additions				
Participant contributions Employer contributions	\$12,905.0 34,440.ks	\$   2,487.3 27,532.0	\$ 4177 3,908.I	3.8% 14.2%
Net investment (loss)	(226:1)	(24,493.9)	24,267.8	99.1
Total additions	344 LI9.0	<u>15,525.4</u>	28;593.6	(184.2
Deductions				
- Benefits Refunds	\$56,714.5 4 582.5	52,822.3 353.2	⊹3,892.2 ∵229.3	7.4 ± 64.9
Administrative expenses (4) Total deductions	427.7 #157.724.7	424.2 53,599.7	3.5. 4.J25.0	
	70000000000000000000000000000000000000		25.0 ± 5.0 ±	- Telephone (1997)
Net (decrease) in plan net assets	<b>\$</b> (13,605.7)	\$ <u>(38,074.3)</u>	\$24,468.6	64.3%
	\$0.00 <b>3.</b> 50 7.5			

## JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

Statements of Plan Net Assets June 30, 2003 and 2002

Assets	2003	2002
Cash	\$ 7,324,152 <u>-</u>	\$ 6,593,47
Receivables: Employer contributions Participants contributions Refundable annuities Interest on cash balances Due from General Assembly Retirement System	4:858:000 4:1518221 13:3398 4:67:571	4,205,33 421,72 9,52 14,57 67,60
Tiotal receivables	5,362;57/L 2,2,5,362;57/L	4,718,760
Investments held in the Illinois State Board of Investment Commingled Fund at fair value	317,54 [,09]	332,424,59
Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>2/306</u>	3,13
Total Assets	\$330,230,120 s	<u>*                                    </u>
Liabilities :		
Refunds' payable Participants' (deferned service credit accounts Administrative expenses payable	3 76,120 3,9,000, x 91,440	-£6;00 74;66
Total Liabilities	176,560 2	80,66
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	\$330,053,560	\$3,43,659,29
(A schedule of funding progress is presented on page 24.)		
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		

## JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

dditions:	2003	2002
Contributions:		
Participants	\$ 12,904,997.	\$.12,487,303
Employer	31, <del>44</del> 0,[[03]	27,532,000
Total contributions	44,345, <u>F00</u>	40,019,303
Investments:	A CONTRACTOR	
Net investment incomens	7,045,748	8,432,347
Interest earned on cash balances	[57,388]	219,154
Net (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(7,429,253)	. <u>(33,i.45,381)</u>
Total net investment (loss)	(226,117) <sup>kty</sup>	- + <u>(24,493;880)</u>
Total Additions	44.118.983	%\()5,525,423
reductions:		os concidente.
Benefits:		
Retirement annuities	44,507;057	. 9741;145;096
Survivors annuities	12,207,505	¥: 111,677,218
Total benefits:	56,714,562	52,822,314
Refunds of contributions	582,469	
Administrative expenses	427;686	ii∖ <u>ri •€4-,<b>424,23</b>3</u> :
Total Deductions	57,724,7  7;	53,599,710
Net (Decrease)	(13,605,734)	(38,074,287 <u>)</u>
et assets held in trust for pension benefits:		
Beginning of year	343,659,294	<u>381,733,581</u>
End of year	\$330,053,560	\$343,659,294
e accompanying notes to financial statements.		

## Financial Statements

# JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2003 and 2002

#### Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial reporting entity include (1) the primary government (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (System) is administered by a Board of Trustees consisting of five persons, which include the State Treasurer, the Chief of the Supreme Court, ex officio, and three participating judges appointed by the Supreme Court.

Based on the criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, there are no other state agencies, boards or commissions, or other organizations required to be combined with the System, however, the System is considered to be part of the State of Illinois financial reporting entity, and is to be combined and included in the State of Illinois' comprehensive annual financial report.

Pursuant to federal tax law and regulations governing the administration of public employee pension plans, the System has established a separate fund for the sole purpose of paying benefits in accordance with Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code. The receipts and disbursements from the fund for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 were each less than \$155,000. Due to the immaterial nature of the separate fund, these receipts and disbursements have been included in the System's financial statements.

#### 2. Plan Description

The System is the administrator of a singleemployer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the State of Illinois to provide pension benefits for its participants.

#### a. Eligibility and Membership

The Judges' Retirement System covers Judges, Associate Judges and, under certain conditions, the Administrative Director of the Illinois courts. Participation by Judges, either appointed or elected, is mandatory unless the Judge files an election not to participate within 30 days of receipt of notice of this option.

#### b. Contributions

In accordance with Chapter 40, Section 5/18-133 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, participants contribute specified percentages of their salaries for retirement annuities, survivors' annuities and automatic annual increases. Contributions are excluded from gross income for Federal and State income tax purposes.

At June 30, 2003 and 2002, the System memb	ership consisted	of:
는 이 경험 수 있는 것은 사람들이 들어 전혀 가게 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것이다. 되는 것은 것은 것을 하는		
	2003	2002
Retirees and beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits:		
Retirement annuities	539 🐉 🦠	517
Survivors annuities	325 👼 🗥	. 321
	864	838
Inactive participants entitled to benefits		ar in the
but not yet receiving them	42	35
Total	906	873
		en i <del>anno a an</del>
		www.estanta.com
Current participants:	700	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Vested	.660	613
Nonvested	<u> 260</u>	<u>296</u>
Total Control of the	920	₹ <u>₹</u> 7909
。"杨子说话说话,"我们是这个 <del>人的</del> ,我们就是这个人的,我就是有什么一样。"		

Operation of the System and the direction of its policies are the responsibility of the Board of Trustees

The statutes governing the Judges' Retirement System provide for optional contributions by participants, with interest at prescribed rates. to retroactively establish service credits for periods of prior creditable service.

The Board of Trustees has adopted the policy that interest payments by a participant, included in optional contributions to retroactively establish service credits, shall be considered an integral part of the participant's investment in annuity expectancies and, as such, shall be included as a part of any refund payable.

The payment of (1) the required State contributions, (2) all benefits granted under the System and (3) all expenses in connection with the administration and operation thereof are the obligations of the State to the extent specified in Chapter 40, Article 5/18 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

#### c. Benefits

After 10 years of credited service, participants have vested rights to full retirement benefits beginning at age 60, or reduced retirement benefits beginning at age 55. Participants also have vested rights to full retirement benefits at age 62 upon completing 6 years of credited service or at age 55 upon completing 26 years of credited service.

The Judges' Retirement System also provides annual automatic annuity increases for retirees and survivors, survivors' annuity benefits, temporary and/or total disability benefits and, under specified conditions, lump-sum death benefits.

The retirement annuity provided under the system is 3-1/2% for each of the first 10 years of service, plus 5% for each year of service in excess of 10, based upon the applicable final salary. The maximum retirement annuity is 85% of the applicable final salary. Annual automatic increases of 3% of the current amount of retirement annuity are provided.

Participants who terminate service and are not eligible for an immediate annuity may receive, upon application, a refund of their total contributions. Participants or annuitants who are not married are entitled to refunds of their contributions for survivors.

Participants who are eligible to receive the Financial Statements maximum rate of annuity may irrevocably elect to discontinue contributions and have their benefits "frozen" based upon the applicable salary in effect immediately prior to the effective date of such election.

**Participants** who have attained age 60 and are eligible to receive the maximum rate of annuity and have not elected to discontinue contributing to

The total contribution rate is 11% if the participants elect to contribute for their spouse and dependents as shown below: A A STATE OF THE S

> Retirement annuity 2.5% Survivors' annuity

1.0% - Automatic annual increases

· Jana in 1.1.0%

the System may irrevocably elect to have their contributions based only on the salary increases received on or after the effective date of such election rather than on the total salary received.

#### 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

#### a. Basis of Accounting

The financial transactions of the System are maintained and these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Participant and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The System has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, that do not contradict GASB Pronouncements.

#### b. Cash and Investments

The System retains all of its available cash in a commingled investment pool managed by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois (Treasurer). All deposits are fully collateralized by the Treasurer. "Available cash" is determined to be that amount which is required for the current

#### Financial Statements

operating expenditures of the System. The excess of available cash is transferred to the Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI) for purposes of long-term investment for the System.

The System transfers money to the ISBI for investment in the ISBI Commingled Fund. This money is then allocated among various investment managers to pursue a specific investment strategy. All investment transactions are initiated by the investment managers (either internal or external). The transaction settlement information is then forwarded to the agent bank's trust department under a master custodial agreement.

Custody of a majority of the actual physical securities is maintained at an agent of the agent bank's trust department using a book-entry system. The ISBI's master custodian is The Northern Trust Company. The agent of the master custodian is the Depository Trust Company.

Investments are managed by the ISBI pursuant to Chapter 40, Article 5/22A of the Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and are maintained in the ISBI Commingled Fund. The ISBI reports securities at fair value. Where appropriate, the fair value includes estimated disposition costs.

Fair value for stocks is determined by using the closing price listed on the national securities exchanges as of June 30. Market value for fixed income securities are determined principally by using quoted market prices provided by independent pricing services. For commingled equity funds, the net asset value is determined and certified by the commingled equity fund manager as of June 30. Fair value for directly owned real estate investments is determined by appraisals.

Units of the ISBI Commingled Fund are issued to the member systems on the last day of the month based on the unit net asset value calculated as of that date. Net investment income of the ISBI Commingled Fund is allocated to each of the member systems on the last day of the month on the basis of percentage of accumulated units owned by the respective systems. Management expenses are deducted monthly from income before distribution.

The investment authority of the ISBI is provided in Chapter 40, Section 5/22A-112 of

the ILCS. The ISBI investment authority includes investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and other agencies, notes secured by mortgages which are insured by the Federal Housing Commission, real estate, common and preferred stocks, convertible debt securities, deposits or certificates of deposit of federally insured institutions and options.

Such investment authority requires that all opportunities be undertaken with care, skill, prudence and diligence given prevailing circumstances that a prudent person acting in like capacity and experience would undertake. The ISBI does not have any one investment which represents 5% or more of the ISBI's net assets.

The ISBI participates in a securities lending program at its custodian bank, whereby securities are loaned to brokers and, in return, the ISBI has rights to a portion of a collateral pool. All of the ISBI's securities are eligible for the securities lending program. Collateral consists solely of cash, letters of credit, commercial paper and government securities having a market value equal to or greater than the securities loaned. There are no provisions for ISBI indemnification on the securities lending transactions. The ISBI had no credit risk as a result of its securities lending program as the collateral held exceeded the market value of the securities lent. As of June 30, 2003 and 2002, the ISBI had outstanding loaned investment securities having market values of \$676,614,658 and \$671,816,775, respectively, against which it had received collateral with values of \$699,833,455 and \$692,016,339, respectively.

Some of the ISBI managers invest in derivative securities. A derivative security is an investment whose payoff depends upon the value of other assets such as bond and stock prices, a market index, or commodity prices. The ISBI's investments in derivatives are not leveraged. Obligations to purchase (long a financial future or a call option) are held in cash or cash equivalents. In the case of obligations to sell (short a financial future or a put option), the reference security is held in the portfolio. Derivative transactions involve, to varying degrees, credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the possibility that a loss may occur because a party to a transaction fails to perform according to terms. Market risk is the possibility that a change in interest or currency rates will cause the value of a financial instrument to decrease or become more costly to settle. The market risk associated with derivatives, the prices of

which are constantly fluctuating, is regulated by imposing strict limits as to the types, amounts and degree of risk that investment managers may undertake. The ISBI Board and senior management approve these limits, and the risk positions of the investment managers are reviewed on a regular basis to monitor compliance with the limits.

During the year, derivative investments included forward foreign currency contracts, collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO's), futures and options. The remaining derivative securities are used to improve the yields or to hedge changes in interest rates.

Forward foreign currency contracts are used to hedge against the currency risk in the ISBI's foreign stock and fixed income portfolios. Forward foreign currency contracts are agreements to buy or sell specific amounts of a foreign currency at a specified delivery or maturity date for an agreed upon price. As the market value of the forward contracts vary, the ISBI Board records an unrealized gain or loss. Forward foreign currency contracts represent an off-balance sheet obligation, as there are no balance sheet assets or liabilities associated with those contracts. The market value of forward foreign currency contracts outstanding at June 30, 2003 and 2002, were as follows:

A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY	1277 (2:3000)
	7. 2. 4.
June 30, 2003 June 30, 2	ກີດີວ
	UUZ
Forward currency purchases \$ 67,363,443 \$ 29,414	978
	100
Forward currency sales 67,381,163 28,903,	056
	Ast. Service 1
Unrealized gain (loss) (17,720) 514,	922
Officalized Barricossy	Mark You
	46(498)
	2

のあるとなるのでは、これには、対しては、これでは、

The ISBI also invests in mortgage-backed securities to maximize yields and to hedge against a rise in interest rates. These securities are based on cash flows from principal and interest payments on underlying mortgages. Therefore, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates. As of June 30, 2003 and 2002, the fair value of the ISBI Board's CMO holdings totaled \$112,763,325 and \$79,247,018, respectively.

The ISBI investment managers utilize financial futures to replicate an underlying security they desire to hold (sell) in the portfolio. In certain

instances, it may be beneficial to own a futures contract rather than the underlying security (arbitrage). Financial future contracts are also used to improve the yield or adjust the duration of the portfolio. Financial futures contracts are agreements to buy or sell a specified amount at a specified delivery or maturity date for an agreed upon price. As the market values of the futures contracts vary from the original contract price, a gain or loss is recognized and paid to or received from the clearinghouse. Financial futures represent an off-balance sheet obligation, as there are no balance sheet assets or liabilities associated with those contracts. The cash or securities to meet these obligations are held in the investment portfolio.

The ISBI Board's investment managers utilize options in an effort to add value to the portfolio (collect premiums) or protect (hedge) a position in the portfolio. Options are agreements that give one party the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell a specific amount of an asset for a specific price (called the strike price) on or before a specified expiration date. As the writer of financial options, the ISBI receives a premium at the outset of the agreement and bears the risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the instrument underlying the option. As the purchaser, the ISBI pays a premium at the outset of the agreement and the counterparty bears the risk of an unfavorable change in the price

of the financial instrument underlying the option.

The following table shows the futures and options positions held by the ISBI as of June 30, 2003:

Number of	om til sende sig sig se græn til det gjegger, kriger skjenter en en en sendersken sender. Det sig gjegger form til stærkeninger og skille skjent i helder.
Contracts	Contract principal*
Domestic:	
Equity futures purchased 207	\$ 50,368,275
Fixed income futures purchased 20	2,346,875
Fixed income futures sold 883	103,029,906
Fixed income purchased put options 330	850,125
Fixed income written put options 586	276,005
Fixed income purchased call options 238.	12,234
Fixed income written call options 1,220	885,688

\* Contract principal amounts shown represent the market value of the underlying assets the contracts control. These are shown to present the volume of the transactions but does not reflect the extent to which positions may offset one another. These amounts do not represent the much smaller amounts potentially subject to risk. Contract principal values also do not represent actual balance sheet values.

#### Financial Statements

#### Financial Statements

The System owns approximately 4.0% of the net investment assets of the ISBI Commingled Fund as of June 30, 2003. A schedule of investment expenses is included in the ISBI annual report.

For additional information regarding the ISBI's investments, please refer to the Annual Report of the ISBI as of June 30, 2003. A copy of the report can be obtained from the ISBI at 180 North LaSalle Street, Suite 2015, Chicago, Illinois 60601.

ISBI investments, as categorized by ISBI, are categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the ISBI at year end.

- Category I includes investments that are insured or registered or the securities are held by the master custodian in the ISBI's name.
- Category II includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered with the securities held by the counter-party's agent in the ISBI's name.
- Category III includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered with the securities held by the counter-party but not in the ISBI's name.

Investments in pooled funds are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

#### c. Actuarial Experience Review

In accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes, an actuarial experience review is to be performed at least once every five years to determine the adequacy of actuarial assumptions regarding the mortality, retirement, disability, employment, turnover, interest and earnable compensation of the members and beneficiaries of the System. An experience review was last performed as of June 30, 2002.

#### d. Administrative Expenses

Expenses related to the administration of the System are financed through investment earnings and employer retirement contributions. These expenses are budgeted and approved by the System's Board of Trustees.

Administrative expenses common to the Judges' Retirement System and the General Assembly Retirement System are borne 60% by the Judges' Retirement System and 40% by the General Assembly Retirement System. Invoices/youchers covering common expenses

incurred are paid by the Judges' Retirement System, and 40% thereof is allocated to and reimbursed by the General Assembly Retirement System. Administrative expenses allocated to and reimbursed by the General Assembly Retirement System as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, were \$246,080 and \$237,029, respectively.

#### e. Risk Management

The System, as part of the primary government of the State, provides for risks of loss associated with workers' compensation and general liability through the State's self-insurance program. The System obtains commercial insurance for fidelity, surety, and property. There

ISBI's investment	s categorized as	of June 30, 20	03
	Fair	Category	Non
	, Value		Categorized
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations	\$ 862,128,328	., \$ 862,128,328	\$
Foreign Obligations	181,133,769	· 181,133,769	
·Corporate Obligations	695,789,042	619,009,736	76,779,306
Convertible Bonds	861,871	861,871	
Common Stock & Equity Funds	.3,772,803,3 (5	3,462,973,227	309,830,088
Convertible Preferred Stock	4,263	4,263	
Preferred Stock	4,402,445	4,402,445	
Foreign Equity Securities	1,174,665,480	1,144,903,493	29,761,987
Real Estate Funds	, 614,846,458		614,846,458
Alternative Investments	441,537,163		441,537,163
Money Market Instruments	283,727,618		283,727,618
Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts 👑	(17,720)	(17,720)	- <u></u>
Total Investments	\$8,031,882,032	<u>\$6,275,399,412</u>	\$ 1,756,482,620

have been no commercial insurance claims in the past three fiscal years.

# 4. Funding - Statutory Contributions Required and Contributions Made

For each fiscal year, the System's actuary performs an actuarial valuation and computes actuarially determined contribution requirements for the System, using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method.

For fiscal years 2003 and 2002, the required employer contributions were computed in accordance with Public Act 88-0593. This funding legislation, which became effective July 1, 1995, provides for a systematic 50 year funding plan with an ultimate goal to fund the cost of maintaining and administering the System at an actuarial funded ratio of 90%.

In addition, the funding plan provides for a 15 year phase-in period to allow the state to adapt

to the increased financial commitment. Once the 15 year phase-in period is complete, the state's contribution will then remain at a level percentage of payroll for the next 35 years until the 90% funded level is achieved.

The total amount of statutorily required employer contributions for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 was \$31,373,000 and \$27,532,000, respectively. The total amount of employer contributions received from the state during fiscal years 2003 and 2002 was \$31,373,000 and \$27,532,000, respectively.

# 5. Administrative Expenses

A summary of the administrative expenses for the Judges' Retirement System for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 are listed above.

#### 6. Equipment

Capital assets are capitalized at their cost at the time of acquisition. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. The estimated useful lives are as follows: (1) office furniture - 10 years, (2) equipment - 6 years, and (3) certain electronic data processing equipment - 3 years.

#### Financial Statements

Administrative expenses for fiscal year	ırs 2003 an	d 2002
	2003	2002
Personal services	\$244,458	\$234,352
Employee retirement contributions paid by employer	9,431	*9,385
Employer retirement contributions	25,277	23,557
Social security contributions	1.6,854	15,906
Group insurance	. 29,469	. ⊊57.30,25 <b>4</b> .
Contractual services	76,070	79,366
Travel 1.3	8,965	*7° ≈10,310
Printing	3,097	3,032
Commodities (金) 用型	645	427
Telecommunications	2,480	, 2,438
Electronic data processing	-∵ 10,350≟	7,941
Depreciation	.1,347	2,704
Change in accrued compensated absences	(1,007)	4,56 L
Other 17 (17)	250	10 M
Total	\$427,686	\$424,233

#### Summary of the changes in equipment for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 2003 Beginning Balance Additions Deletions: **\$ 143,635** " (462)**40**(504) Accumulated depreciation (1,347)210 Equipment net \$ (573) (252)2002 Beginning Ending **受物**。 Balance Additions Deletions . - Balance Equipment 44,120 \$ 41,529 \$ (2,014) **-:\$**.::43,635 Accumulated depreciation (39.814)(2,704)2,014 (40,504)Equipment, net 4,306 \$ (1,175)

#### Financial Statements

#### 7. Accrued

#### Compensated Absences

Employees of the Judges' Retirement System are entitled to receive compensation for all accrued but unused vacation time and one-half of all unused sick leave earned after December 31, 1983 and prior to January 1, 1998 upon termination of employment. These accrued compensated absences as of June 30, 2003 and 2002 total \$40,364 and \$41,371, respectively and are included in administrative expenses payable.

#### 8. Pension Plan

Plan Description. All of the System's fulltime employees who are not eligible for participation in another state-sponsored retirement plan participate in the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS), which is a pension trust fund in the State of Illinois reporting entity.

The SERS is a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) in which state employees participate, except those covered by the State Universities, Teachers', General Assembly, and Judges' Retirement Systems.

The financial position and results of operations of the SERS for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 are included in the State of Illinois' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The SERS also issues a separate CAFR that may be obtained by writing to the SERS, 2101 South Veterans Parkway, Springfield, Illinois, 62794-9255 or by calling 217-785-7202.

The State of Illinois' CAFR may be obtained by writing to the State Comptroller's Office, Financial Reporting Department, 325 West Adams St., Springfield, Illinois, 62704-1858 or by calling 217-782-2053.

A summary of SERS' benefit provisions, changes in benefit provisions, employee eligibility requirements including eligibility for vesting, and the authority under which benefit provisions are established, are included as an integral part of the SERS' CAFR. Also included is a discussion of employer and employee obligations to contribute, and the authority under which those obligations are established.

Funding Policy. The System pays employer retirement contributions based upon an actuarially determined percentage of its payrolls. For fiscal years 2003 and 2002 the employer contribution rates were 10.321% and 10.04%, respectively.

Effective for pay periods beginning after December 31, 1991, the State opted to pay the employee portion of retirement for most state agencies with employees covered by the State Employees' and Teachers' Retirement Systems.

The "pickup" is subject to sufficient annual appropriations and those employees covered may vary across employee groups and state agencies. Currently, state officers, judges, general assembly members, and state university employees are not eligible for the employee pickup.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. In addition to providing pension benefits, the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971, as amended, requires that certain health, dental and life insurance benefits shall be provided by the state to annuitants who are former state employees. This includes annuitants of the System.

Substantially all state employees including the System's employees may become eligible for post-employment benefits if they eventually become annuitants. Health and dental benefits include basic benefits for annuitants under the state's self-insurance plan and insurance contracts currently in force. Life insurance benefits are limited to five thousand dollars per annuitant age 60 and older.

Costs incurred for health, dental and life insurance for annuitants and their dependents were not separated from benefits provided to active employees and their dependents for the years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. However, post-employment costs for the state as a whole for all state agencies/departments for dependent health, dental and life insurance for annuitants and their dependents are disclosed in the State of Illinois' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Cost information for retirees by individual state agency is not available. Payments are made on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. The System is not the administrator of any of the other post-employment benefits described above.

#### Financial Statements

# 9. Analysis of Changes in Reserve Balances

The funded statutory reserves of the Judges' Retirement System are composed of the following:

- a. Reserve for Participants' Contributions This reserve consists of participants' accumulated contributions for retirement annuities, survivors' annuities and automatic annual increases.
- b. Reserve for Future Operations This reserve is the balance remaining in the Judges' Retirement System from State of Illinois contributions and revenue from investments after consideration of charges for payouts by the Judges' Retirement System.

#### 10. Subsequent Event

On April 7, 2003, Governor Rod Blagojevich signed House Bill 2660 into law as Public Act 93-0002. This new law authorized

the State of Illinois to issue \$10,000,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds for the purpose of making contributions to designated retirement systems. The Judges' Retirement System (JRS) is one of the "designated retirement systems" for the purpose of this new law. In addition, the "Pension Contribution Fund" was created as a special fund in the State Treasury.

On June 12, 2003, the State of Illinois issued \$10,000,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Pension Funding Series of June 2003, and deposited the net bond proceeds of \$7,317,292,916 into the Pension Contribution Fund. Bond proceeds of \$2,682,707,084 will be utilized (1) to reimburse the General Revenue Fund for the last quarter of the State's fiscal year 2003 required contributions and the total fiscal year 2004 required contributions to the designated retirement systems (\$2,160,000,000); (2) to fund interest payments due December 1, 2003 and June 1, 2004 on the General Obligation Bond, Pension Funding Series of June 2003 (\$481,038,334); and (3) bond issuance and other costs (\$41,668,750).

Statements of Chan Years Ended Jun			
	Participants' Contributions	Future Operations	Total Reserve Balances
Balance at June 30,200   Add (deduct)	\$110,566,634	\$271,166,947	\$381,733,581
Excess of revenues over/(under) expenses Reserve transfers Accumulated contributions of participants who retired or died with eligible	12,134,141	/* (50, <b>208,428</b> ) *	(38,074,287)
survivor during the year	(5,889;194)	5,889,194	
Balance at June 30, 2002 Add (deduct):	- 16,811,581°.	226,847,7[3	343,659,294
Excess of revenues over/(under) expenses Reserve transfers: Accumulated contributions of participants who retired of died with eligible	12,463,957	(26,069,691)	(13,605,734)
survivor during the year	(7,401,823)	7,401,823	
Balance at June 30, 2003	\$121,873,715	\$208,179,845	\$330,053,560.:

The net bond proceeds of \$7,317,292,916 were allocated among the five state-funded retirement systems to reduce their actuarial reserve deficiencies as provided in P.A. 93-0002. Pursuant to the amendments to the General Obligation Bond Act (30ILCS 330/7.2) contained in that act, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget has determined the percentage distribution of the proceeds. The allocation of the proceeds was based on the percentage distribution of the State's total actuarial reserve deficiency as of June 30, 2002.

JRS received an allocation of bond proceeds equal to \$141,955,483 on July 1, 2003. The monies were deposited into its Master Trust account with the Illinois State Board of Investment, on July 2, 2003.

## Required Supplementary Information

### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
aluation	Assets	-Projected Unit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date.	(a)	Credit (b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	([b-a]/c)
6/30/98 - \$	356,692,936	\$ 747,275,530	\$ 390,582,594	+ ,47,7%	\$ 94,626,000	412.8%
6/30/99 🚁	389,761,923	805,587,241	415,825,318	48.4	99,200,000	419.2
6/30/00	422,933,720	871,153,418	448,219,698	48.5	. 104,000,000	431.0
6/30/01	38,1,733,581	937,091,513	555,357,932	40.7	109,900,000	; 505.3 ·
6/30/02. 5	343,659,294	i,020,846,773	677,187,479	33.7	- 118,700,000	570.5
6/30/03	330,053,560	1,076,231,965	746,178,405	30.7	123,900,000	602.2

## **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

Annual	Mark Again Park
Required Required	
Year Contribution Contribution  Ended per GASB Percentage per State Percentage	ide 7.1 Maiori
June 30 Statement No. 25 Contributed Statute College Contributed	
1998. \$ 28,867,624. 54.3% \$ 15,664,000 10.0%	
1999 38.63 i 275 - 48.4   8293 000 - 102.2	
2000 40,205,224 53.2 21,388,000 100.0	
2001 42,546,928 56.9 24,218,000 1 100.0	
。2002 中 47,277,3 即 共 58.2	
2003 53,470,841 58.7 31,373,000 100.0	

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date: June 30, 2003

Actuarial cost method: Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method:

- a. For GASB Statement No. 25 reporting purposes: Level percent of payroll
- b. Per state statute: 15-year phase-in to a level percent of payroll until a 90% funding level is achieved

Remaining amortization period:

- a. For GASB Statement No. 25 reporting purposes: 40 years, open
- b. Per state statute: 42 years, closed

Asset valuation method: Fair value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return: 8.0 percent per year, compounded annually Projected salary increases: 5.5 percent per year, compounded annually

Assumed inflation rate: 4.0 percent

Group size growth rate: 0.0 percent

Post-retirement increase: 3.0 percent per year, compounded annually

# Supplementary Financial Information

## SUMMARY OF REVENUES BY SOURCE

Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

Participants:		
Participants	\$ 12,424,982	\$ 12,347,458
Interest paid by participants	180,070	121,249
Transferred from reciprocating systems	299,945.	18,596
Total participant contributions		
Employer	。 11. 18. 18. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19	
General Revenue Fund	29,148,000	25,232,000
State Pension Fund	· [2] 2,225,000 .	- 2,300,000
Paid by participants 2	· 李雪山、沙曼禄67,103。———	. 在 <b>这</b> 个分词,不是有一
Total employer contributions	31,440,103	27,532,000
Total contributions revenue	44,345,100	40,019,303
ivestments:	A STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF	48/78/8/2825
Net investment income	7,045,748	8,432,347
Interest earned on cash balances	157,388	1 7
Net (depreciation) in fair value of investments	* <u>* (7.429,253)</u>	<u>3 (33,145,381)</u>
Total net investment (loss)	<u>(226,117)</u>	(24,493,880)
Total revenues	\$ 44,118,983	\$ 15,525,423

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

Cash balance, beginning of year         \$ 6,593,476         \$ 8,529,516           Receipts:		2003	2002
Participant contributions	经行动的运动 经加速分别 <b>,\$6.00%的时间</b> 是没有的特殊的一种心理的特殊的,我就能够被强烈的特殊。但是一种人的人的人,但是一个人的人,这个人的特殊的特殊的人的	\$ 6,593,476	\$ 8,529,516
Employer contributions:	2.9kg/ADD は大学に対することができません。 2.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	******************	12 270 100
General Revenue Fund       28,509,699       21,026,666         State Pension Fund       2,225,000       2,300,000         Paid by participants       46,446       1         Interest income on cash balances       165,209       2,34,022         Reimbursements from General Assembly Retirement System       245,090       231,705         After-tax installment payments       20,915       81,383         Cancellation of refunds       2,048       20,895         Cancellation of annuities       94,697       79,767         Tax-deferred installment payments       72,065       103,813         Transfer's from reciprocating systems       299,945       18,596         Transfer's from Illinois State Board of Investment       14,500,000       15,500,000         Miscellaneous       50       325         Total cash receipts       58,690,176       51,976,370         Disbursements:       8       58,690,176       51,976,370         Disbursements:       8       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       12,231,304       11,710,707         Refunds       490,045       377,120         Administrative expenses       656,321		. 7 . 1.2,508;712	. 12,3/7,170
State Pension Fund       2,225,000       2,300,000         Paid by participants       46,446       -         Interest income on cash balances       165,209       234,022         Reimbursements from General Assembly Retirement System       245,090       231,705         After-tax installment payments       20,915       81,383         Cancellation of refunds       2,048       20,895         Cancellation of annuities       94,697       79,767         Tax-deferred installment payments       72,065       103,813         Transfers from reciprocating systems       299,945       18,596         Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment       14,500,000       15,500,000         Miscellaneous       150       325         Total cash receipts       58,690,176       51,976,370         Disbursements:       8       8         Benefit payments:       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       12,231,304       11,710,707         Refunds       490,0451       377,120         Administrative expenses       656,321       633,938         Total cash disbursements       57,959,500       53,912,410 </td <td></td> <td>30 500 600</td> <td>2002666</td>		30 500 600	2002666
Paid by participants       46,446	- 19 大大大学の大学の大学は19 60年 19 60年	1、 利用的证据 医二角性动物 医骶髓 医骶髓 (1977) (1976) (1976) (1976) (1976)	the state of the second st
Interest_income on cash balances   165,209   234,022     Reimbursements from General Assembly Retirement System   245,090   231,705     After-tax installment payments   20,915   81,383     Cancellation of refunds   2,048   20,895     Cancellation of annuities   94,697   79,767     Tax-deferred installment payments   72,065   103,813     Transfers from reciprocating systems   299,945   18,596     Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment   14,500,000   15,500,000     Miscellaneous   150   325     Total cash receipts   58,690,176   51,976,370     Disbursements:   Retirement annuities   44,581,830   41,190,645     Survivors' annuities   12,231,304   11,710,707     Refunds   490,045   377,120     Administrative expenses   656,321   633,938     Total cash disbursements   57,959,500   53,912,410	1、例は、A.J. 2011年前に対する機能 <b>的機能では整備が</b> 自己を発送する。例とは、A.J. 2、A.J. A.J. A.J. A.J. A.J. A.J. A.J. A.J.	TO THE TRANSPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	2,300,000
Reimbursements from General Assembly Retirement System         245,090         231,705           After-tax installment payments         20,915         81,383           Cancellation of irefunds         2,048         20,895           Cancellation of annuities         94,697         79,767           Tax-deferred installment payments         72,065         103,813           Transfers from reciprocating systems         299,945         18,596           Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment         14,500,000         15,500,000           Miscellaneous         [50         325           Total cash receipts         58,690,176         51,976,370           Disbursements:         44,581,830         41,190,645           Survivors' annuities         44,581,830         41,190,645           Survivors' annuities         12,231,304         11,710,707           Refunds         490,045         377,120           Administrative expenses         656,321         633,938           Total cash disbursements         57,959,500         53,912,410	,这一个智能的"最终的更好,""我没有自 <b>知</b> 能能对于外的特殊的"生"的心态,但是我是"特什么"的"大"的"人"。这一点,一样"一个",一个一个一个"大"的"人","这个",可以"人类"。"这一"	the condition of the property of the control of the	. 534 633
After-tax installment payments       20,915       81,383         Cancellation of refunds       2,048       20,895         Cancellation of annuities       94,697       79,767         Tax-deferred installment payments       72,065       1,03,813         Transfers from reciprocating systems       299,945       18,596         Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment       14,500,000       15,500,000         Miscellaneous       150       325         Total cash receipts       58,690,176       51,976,370         Disbursements:       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       12,231,304       11,710,707         Refunds       490,045       377,120         Administrative expenses       656,321       633,938         Total cash disbursements       57,959,500       53,912,410		* TEST ALL TO ALLOTTE A STORE AND A SOCIAL SERVICE.	TV 5 TO DESIGNATIVE AND
Cancellation of refunds       2,048       20,895         Cancellation of annuities       94,697       79,767         Tax-deferred installment payments       72,065       103,813         Transfers from reciprocating systems       299,945       18,596         Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment       14,500,000       15,500,000         Miscellaneous       150       325         Total cash receipts       58,690,176       51,976,370         Disbursements:       8       51,976,370         Retirement annuities       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       12,231,304       11,710,707         Refunds       490,045       377,120         Administrative expenses       656,321       633,938         Total cash disbursements       57,959,500       53,912,410			A Programme of the Control of the
Cancellation of annuities       94,697       79,767         Tax-deferred installment payments       72,065       1.03,813         Transfers from reciprocating systems       299,945       18,596         Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment       14,500,000       15,500,000         Miscellaneous       50       325         Total cash receipts       58,690,176       51,976,370         Disbursements:       8         Benefit payments:       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       12,231,304       11,710,707         Refunds       490,045       377,120         Administrative expenses       656,321       633,938         Total cash disbursements       57,959,500       53,912,410	40、10、100000000000000000000000000000000	<ul><li>人工工具、工具、工具、工具、工具、工具、工具、工具、工具、工具、工具、工具、工具、</li></ul>	- 1814年 - *** トリアロックの名称 ******** **** *** **** *************
Tax-deferred installment payments       72,065       1,03,813         Transfers from reciprocating systems       299,945       18,596         Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment       14,500,000       15,500,000         Miscellaneous       50       325         Total cash receipts       58,690,176       51,976,370         Disbursements:       8         Benefit payments:       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       12,231,304       11,710,707         Refunds       490,045       377,120         Administrative expenses       656,321       633,938         Total cash disbursements       57,959,500       53,912,410	하는 전문 전문 전문 전문 이 기계를 살아왔다. 경영화 중심하다 회사 전투 보다 보는 사람이 있는 사람이 되었다. 그 사람이 되었다.	网络阿拉尔斯斯特特 医克拉克 医自己二氯甲酰磺胺胺 经收益 医动脉丛	and the contract of the contra
Transfers from reciprocating systems         299,945         18,596           Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment         14,500,000         15,500,000           Miscellaneous         150         325           Total cash receipts         58,690,176         51,976,370           Disbursements:         8enefit payments:         44,581,830         41,190,645           Survivors' annuities         44,581,830         41,190,645         377,120           Refunds         490,045         377,120           Administrative expenses         656,321         633,938           Total cash disbursements         57,959,500         53,912,410	1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、1、	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	化二丁二烷 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一
Transfers from Illinois State Board of Investment         J 4,500,000         15,500,000           Miscellaneous			
Miscellaneous         50         325           Total cash receipts         58,690;176         51,976,370           Disbursements:         Benefit payments:           Retirement annuities         44,581,830         41,190,645           Survivors' annuities         12,231,304         11,710,707           Refunds         490,045         377,120           Administrative expenses         656,321         633,938           Total cash disbursements         57,959,500         53,912,410		·····································	Fig. 1. (2.1) (2.1) (1.1) (2.1) (2.1) (2.1) (2.1)
Total cash receipts         58,690,176         51,976,370           Disbursements:         Benefit payments:           Benefit payments:         44,581,830         41,190,645           Survivors' annuities         12,231,304         11,710,707           Refunds         490,045         377,120           Administrative expenses         656,321         633,938           Total cash disbursements         57,959,500         53,912,410		"我们的现在分词,我们就是一种特别的特殊,但我们就是我们在他的人,不是不是	partition (2011年) Annual A Title Annual Age (2011年)
Disbursements:  Benefit payments:  Retirement annuities		The Color of the State of the William State of the Color	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O
Benefit payments:       44,581,830       41,190,645         Retirement annuities       44,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       12,231,304       11,710,707         Refunds       490,045       377,120         Administrative expenses       656,321       633,938         Total cash disbursements       57,959,500       53,912,410			
Retirement annuities       #4,581,830       41,190,645         Survivors' annuities       12,231,304       11,710,707         Refunds       490,045       377,120         Administrative expenses       656,321       633,938         Total cash disbursements       57,959,500       53,912,410	보다 한 국가회 그리고 경영화학교수가는 현실화활한 그림으로 가면있다. 경영 대학 기업 취임 아내는 그는 내 경우 기업 시간 사람들이 가득하고 있다. 그런 사람들이 가득하는 그 모든 사람들이 가득하는 것은		
Survivors' annuities         12,231,304         11,710,707           Refunds         490,045         377,120           Administrative expenses         656,321         633,938           Total cash disbursements         57,959,500         53,912,410		44 E01 030 v	41 190 645
Refunds       490,045*       377,120         Administrative expenses       656,321       633,938         Total cash disbursements       57,959,500       53,912,410	たたったい いいかいさいだい たず はちのなどの はだい 一葉 はんいしょ おんとうがんしょう いっちょう こうんごう しょうしょう マー・ス・ストー しょうしょく おっきょうしょう	たい 一年の作品できます 一日 はいばい 新りの 自発性 はいしょうしょう	The first term of the first te
Administrative expenses       656,321       633,938         Total cash disbursements       57,959,500       53,912,410	1. はだしょうたいは あたただ もはながかがらだいまといいかかたりょうかい シュー・ケー・コープ しんしゅう こうしょう しょうこう エージャイン スタ	off all the Company of the Company	
Total cash disbursements <u>57,959,500</u> <u>53,912,410</u>	그러가 장면 그리고 자전 가지 않아 (神祇學學學) 상태 얼굴하는 경에서 되는 사람들이 가지 않는 사람들이 가지 않는 사람들이 되는 것이 되었다. 그 사람들은 경쟁하는 경쟁하는	AND THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF	And the control of th
一大的最后的大大大大型的基础的基础的基础的基础的基础的基础的基础的基础的基础的。 "我们,我们就是这一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个			The state of the s
	Cash balance, end of year	\$ 7,324,152	\$ 6,593,476

# Supplementary Financial Information

# SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS TO CONSULTANTS Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002

		2003	多字。27·我是的	2002
Actuary		\$17,000		\$17,000
Audit fees		20,089		20,760
Legal services		990		2,410
Financial planner		300	The state of the s	. 7 <b>29</b>
Medical services		350		<u>. 420</u>
Total 🧓 🗀		<u>\$38,729</u>		\$41,319
	레 살빛이 얼마를 되었다.		14年的18年度 6年最高。	

# INVESTMENT SECTION

#### **INVESTMENT REPORT**

By state law the System's investment function is managed by the Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI). The ISBI was created in 1969 to provide a means of centralizing the investment management function for public employee pension funds and retirement systems operating in the state.

In addition to the assets of the Judges' Retirement System, the ISBI also manages the investment function for the General Assembly and State Employees' Retirement Systems. All ISBI investments are accounted for in a commingled fund (ISBI Fund).

As of June 30, 2003, total net assets under management valued at market, amounted to \$7.801 billion. Of the total market value of assets under management, \$317.5 million or approximately 4% represented assets of the Judges' Retirement System.

A summary of the portfolio's largest holdings, as well as the complete listing of the ISBI portfolio, are included in the ISBI Annual Report. A schedule of fees and commissions paid by brokerage firm and a listing of transactions executed, including transaction value, are also contained in the ISBI Annual Report. The following investment information and analysis has been prepared by the ISBI.

#### Investment Policy

The ISBI operates under a strategic investment policy that is reviewed and approved at least every two years. The investment objective of the total portfolio is to maximize the rate of return on investments within a prudent level of risk. To achieve this objective, the ISBI invests in different types of assets and uses multiple managers to ensure diversification.

Over an investment cycle, the ISBI seeks to achieve a rate of return that is at least equal to the assumed actuarial interest rate, currently 8.0% per year, and at least equal to the return of the policy-weighted benchmark, a theoretical "indexed" implementation of ISBI's asset allocation policy.

#### **Asset Allocation**

The investment policy of the ISBI Board establishes asset allocation targets and ranges for each asset class, selected to achieve overall risk and return objectives. This policy is implemented by allocations to investment managers with assignments to invest in specific asset classes, with defined security selection styles and methodologies.

The targeted policy asset allocation at June 30, 2003 was 46% U.S. equities, 15% international equities, 23% fixed income, 8% real estate, and 8% alternative investments. The actual allocation of the portfolio at June 30, 2003, relative to the target is set forth in the table below.

#### **Investment Results**

World equity markets continued their corrections during fiscal year 2003. The ISBI total fund was up 0.3% for fiscal 2003, net of expenses. This follows on a negative result for fiscal 2002. While the long-term objective of exceeding the 8.0% assumed actuarial interest rate was not met, the return also lagged the policy-weighted benchmark return of 3.5%. The ISBI total fund return over the three, five and ten year time periods was a negative 4.6% and a positive 1.8% and 7.8%, respectively.

Actual Asset Allocation Policy Target	
Ú.S. Equities 49% 46%	
International Equities 15	
Fixed Income 22 23	
Real Estate 8	
Alternative Investments 6 8: Total 100% 100%	i
100%	. i
	1

#### **U.S.** Equities

For the twelve months ended June 30, 2003, the Russell 3000 Index, a broad representation of the U.S. Market, was up a modest 0.8%. Growth stocks exceeded value stocks, with the Russell 3000 Growth Index up 2.8%. compared to the Russell 3000 Value Index down 1.2%. Large capitalization stocks outperformed small capitalization stocks, with the S&P 500 Index up 0.3% compared with the Russell 2000 Index down 1.6%. The ISBI's U.S. equity portfolio was up 0.9% for the fiscal year, slightly above the Russell 3000 Index. The ISBI Board, through structure analysis, rebalancing, and risk management, has achieved the objective of tracking the market with predictable consistency. The ISBI's tenyear average annual return on U.S. equities of 9.8% shows that even considering the losses in prior years, the U.S. stock market has rewarded the long-term investor.

#### International Equities

Foreign markets succumbed to some of the anxieties besetting U.S. Equities. The Morgan Stanley All-Country Free ex US ("MS-AC Free ex US") Index was negative 4.2% for the fiscal year, about four percentage points below the U.S. return. The ISBI's international equity portfolio, down 7.5%, lagged the benchmark for the fiscal year. As with the U.S. equity portfolio, the ISBI Board has the twin objectives of limiting tracking error relative to the benchmark and adding value with active management.

#### **Fixed Income**

The ISBI fixed income portfolio had a positive return of 8.3% for the fiscal year compared to the Lehman U.S. Universal Bond Index which returned I I.5% for the year. During the fiscal year, the ISBI transitioned approximately two-thirds of the fixed income assets to three diversified external managers. The remaining internal portfolio was structured to be a risk-constrained investment grade portfolio. The ISBI Board believes that the new structure will minimize the negative surprises such as those experienced during fiscal year 2002, and result in more predictable fixed income returns.

#### Investment Section

U:S: EQUITIES    Year 3 Years 5 Years     SBI	
	T.E.



ትመን ነው ከተለያ መንቀም የመቀር ነው መንቀር መጀመር የመጀመር ተቀም አስፈተር ነው ነው ተመመር መመር መመር ነው ነው መመር መመር መመር መመር መመር መመር መመር መመር መመር	****
FIXED INCOME	
	144
	100
l Year 3 Years 5 Years	400
ISRI 83% 77% 61%	(K)
	11. 13
Lehman U.S. Univ. Bond Index 11.5 10.0 7.4	
Lennan G.S. Only, bond fluex 1, 1, 5	5

REALESTATE	
J. J	
₩ ¥Year 3Years 5Year	
ISBI 22% 68% 61	
NCREIF Real Estate Index 53 52 86 10.2	
MCREIF Real Estate Index きょうち2 8.6 10.2	

#### Real Estate

The ISBI's real estate portfolio earned 2.2%. NCREIF Real Estate Index, a measure of core, operating, non-leveraged real estate, earned 5.2%. Prior to fiscal year 2001, the ISBI Board's real estate policy was to seek higher return real estate opportunities while controlling for risk and investments focused on value-added or opportunistic strategies. However, over the last three years, the ISBI Board has increased the real estate strategic allocation from 5% to 8% of the total fund with the new allocation targeting 50% of its real estate to core, income producing real estate, with the balance in higher return strategies. The ISBI's current investments in real estate are represented by interests in limited partnerships, trusts, and other forms of pooled investments.

#### **Alternative Investments**

Overall, the ISBI's alternative investments portfolio lost 4.9% for the fiscal year. The alternative investments portfolio consists of interests in limited partnerships and other commingled vehicles that invest in venture capital, management buyouts, and other private placement activities. In spite of the setbacks of the last few years, long-term results show that alternative investments remain the best performing asset class for the ten-year period ended June 30, 2003.

#### **Management Expenses**

Total ISBI expenses for fiscal year 2003 were \$16.8 million, compared to \$18.6 million for fiscal year 2002. The resulting expense ratio (expenses divided by average net assets) was 0.23% in fiscal year 2003 and fiscal year 2002.

#### **INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO SUMMARY**

estments, at fair value J.S. Government and Agency Obligations	\$ \$862,128,328	11.05%	\$ 1,057,628,472	13:34
oreign Obligations	181,133,769	2.32	84,261,722	1.06
Corporate Obligations	695,789,042	-/", <b>8</b> .92	807,243,888	10.18
Convertible Bonds	861,871	÷ 0.01	159,060	0.00
Common Stock & Equity Funds	3,772,803,315	48.36	3,573,004,993	45.08
Convertible Preferred Stock	4,263	0.00	75,520	0.00
referred Stock	4,402,445	- 0.06	8,051	.0.00
oreign Equity Securities	1,174,665,480	≟ 315.06 · □	1,231,600,202	15:53
leal Estate Funds	614,846,458	7.88	417,054,183	5.26
Alternative Investments	441,537,163	5.66	414,830,358	, 5.23
loney Market Instruments	283,727,618	3.64	345,095,683	4.35
orward Foreign Exchange Contracts	1701, 6 3 ((17,720)	<b>∮</b> 0.00 ∷	511,922	.0.01
	8,031,882,032	102.96	7,931,474,054	100.04
Other Assets, Less Liabilities	. (230,860,822),	્રાર્ક (2.96) ે.	(3,145,553) *	(.04
Vet Assets, at Fair Value	\$ 7,801,021,210 h	100.0%	\$ .7,928,328,501	100.0%

#### **ANALYSIS OF INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE(1)**

		2003.	-2002	200 l	2000	1999
Total Return* - Past 3 years	V. 42		(5,6,%			
Total Return* - Past 5 years				1,8%		
Total Return* - year by year		<b>₹0.3%</b>	(6.9)%	(7.1)%	11.8%	12.9%
Actuarial Assumed Rate of Return				8.0%		
Average Net Income Yield*		. 2.3%	2.4%	2.6%	2.4%	2.8%
Comparativ	e rates	of return	i on fixed in	ome securit	ies	
Total fixed income - ISBI		8.3%	5.5%	9.5%	4.0%	3.4%
Comparison index:						J 1 17 16 1
Lehman U.S. Universal Bond Index		ા I.5%ે ે	7:7%	10.8%	4.8%	2.7%
	<b>建物型</b>					1. 13 15 15
Con	nparativ	e rates o	f return on e	quities		
Domestic equities - ISBI		0.9%	(14.6)%	(10.3)%	10.3%	17.3%
Comparison index:					足 法民教祭	
- S&P 500		∞0.3%.∞	(18.0)%.	(14.8)%	7.2%	22.7%
		100				1. O. O. S.

<sup>(</sup>I) The Northern Trust Company, the ISBI's master custodian, provides performance rates of return by portfolio, portfolio aggregation and the respective indices in accordance with the Association for Investment Management and Research (AIMR) performance presentation standards.

<sup>\*</sup> Total return is the combined effect of income earned and market appreciation (depreciation). Average net income yield is the income earned for the year divided by the average market value of assets employed.

#### ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT INFORMATION

The following table shows a comparison of ISBI investment operations for fiscal years 2003 and 2002:

			Increase/(	9.
	2003	2002	Amount	Percentage
Balance at beginning of year,				
at fair value	\$332,424,596	\$ 372,637,630	\$ (40,213,034)	(10.8)%
Cash transferred from ISBI (net)	(14,500,000)	(15,500,000)	(000,000)	(6.5)
Net ISBI investment revenue:				
ISBI Commingled Fund income	7,732,632	9,226,184	<b>(1,493,552)</b>	(16.2)
Less ISBI Expenses	(686,884)	<u> </u>	- <u>(106,953)</u>	<u>(13.5)</u>
Net ISBI investment income	7,045,748		(1,386,599)	(16.4)
Net (depreciation) in				
fair value of ISBI investments	(7,429,253)	(33, [45,381)	25,716,128	77.6
Net ISBI investment (loss)	(383,505)	(24,713,034)	24,329,529	98.4
Balance at end of year, at fair value	\$317,541,091	\$ 332,424,596	\$ (14,883,505)	(4.5)%
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

In addition, interest on the average balance in the System's cash account in the State Treasury for FY 2003 was \$157,388 compared to \$219,154 during FY 2002.

# ACTUARIAL SECTION

## Actuary's Certification Letter

#### GOLDSTEIN & ASSOCIATES Actuaries and Consultants

29 SOUTH LOSALLE STREET CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60603 PHONE (312) 726-5877

SUITE 735

FAX (312) 726-4323

October 7, 2003

Board of Trustees and Executive Secretary Judges' Retirement System of Illinois 2101 South Veterans Parkway P.O. Box 19255 Springfield, Illinois 62794

#### **ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATION**

We have completed the annual actuarial valuation of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois as of June 30, 2003. The purpose of the valuation was to determine the financial condition and funding requirements of the retirement system.

There have been no changes in the benefit provisions of the system during the period between the date of the last actuarial valuation and the date of the current valuation.

Pursuant to the law governing the system, the actuary shall investigate the experience of the system at least once every five years and recommend, as a result of such investigation, the actuarial assumptions to be adopted. As the actuary, we have completed such an experience analysis for the five-year period 1996-2001. Based on this experience analysis, we recommended actuarial assumptions which were adopted by the system's board effective June 30, 2002 and which were used for the current valuation. We believe that, in the aggregate, the current actuarial assumptions relate reasonably to the past and anticipated experience of the system.

Section 5/18-131 of the Illinois Pension Code specifies the funding plan currently in effect for the system. The financing objective under this plan is to have the required State contributions sufficient to bring the total assets of the system up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities by the end of fiscal year 2045. For fiscal years 2011 through 2045, the required State contributions are to be a level percentage of payroll. For fiscal years 1996 through 2010, the State contribution shall be increased as a percentage of the applicable payroll in equal annual increments so that by fiscal year 2011, the State is contributing at the required rate.

Public Act 93-0002, effective April 7, 2003, authorized the sale of \$10 billion in General Obligation Bonds (GOB). On July 1, 2003, the Judges' Retirement System received \$141,955,483 from the GOB proceeds. Under changes made to the funding plan by Public Act 93-0002, the State contribution for each year shall not exceed:

- 1. The State contribution that would have been required had the GOB program not been in effect, reduced by
- 2. The total debt service for each year for the system's portion of the GOB proceeds.

## Actuary's Certification Letter

#### **GOLDSTEIN & ASSOCIATES**

Actuaries and Consultants

Based on the June 30, 2003 actuarial valuation, we have determined the required State contribution under this funding plan as modified by Public Act 93-0002 for fiscal year 2005. We have also estimated the required State contributions for future years.

The system's current funding plan does not meet the requirements for amortizing the unfunded liability provided under GASB Statement No. 25. In all other respects, the assumptions and methods used for funding purposes meet the parameters set for the disclosures presented in the financial section by GASB Statement No. 25.

The asset values used for the valuation were based on the audited asset information reported by the system. For purposes of the current valuation, the market value of the assets of the system, less the amount of liabilities, was used.

The actuarial liabilities have been valued on the basis of membership data, which is supplied by the administrative staff of the system and verified by the system's auditors. We have made additional tests to ensure its accuracy.

In our opinion, the information presented herein fairly presents the financial condition of the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois as of June 30, 2003. We prepared the accompanying Actuarial Cost Method and Summary of Major Actuarial Assumptions. The staff of the retirement system prepared the other supporting schedules in this section and the trend tables in the financial section, based on information contained in our actuarial reports.

Respectfully submitted

Sandor Goldstein, F.S.A.

Consulting Actuary

Carl J. Amedinghoff, A.S.A.

Actuary

#### **Actuarial Section**

#### INTRODUCTION

Annually, the System's actuarial consultants perform a valuation of the liabilities and reserves of the System in order to make a determination of the amount of contributions required from the state. These results are then certified to the Board.

The Board, in turn, has the duty of certifying an employer contribution amount, required to be paid to the System by the state during the succeeding fiscal year.

The employers' contribution amount, together with participants' contributions, income from investments and any other income received by the System, shall be sufficient to meet the cost of maintaining and administering the System on a funded basis in accordance with actuarial requirements, pursuant to Chapter 40, Section 5/18-131 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

In August, 1994, Senate Bill 533 was signed into law as Public Act 88-0593. This funding legislation, which became effective July 1, 1995, provides that:

- For fiscal years 2011 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045. In making these determinations, the required contribution shall be calculated each year as a level percentage of payroll over the years remaining to and including fiscal year 2045 and shall be determined under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method.
- For fiscal years 2003 through 2010, the contribution to the System, as a percentage of the payroll, shall be increased in equal annual increments so that by fiscal year 2010 the contribution rate is at the same level as the contribution rate for fiscal years 2011 through 2045.
- Beginning in fiscal year 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be the amount needed to maintain the total assets of the System at 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the System.

The amortization period required by the state's funding plan, as described above, does not meet the parameters of GASB Statement No. 25

Most importantly, the funding legislation also provides for the establishment of a continuing appropriation of the required employer contributions to the System. This has, in effect, removed the appropriation of these funds from the annual budgetary process.

Although long-term in nature, we believe that this legislation has been an extremely positive step forward which will ensure the long-term financial integrity of the state's retirement systems including the Judges' Retirement System.

For fiscal years 2003 and 2002, the System received the actuarially determined employer contributions in accordance with the state's funding plan described above.

#### ACTUARIAL COST METHOD AND SUMMARY OF MAJOR ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The System utilizes the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial liability is the actuarial present value or that portion of a participant's projected benefit that is attributable to service to date on the basis of future compensation projected to retirement. The normal cost represents the actuarial present value of the participant's projected benefit that is attributable to service in the current year, again based on future compensation projected to retirement.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in the unfunded actuarial liability of the System. However, for purposes of determining future employer contributions, the actuarial gains and losses are amortized in accordance with the funding plan established by Public Act 88-0593.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE ACTUARIAL ASSUMP-TIONS UTILIZED FOR FISCAL YEARS 2003 AND 2002

Dates of Adoption: The Projected Unit Credit Normal Cost Method was adopted June 30, 1987; all other assumptions were adopted June 30, 2002.

Mortality Rates: Active and retired members: The UP-1994 Mortality Table for Males, rated down I year. Spouses: The UP-1994 Mortality Table for Females, rated down two years.

Salary Increase: A salary increase assumption of 5.5% per year (consisting of a general increase component of 4.5% per year, 4.0% of which is attributable to inflation, and a seniority/merit component of 1.0% per year), compounded annually, was used. In determining total covered payroll, the size of the active group is assumed to remain constant.

Interest Rate: An interest rate assumption of 8.0% per year (consisting of an inflation component of 4.0% per year and a real rate of return component of 4.0% per year), compounded annually, was used.

Marital Status: It was assumed that 75% of active participants will be married at the time of retirement.

**Spouse's Age:** The age of the spouse was assumed to be 4 years younger than the age of the participant.

# SUMMARY OF AND CHANGES TO THE PLAN PROVISIONS

Please refer to the Plan Summary and Legislative Section for a summary of the plan provisions and legislative amendments that were evaluated and considered by the actuary during the valuation process.

#### **Actuarial Section**

**Termination Rates:** Termination rates based on the recent experience of the System were used. The following is a sample of the termination rates that were used:

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	andover	.000		
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**Disability Rates:** Disability rates based on the recent experience of the System as well as on published disability rate tables were used. The following is a sample of the disability rates that were used:

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	100 Page 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		carria contra	N 3-3-4-	A CONTRACTOR	

**Retirement Rates:** Rates of retirement for each age from 55 to 80 based on the recent experience of the System were used. The following are samples of the rates of retirement that were used:

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The state of the s	Marine concern a first more among the more present.

The above retirement rates are equivalent to an average retirement age of approximately 65.

## **Actuarial Section**

# SHORT-TERM SOLVENCY TEST

A short-term solvency test is one means of checking a system's progress under its funding program. In a short-term solvency test, the plan's present assets (primarily cash and investments) are compared with: I) active and inactive participant contributions on deposit; 2) the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives; and 3) the liabili-

ties for service already rendered by active and inactive participants. In a system that has been following level percent of payroll financing, the liabilities for service already rendered by active and inactive participants (liability 3) should be partially covered by the remainder of present assets. If the system continues using level cost financing, the funded portion of liability 3 will increase over time, although it is very rare for a system to have its liability 3 fully funded.

#### **COMPUTED ACTUARIAL VALUES**

Fiscal	(I) Active and Inactive Participant	(2) Retirement andSurvivor	(3) Active and Inactive Participant (Employer	Net Assets Available		ercentage of Accrued Liabilities overed By Real Asset	
Year.	Contributions	Annuitants	Financed Portion)	for Benefits*	(1)	(2)	(3)
1994	\$74,318,731	\$256,978,525	\$147,832,248	\$207,837,018	100.0%	52.0%	0.0%
1995	79,012,691	279,270,677	. 165,402,263	214 104 027	-0.001	48.4	₹0.0
1996	82,428,000	31,3,546,389	181,817.867	- 277,098,999	1 E 100.0 cm	62.1	y ≨0:0 :
1997	87,394,372	380,997,371	236,068,313	314;561;229	- 2,000.0	59.6	. 0.0
1998	94,222,326	399,116,802	253,936,402	-,356,692,936		65.8	0.0
999 🕝	· 100,902,055	422,297,709	282,387,477	9 889 76 P923	- 0.001⊪ ∻	. 48:4 <b>.</b> €	<b>40.0</b>
2000	106,785,540	453,439,227	310,928,651	422,933,720	100.0	69.7	0.0
2001	1.10,566,634	510,326,061	316,198,818	<b>₹381,733,58</b> 1,#\$,		., <b>53.</b> Î	∌ 0.0 €
2002	1 16,81 1,581	555,922,720	3481112,472	343,659,294	- 100.0°	40.8	0.0
003". *	121,873,715	607,038,789	347/319,461	f: 330,053;560	100.0	34.3	°0.0
<b>基本</b> 型	T. 16.5.12-2.11	* Net assets	are reported at fair va	ue for fiscal years affe	1995		

#### **VALUATION RESULTS**

uarial Liability:	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002
For Active Participants:		
Basic retirement annuity	\$ 295,01,1,344	\$ 292,395,702
Annual increase in retirement annuity	93,330,561	92,337,761
Pre-retirement survivors annuity	27,460,812	27,512,324
Post-retirement survivors annuity	35,900,380	35,683,659
Withdrawal benefits	5,836,357	6,069,240
Disability benefits	2,104,179	2,265,778
Total	459,643,633	456,264,464
For Participants Receiving Benefits:		
Retirement annuities	497,243,301	448,870,693
Survivorannuities	109.795.488	107,052,027
Total	607,038,789	555,922,720
For Inactive Participants	9.549.543	8,659,589
Total Actuarial Liability	1,076,231,965	1,020,846,773
Net Assets, Fair Value	330.053,560	343,659,294
Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$.746,178,405	\$ 677,187,479

# SUMMARY OF ACCRUED AND UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITIES (Analysis of Funding)

**Actuarial Section** 

In an inflationary economy, the value of the dollar decreases. This environment results in employees' pay and retirement benefits increasing in dollar amounts resulting in unfunded accrued liabilities which increase in dollar amounts, all at a time when the actual substance of these items may be decreasing. Looking at just the dollar amounts of unfunded accrued liabilities can be misleading. The

ratio of the unfunded accrued liabilities to active employee payroll provides an index which clarifies understanding. The smaller the ratio of unfunded liabilities to active participant payroll, the stronger the system. Observation of this relative index over a period of years will give an indication of whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker.

	(Total	aria Aria	Net Assets as	Total Unfunded	Ánnual	Unfunded Actuarial Liability
Fiscal 🤚	Actuarial 🖟 🖟 🕆	🐼 🤯 Net 🦠	a % of Actuarial	Actuarial 🦂 🐇	🦸 Covered 🖟	as a % of Annual
Year	Liability	Assets*	Liability	Liability	Payroll 🐉 🖟	Covered Payroll
1994	\$ 479,129,504	\$207,837,018	43.4%	*\$ 271,292, <del>4</del> 86	\$ 470,997,000	382.1%
1995	523,685;6317	214,104,027	40.9%	309,581,604	75,314,000	411.1%
1996	577,792,256	277,098,999	48.0%	300,693,257	75,996,000	395.7%
1997	704,460,056	314,561,229	44.7%	389,898,827	87,171,000	12 01-447.3%
1998	747,275,530	356,692,936	47:7%	* 390,582,594	94,626,000	412.8%
1999	- 805:587,24 k j/s	389,761,923	48.4%	415,825,318	99,200,000	419.2%
2000	871/153,418	422,933,720	48.5%	448,219,698	104,000,000	£ 5 43 k0%
2001	937:091,513	381,733,581	40.7%	555,357,932	109.900.000	36 305.3%
2002	1:020.8467773	. 343,659,294	33.7%	677,187,479	118,700,000	570.5%
2003	1,076,231,965,+	330,053,560	30.7%	746,178,405		₩ 602.2%
* Net o	ssets are reported at fair	value for fiscal years	äfter 1995. For all	other fiscal years, net a	ssets are reported at	cost (book value).

# SCHEDULE OF RETIRANTS AND SURVIVORS' ANNUITANTS ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM ROLLS

Fiscal-		Annu	itants			Surv	(iyons 👢	414.62	
Year	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending :	Beginning	Addition	s Deletion	s Ending	Total
1994	394.	25	20	399	273 💸	15	14	2743ca	673
1995	⇒ \_399;/~	34,4j0£.	25	415.27	274	<sup>ा</sup> ं ।6	**********	273	√".688*
1996	4J5	155y	26	444	273	<b>2</b> 1	. 419	275	†≥ 719
1997.	444.	<b>学 346</b> 点。	±30	460	. 1 275	. 18	7.0	286	746
1998:	; 460 ÷	27.2	Ş# <sub>0</sub> . 27 √	460	. 286 ⇔	<b>26</b>	15 ::	297	757
1999	460	. , .35	24	,471	297	23	. 19	730L	772
2000	471	37.2°	32	476	301	- 24	17-3	308	784
2001	476	e 🚅 6 <b>2</b> 🔮	32	506	ું ે 308∗ે ∶	25	(1 <b>7</b> , 17, 12, 17, 12, 17, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12	્યુ-316 🕌 🔾	822
2002	506	43	32	517	- 316	24	. 19	>32 <b>1</b> 。	838
2003	517	, <b>551</b>	. 29	539	32 <b>1</b>	. 19	15	。325 。	864

# **Actuarial Section**

#### SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

		Activ	e Members	The state of the s
Valuation Date		Annual	Annual	% Increase
June 30	Number	Payroll	Average Pay	In Average Pay
1994	836	\$ 70,997,000	\$ 84,925	3.5%
[995 · 1]	<b></b>	75,3[4,000	86,073	: (a)
1996	866	75,996,000	🍻 🦠 87,755	2.0%
1997	881	-87, <b>1</b> 71,000	98,946	12.8%
1998	898	94,626,000	105,374	6.5%
1999	895	99,200,000	110,838	5.2%
2000	908	104,000,000	114,537	3.3%
2001	910	109,900,000	120,769	5.4%
2002	909	1.18,700,000	130,583	81%
2003	920	123,900,000	134,674	3.1%

#### **RECONCILIATION OF UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL LIABILITY**

FY 2003	FY-2002
\$ 677;187;4792. %	\$ 555,357,932
80,733,349	69,702,792
31,440,103	27,532,000
49-201-246	42,470,79 <u>2</u> -
27,183,676	54,489,350
(26,392,926)	(11,821,953)
	28,381,924
18,906,930	8,609,434
19.697.630	79,650,755
68,990,926	[24.829,547]
\$ 746;   78,405	\$ 677,187,479
	\$ 677; 187; 479 80,733; 349; 31,440; 103 49,753; 244 27,183; 676; (26,392,926); 18,906,930 19,697,680 638990,926

# STATISTICAL SECTION

#### **ASSET BALANCES**

	Fiscal Year				Fixed Assets	
	Ended June 30	Cash	Receivables	Investments*	Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Total
	1994	\$ 5,967,371	\$ 217,006	\$ 201,873,106	\$ 18,434	\$ 208,075,917
91952.	1995	5,514,304	778,587	208,585,962	14,298	2(4,293,15)
	. 1996 - ⊤	4,267,254	1,114,097	271,897,778	8,237	277,287,366
	ं1997 ≔⊸	÷= 6,616,999 ∴ ∵	±163,694	307,923,426	14,018	3.0-3.14,7 <u>18,137</u> 2-01
	1998	<b>6,867,811</b>		349,612,772	10,281	356,818,296
	ે ા999 - ે	7,279,856	291,173	382,235,852	8,784	389,815,665;
	2000	7,752,714( 3**	476,829	414,758,248	6,739	422,994,530
	2001	8,529,516	613,324	<b>372,637,630</b>	🧲 🚉 <b>4,</b> 306 📜 🦂	381,784,776
	. 2002 🔆 👸	6,593,476	4,7(8,760	332,424,596	3,131	343,739,963
	2003	· , 37,324,152 🐈	5,362,571	317,541,091	2,306	330,230,120
	was a war was a war was a war was a war war war war war war war war war w		<b>有数据的第三人称单数</b>	排除的 网络西斯特的 经担保费	AET 1. 1 李融 2 14 7 16	

<sup>\*</sup> Investments are reported at fair value after fiscal year 1995. For all other fiscal years investments are reported at cost (book value):

#### LIABILITIES AND RESERVE BALANCES

Fiscal Year Ended	Total a	Reserve for Participant	Reserve for	Total	
June 30 🗼	Liabilities	Contributions	Future Operations*	Reserves	Total
1994 1995	\$ 4238,899 \$189,124	\$ \$743  873   79.012.69	\$ 133,518,287 2135,091,336	\$ 207,837,018 214,104,027	\$ 208,075,917 21/4293,151
1996	. : 188,367	82,428,000	194,670,999	277,098,999	102777,287,366
1997 - 1 1998 - 1	125.360°	் 2187,394,372 1894,222,326	227,166,857 262,470,610	314,561,229 356,692,936	014;7(18)  37 
1999	53,742	100,902,055	288,859,8684	389,761,923	389,815,665
2000 // 2001	51:195	106,785,540 110,566,634	29   6,   48;   80 27   1,   66, 947	422,933,720 381,733,58[	422)994530* 381,784,776
2002	80,669	PI16,81.1,581	226,847,713	343,659,294	343,739,963
2003	176,560	12 [873.715]	208,179,845	330,053,560	./: .330;230;  20

<sup>\*</sup> The Reserve for Future Operations reflects investments reported at fair value after fiscal year 1995: For all other fiscal years, the Reserve for Future Operations reflects investments reported at cost (book value).

#### REVENUES BY SOURCE

iscal Year	70、10、10、10、10、10、10、10、10、10、10、10、10、10	- Em	ployer Contribut	ions	Net	
Ended	Participant	State of ⊕	Other		Investment	
June 30	Contributions	i illinois 🧷 🗀	Sources	Total	Revenue/(Loss)*	Total
1994	\$ 7,822,346	\$ 10,766,000	\$	\$ 10,766,000	\$ 17,424,885	\$ 36,013,231
1995	8,942,657	10,806,000	345,577	11,151,577	16,000,529	436,09 <del>4</del> ,763
. 1996	9,785,891	12,129,000		12,129,000	39,756,049	61,670,940
1997	10,497,121	13,747,000	36,328	13,783,328	49,818,838	74,099,287
1998	10,832,669	15,664,000	28,152	15,692,152	55,141,638	81,666,459
1999	11,270,131	18,688,816		18,688,816	44,613,324	74,572,271
2000	12,005,415	. € 21,388,000 · ·	23,577	21,411,577	44,848,449	78,265,441
2001	12,291,097	24,218,000	130,926	24,348,926	(28,464,876)	8,175,147
2002	12,487,303	27,532,000		27,532,000	(24,493,880)	15,525,423
2003	12,904,997	31,373,000	67,103	31,440,103	(226,117)	44,118,983

<sup>\*</sup> The Net Investment Revenuel (Loss) includes both realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments after fiscal year 1995. For all other fiscal years, the Net Investment Revenuel (Loss) includes only realized gains and losses on investments.

#### **EXPENSES BY TYPE**

Fiscal Year				
Ended June 30	Benefits	Refunds of Contributions	Administrative Expenses	Total
[994 <b>\$</b>	27,234,879	\$ 332,930	\$ 288,168	\$ 27,855,977
<b>1995</b>	29,177,626	347,7(1	302,417	29,827,754
1996	33,096,800	503,455	305,752.	33,906,007
1997	36,071,563	249,081	ा <b>े (316,413</b> ः)	36,637,057
1998	38,632,724	568,419	333,609	39,534,752
1999	40,851,598	296,143	355,543	41,503,284
2000	44,218,748	498 183	19 376,7I3 🖟 E	45,093,644
2001	48,330,822	€ 633,610 E E	410,854	49,375,286
2002	52,822,314	353,163	424,233	53,599,710
2003	56,714,562	582,469	427,686	57,724,717

#### **BENEFIT EXPENSES BY TYPE**

Fiscal Year				
Ended	Retireme	<b>和</b> 自己是一种的一种,但是一种一种的一种。	Survivors	
June 30	Annuitie	erica acceptates the	Annuities	Total
1994	\$ 21,206	02 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	· [6,028,7777]	27,234,879 中侧线的
	22.70	ASSESSMENT AND THE STATE OF THE	6,476,027	29,177,626
1996	26,862		6,910,470	33,096,800
997	28,369,2		\$ 7,702.314\;\text{3.14}	36,071,563
998	30   30%	Market Charles and Charles and Charles	8,502,107	38,632,724
	31,553, 34,078,	<b>国际行为。据《李山</b> 心》第55日第45日了久上	_9298,173 _10,140,631,	40,851,598 44,218,748
2001	37.509.6		40.821:137	48.330.822
2002	41:145:0		11.677.218	52.822.314
2003	44.507.0	YER YOU YOU GAN GAN COUNTY OF COMPLETE ON THE	2.207.505	56.714.562
		L		

#### NUMBER OF RECURRING BENEFIT PAYMENTS

Retirement Survivors	
On June 30 Annuities Annuities To	tal
1994 399 274 6	73 -
그 아니까 사람이 있다면 그 사람들은 아니는 아니는 아니라 아니라 아니는	38
. 1996 444 275 7 1997 460 286 77	19 46
	19 57
1999 471 301 E7	1000 Table 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2000 476 308 77 2001 506 316 8	Control of the later of the lat
2001 506 516 8	\$564 S 318. a
2003 539 325	4

#### NUMBER ON ACTIVE PAYROLLS

Supre Cour On June 30 Justic	t Court	Circuit Court Judges	The state of the s	Admin Office of Courts	Total
E 1994 7 1995 7	36 	794 825	. 19 15		856 889
: 1996 年 7 (学) 1997 - 7 (学) 1998 - 7 (学) 1998 - 7	39. 41 41	819 832 852	18 13 18		87.9 89.3 91.3
		855 854 857	85. [1] 8	(4) - 2 x , 4 ± .	910 913 914
2002 <u>7</u> 2003 <del>7</del>	142 142	855 862	. 12		913 = 923





# RETIREMENT ANNUITANTS STATISTICS AND AVERAGE MONTHLY BENEFITS

At Retirement		
		Average Current
Length of	Current	Monthly
Service *	- Age	Benefit
16.9	73.4	\$4,468
Control of the Contro		4,736
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,004 5,273
17.5	73.5	5,537
# 16.6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	73.6	5,735
17.4	73.4	6,043
	<ul><li>少于企业公司的公司、企業企業及及其他公司、公司、公司、公司、公司、公司、公司、公司、公司、公司、公司、公司、公司、公</li></ul>	6,431 6,723
l7.8	72.4	7,107
	Service *   16.9     16.9     17.2     17.5     16.6     17.4     17.5     17.5     17.5     17.5	Average Length of Current Service * Age    6.9

#### **NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS**

At June 30 Active In	active Total
	n 3 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1994	41
1995	37
1996	35 901 1
。	59 (2.5)
1998	52 950 2
1999	56 95[
2000	43 951
2001	39 949
2002 909	35 944
2003	42 962

#### **TERMINATION REFUNDS**

Ended Jun	ie 30	Number	Amount
1994		2	\$ 58,106
1995		4	119,964
1996		2	106,020
1997		3	55,033
1998		. 3	80,534
1999		2	15,953
2000		5	138,915
2001		4	124,913
2002		0	
2003	各連種の最	2	57,588

	Α	nnu	itan	ts b	у В	ene	fit R	ange
٠,	Ė		"(M	ont	hly	)	ating :	
:	1			ne 3			11 1 11	5-1-

Benefit		Cumulative		Cumulative
Range	Total	Total	Total	% of Total
\$ 1-500	1		0.2	0.2
501-1000	9	lO .	1.7	1.9
1001-1500	7	17	ી.3 ે	3.2
1501-2000	6	.23	$[1.1]_{\odot}$	4.3
2001-2500	. 12	35	2.2	6.5
2501-3000	::15	50	2.8	9.3
3001-3500	12-	. 62	2.2	11.5
3501-4000	15	77	2.8	14.3
4001-4500	10	87	1.9	16.2
4501-5000	15.	102	2.8	19.0
5001-5500	21	123	3.9	22.9
5501-6000	31	154	5.8	28.7
6001-6500	33`	187	6.1	34.8
6501-7000	31	218	5.8	40.6
7001-7500	36*	254	6:7	47.3
7501-8000	39	293	7.2	54.5
8001-8500	53	346	9.8	64.3
8501-9000	49	395	9.1	. 73.4
9001-9500	62	457	11.5	84.9
9501-10000	60	517	[].1	96.0
over 10000	22	539	4.0	100.0

# Survivors by Benefit Range (Monthly) on June 30, 2003 Benefit Cumulative % of Cumula

Benefit Range	Total	Cumulative	% of Total	"Cumulative % of Total	
1.1 5 100				. 15.	٠.,
\$ 1-500	21	- 2l	6.5	6.5	2
501-1000	30	<b></b>	9.2	15.7	
1001-1500	22:	73	6.8	22.5	i.
1501-2000	25	98.	7.7	30.2	ä.
2001-2500	23	121	7.1	37.3	4
2501-3000	30	151	9.2	46.5	
3001-3500	23	174	. 7.Г.	53:6	1
3501-4000	21	195	6.5	60.I	
4001-4500	32	227	9.8	69.9	Ĵ.
4501-5000	34	261	10.5	80.4	į.
5001-5500	27	288	8.3	88.7	· .
5501-6000	20.	308	61	94.8	₹°-
6001-6500	14	322	4.3	99.[	3
6501-7000	2	324	6.	99.7	ij.
7001-7500	0	324	0	99.7	Ж,
7501-8000	1	325	0.3	100.0	
		g-1 4 A 4 4			
				No. of the Control	
			a 1 20	the second second second	

# PLAN SUMMARY & LEGISLATIVE SECTION

## Plan Summary

## **SUMMARY OF RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN**

(As of June 30, 2003)

#### I. PURPOSE

The purpose of the System is to establish an efficient method of permitting retirement, without hardship or prejudice, of judges who are aged or otherwise incapacitated, by enabling them to accumulate reserves for themselves and their dependents for old age, disability, death and termination of employment.

#### 2. ADMINISTRATION

Responsibility for the operation of the System and the direction of its policies is vested in a Board of Trustees consisting of five members. The administration of the detailed affairs of the System is the responsibility of the Executive Secretary who is appointed by the Board of Trustees.

Administrative policies and procedures are designed to ensure an accurate accounting of funds of the System and prompt payment of claims for benefits within the applicable statute.

# 3. EMPLOYEE MEMBERSHIP

All persons elected or appointed as a judge or associate judge of a Court become members of the System unless they file an election not to participate within 30 days of the date they are notified of this option.

# 4. PARTICIPANT CONTRIBUTIONS

Participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as their share of meeting the various benefits at the rates shown below:

Retirement Annuity	7.5%
Automatic Annual Increase	1.0%
Survivors' Annuity	2.5%
Total	11.0%

A judge who elects not to participate in the survivors' annuity benefit is not required to make contributions for the survivors' annuity benefit in which case the total participant contribution rate is 8 1/2% of salary. Contributions for survivors' annuity are not required to qualify an eligible child for a child's annuity.

Participants who are eligible to receive the maximum rate of annuity may irrevocably elect to discontinue contributions and have their benefits "frozen" based upon the applicable salary in effect immediately prior to the effective date of such election.

Participants who have attained age 60 and are eligible to receive the maximum rate of annuity and have not elected to discontinue contributing to the System may irrevocably elect to have their contributions based only on the salary increases received on or after the effective date of such election rather than on the total salary received.

# 5. RETIREMENT ANNUITY

#### A. Qualification of Participant

Upon termination of service, a judge is eligible for an unreduced retirement annuity at:

- . Age 60 with at least 10 years of credit
- 2. Age 62 with at least 6 years of credit
- 3. Age 55 with at least 26 years of credit

The retirement annuity of a judge who retires between the ages of 55 and 60 with at least 10 years of credit shall be reduced 1/2 of 1% for each month the judge's age is under age 60.

However, for a judge who retires on or after December 10, 1999, the percentage reduction in retirement annuity shall be reduced by 5/12 of 1% for every month of service in the System in excess of 20 years.

#### B. Amount of Annuity

The retirement annuity is determined according to the following formula based upon the applicable salary:

- 3.5% for each of the first 10 years of credit
- 5.0% for each year of credit above 10 years

The maximum annuity is 85% of final salary on the last day of employment as a judge or for any judge terminating service after July 14, 1995, the highest salary received as a judge for at least 4 consecutive years, whichever is greater, after 20 years of service.

# C. Annual Increases in Retirement Annuity

Post retirement increases of 3% of the current amount of annuity are granted to participants effective in January of the year next following the first anniversary of retirement and in January of each year thereafter.

#### D. Suspension of Retirement Annuity

The retirement annuity to any judge shall be suspended:

- 1. When the annuitant is employed for compensation by the State of Illinois as a judge, or
- 2. When the annuitant is employed for compensation by the State of Illinois in a permanent position or, after 75 working days in any calendar year in which the annuitant is employed for compensation by the State of Illinois in a temporary position other than a judge.

If the provisions of the Retirement Systems' Reciprocal Act are elected at retirement, any employment which would result in the suspension of benefits under any of the retirement systems being considered would also cause the annuity payment by the Judges' Retirement System to be suspended.

#### 6. SURVIVORS'ANNUITY

## Plan Summary

#### A. Qualification of Survivor

If death occurs while in service as a judge, the judge must have established 1 1/2 years of credit. If death occurs after termination of service and prior to receipt of retirement annuity, the participant must have established at least 10 years of credit.

An eligible spouse, who has been married to the participant or annuitant for a continuous period of at least one year immediately preceding the date of death, qualifies at age 50, or at any age if there is in the care of the spouse any unmarried children of the member under age 18, over age 18 if mentally or physically disabled, or under age 22 and a full-time student. Eligible surviving children would be entitled to benefits even though the participant did not contribute for the survivors' annuity benefit.

#### B. Amount of Payment

If the participant's death occurs while in service, and assuming all payments have been made for full survivors' annuity credit, the surviving spouse would be eligible to 7 1/2% of salary or 66 2/3% of earned retirement annuity, whichever is greater. Eligible children of the participant would receive 5% of salary for each child with a maximum for all children of 20% of salary or 66 2/3% of earned retirement annuity, whichever is greater, regardless of whether full credit had been established for the survivors' annuity benefit.

If the participant's death occurs after termination of service or retirement, and assuming all payments have been made for full survivors' annuity credit, the surviving spouse would be eligible to 66 2/3% of earned retirement annuity. Eligible children would receive a survivors' annuity equal to the benefit of surviving children of a participant in service.

## Plan Summary

The benefit payment amount to a surviving spouse would be a prorated share of the full benefit amount noted above if the participant married or remarried after becoming a participant and elected to contribute for the survivors' annuity benefit prospectively from the date of marriage or remarriage.

#### C. Annual Increases in Survivors' Annuity

Increases of 3% of the current amount of annuity are granted to survivors in each January occurring on or after the commencement of the annuity if the deceased participant died while receiving a retirement annuity.

In the event of an active participant's death, increases of 3% of the current amount of annuity are granted to survivors effective in January of the year next following the first anniversary of the commencement of the annuity and in January of each year thereafter.

#### D. Duration of Payment

When all children, except for disabled children, are ineligible because of death, marriage or attainment of age 18 or age 22 in the case of a full-time student, the spouse's benefit is suspended if the spouse is under age 50 until attainment of such age.

#### 7. DEATH BENEFITS

The following lump sum death benefits are payable to the named beneficiaries or estate of the participant only if there are no eligible survivors' annuity beneficiaries surviving the deceased participant.

#### A. Before Retirement

If the participant's death occurs before retirement, a refund of total contributions in the participant's account.

#### B. After Retirement

If the participant's death occurs after retirement, a refund of the excess of contributions over annuity payments, if any. The following lump sum death benefit is payable to the named beneficiaries or estate of the survivor.

#### A. Death of Survivor Annuitant

Upon death of the survivor annuitant with no further survivors' annuity payable, a refund of excess contributions over total retirement and survivors' annuity payments, if any.

#### 8. DISABILITY BENEFIT

#### A. Permanent Total Disability

A participant who becomes totally and permanently disabled while serving as a judge with at least 10 years of credit is eligible for an unreduced retirement annuity regardless of age. If disability is service-connected, the annuity is subject to reduction by amounts received by a participant under the Workers' Compensation Act and the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act.

#### B. Temporary Total Disability

A participant with at least 2 years of service as a judge who becomes totally disabled and unable to perform the duties as a judge is entitled to a temporary disability benefit equal to 50% of salary payable during disability but not beyond the end of the term of office.

# 9. REFUND OF CONTRIBUTIONS

A participant who terminates service as a judge may obtain a refund of total contributions made to the System, without interest, provided the participant is not immediately eligible to receive a retirement annuity. By accepting a refund, a participant forfeits all accrued rights and benefits in the System for his or herself and beneficiaries.

An unmarried participant or a married participant who becomes unmarried, either before or after retirement, is entitled to a refund of contributions made for the survivors' annuity benefit.

# LEGISLATIVE AMENDMENTS

Legislative Section

Legislative amendments with an effective date during fiscal year 2003 having an impact on the System.

# House Bill 2660 (P.A. 93-0002, effective April 7,2003)

Authorizes the State to issue \$10 billion of general obligation bonds (GOB) for the purpose of making required contributions to the five state-funded retirement systems, including the Judges' Retirement System. The net GOB proceeds are to be allocated to each of the five state-funded retirement systems based on each system's relative percentage of the total unfunded liability at June 30, 2002.

Modifies the existing funding plan by stating that, beginning in fiscal year 2005, and continuing through the life of the GOB program, the required state contribution to each system shall not exceed the contribution which would have been required had the GOB program not been effected, reduced by the total debt service for that year, including principal and interest, for that system's portion of the GOB proceeds.

#### **NEW LEGISLATION**

There were no legislative amendments with an effective date subsequent to June 30, 2003 having an impact on the System.